Lead Score Assignment Summary

- Logistic Regression model building is implemented to maximize the lead conversion probability
- <u>Data sanity</u> Missing values are imputed as mode (in case of few categorical variable), as mean (in case of few numerical variables) and as 98% in case of few outliers.
- <u>Categorical variables</u>: Categorical variables are created using 'get_dummies' (i.e. k-1 variables for k types of values for a particular categorical variable)
- Yes/No variables: Yes- no type of categorical varaibles are replaced with 0 and 1
- Scaling numerical variables: Numerical variables are scaled using standard scaler
- <u>Building mode</u>: Once, no missing values and outliers are present, dummy variables are created, we build a logistic regression binomial model for predicting the conversion probability
- RFE method : RFE method is used with 25 varaibles to start with
- Statistical significance and Collinearity: Variables with p values above 0.05 are removed one at a time (statistical significance). VIF score is also checked and variables with VIF above 5 are removed one at a time (for collinearity)
- Probability threshold for conversion Model is assessed with conversion threshold of 0.5.
- ROC curve: ROC curve is plotted at optimal value comes out to be 0.4
- Updated Probability threshold for conversion as 0.4 Updated parameters with p value as 0.4
- Evaluation of model on training set Accuracy = 92%, Sensitivity =91.8%, Specificity=92% Positive predicte rate = 87%, Negative predictive value =94.8%
- Precision = 90.6%, Recall = 86.28%
- Evaluation of model on test set : Values on Test Set
 - Accuracy = 91.59%
 - Sensitivity = 92.6%
 - Specificity = 90.9%
- <u>Conclusion</u>: Top 3 variables which should be focussed upon for maximising the probability of conversion
 - Tags_Lost to EINS
 - Tags_Closed by Horizzon
 - o Tags Will revert after reading the email