Experiment No. 5

Aim: To implement First and Follow for given grammar

Code:

```
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
class fstnflw {
static char ntermnl[],termnl[];
static int ntlen.tlen:
static String grmr[][],fst[],flw[];
public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException {
String nt,t;
int i,j,n;
BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
System.out.println("Enter the non-terminals");
nt=br.readLine();
ntlen=nt.length();
ntermnl=new char[ntlen];
ntermnl=nt.toCharArray();
System.out.println("Enter the terminals");
t=br.readLine();
tlen=t.length();
termnl=new char[tlen];
termnl=t.toCharArray();
System.out.println("Specify the grammar(Enter 9 for epsilon production)");
grmr=new String[ntlen][];
for(i=0;i<ntlen;i++) {
System.out.println("Enter the number of productions for "+ntermnl[i]);
n=Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
grmr[i]=new String[n];
System.out.println("Enter the productions");
for(j=0;j< n;j++)
grmr[i][j]=br.readLine();
fst=new String[ntlen];
for(i=0;i<ntlen;i++)
fst[i]=first(i);
System.out.println("First Set");
for(i=0;i<ntlen;i++)
System.out.println(removeDuplicates(fst[i]));
flw=new String[ntlen];
for(i=0;i<ntlen;i++)
flw[i]=follow(i);
System.out.println("Follow Set");
for(i=0;i<ntlen;i++)
System.out.println(removeDuplicates(flw[i]));
static String first(int i) {
```

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int i,k,l=0, found=0;
String temp="",str="";
for(j=0;j<grmr[i].length;j++) //number of productions {
for(k=0;k<grmr[i][j].length();k++,found=0) //when nonterminal has epsilon production {
for(l=0;l<ntlen;l++) //finding nonterminal {
if(grmr[i][j].charAt(k)==ntermnl[1]) //for nonterminal in first set {
str=first(1);
if(!(str.length()==1 && str.charAt(0)=='9')) //when epsilon production is the only nonterminal production
temp=temp+str;
found=1;
break;
} }
if(found==1) {
if(str.contains("9")) //here epsilon will lead to next nonterminal's first set
continue:
else //if first set includes terminal
temp=temp+grmr[i][i].charAt(k);
break;
} }
return temp;
static String follow(int i) {
char pro[],chr[];
String temp="";
int j,k,l,m,n,found=0;
if(i==0)
temp="$";
for(j=0;j<ntlen;j++) {
for(k=0;k<grmr[j].length;k++) //entering grammar matrix {
pro=new char[grmr[i][k].length()];
pro=grmr[j][k].toCharArray();
for(l=0;lpro.length;l++) //entering each production {
if(pro[l]==ntermnl[i]) //finding the nonterminal whose follow set is to be found {
if(l==pro.length-1) //if it is the last terminal/non-terminal then follow of current non-terminal {
if(j \le i)
temp=temp+flw[i];
}
else {
for(m=0;m<ntlen;m++) {
if(pro[l+1]==ntermnl[m]) //first of next non-terminal otherwise (else later...) {
chr=new char[fst[m].length()];
chr=fst[m].toCharArray();
for(n=0;n<chr.length;n++) {
if(chr[n]=='9') //if first includes epsilon {
if(1+1==pro.length-1)
temp=temp+follow(j); //when non-terminal is second last
temp=temp+follow(m);
else
```

```
temp=temp+chr[n]; //include whole first set except epsilon
found=1;
} }
if(found!=1)
temp=temp+pro[l+1]; //follow set will include terminal(else is here)
} } } }
return temp;
static String removeDuplicates(String str) {
int i;
char ch;
boolean seen[] = new boolean[256];
StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder(seen.length);
for(i=0;i<str.length();i++) {
ch=str.charAt(i);
if (!seen[ch]) {
seen[ch] = true;
sb.append(ch);
} }
return sb.toString();
} }
OUTPUT:
Enter the non-terminals
EATBF
Enter the terminals
Specify the grammar(Enter 9 for epsilon production)
Enter the number of productions for E:1
Enter the productions: TA
Enter the number of productions for A: 2
Enter the productions: +TA
Enter the number of productions for T: 1
Enter the productions: FB
Enter the number of productions for B: 2
Enter the productions: *FB
Enter the number of productions for F: 2
Enter the productions: (E) id
First Set
(i
+9
(i
*e
(i
Follow Set
$)
$)
+$)
+$)
*e
```