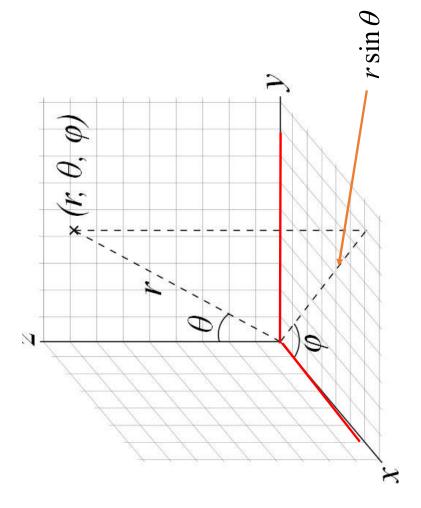
## Spherical Co-ordinate



$$0 \le r \le \infty$$

$$0 \le \theta \le \pi$$

$$0 \le \varphi \le 2\pi$$

 $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$ 

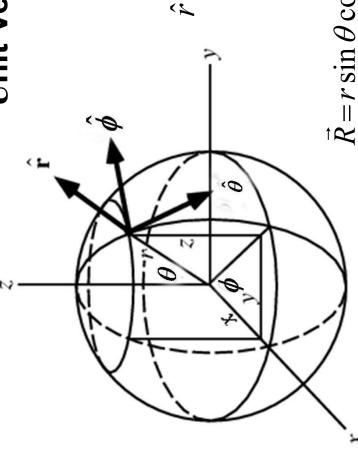
$$x = r \sin \theta \cos \phi$$

$$y = r \sin \theta \sin \phi$$

$$z = r \cos \theta$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{r}\right) = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z}}\right)$$
$$\varphi = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$$

## **Unit Vectors**



$$\vec{R} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial r} \qquad \frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial \theta} \qquad \frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial \theta}$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial r} \qquad \hat{\theta} = \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \theta} \qquad \hat{\theta} = \frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial \theta}$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial r} \qquad \hat{\theta} = \frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial \theta} \qquad \hat{\theta} = \frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial \theta}$$

$$\vec{R} = r \sin \theta \cos \phi \,\hat{i} + r \sin \theta \sin \phi \,\hat{j} + r \cos \theta \hat{k}$$

 $|\theta \theta|$ 

$$\hat{r} = \sin \theta \cos \varphi \hat{i} + \sin \theta \sin \phi \hat{j} + \cos \theta \hat{k}$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \cos \theta \cos \varphi \hat{i} + \cos \theta \sin \phi \hat{j} - \sin \theta \hat{k}$$

$$\hat{\phi} = -\sin \phi \hat{i} + \cos \phi \hat{j}$$

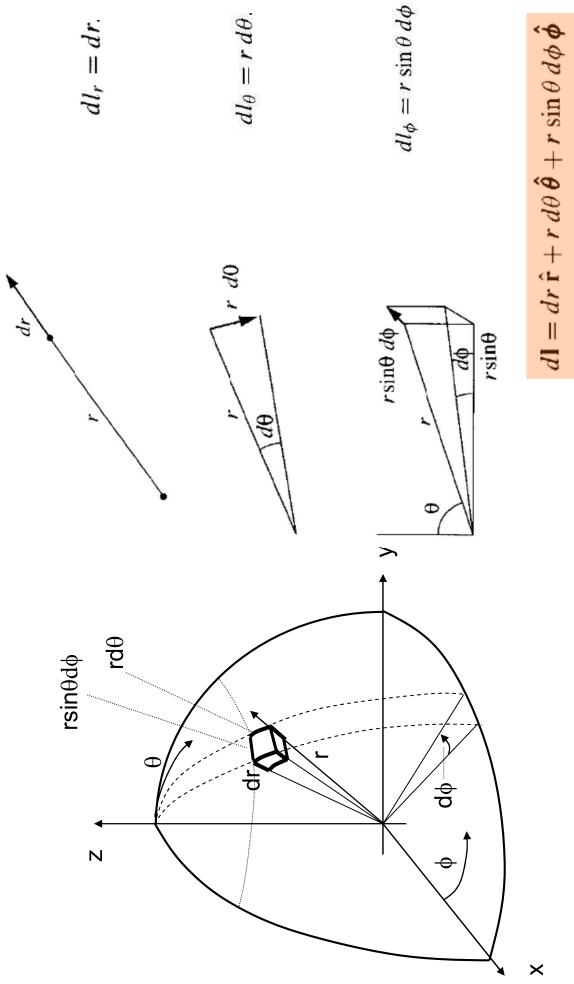
$$\vec{A} = a_x \hat{x} + a_y \hat{y} + a_z \hat{z}$$

$$\vec{A} = a_r \hat{r} + a_\theta \hat{\theta} + a_\phi \hat{\phi}$$

 $a_x = a_r \sin \theta \cos \phi + a_\theta \cos \theta \cos \phi - a_\phi \sin \phi$   $a_y = a_r \sin \theta \sin \phi + a_\theta \cos \theta \sin \phi + a_\phi \cos \phi$  $a_z = a_r \cos \theta - a_\theta \sin \theta$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_x \\ a_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sin \theta \cos \phi & \cos \theta \cos \phi & -\sin \phi \\ \sin \theta \sin \phi & \cos \theta \sin \phi & \cos \phi \\ \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_\theta \\ a_\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

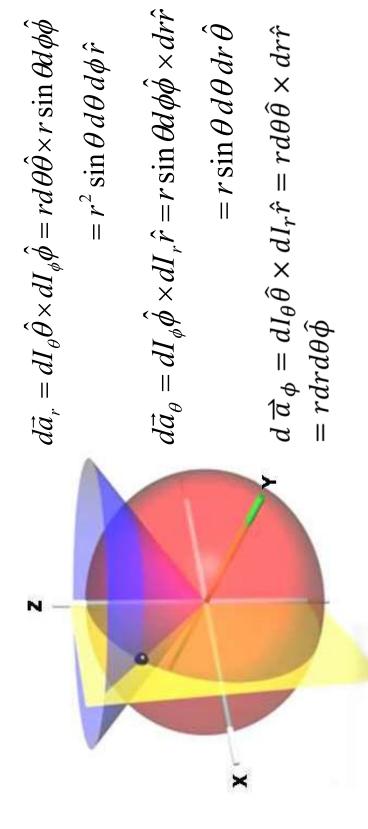
 $\begin{vmatrix} a_r \\ a_\theta \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} \sin \theta \cos \phi & \cos \theta \sin \phi \\ \cos \theta \cos \phi & \cos \theta \sin \phi \end{vmatrix} - \sin \theta \begin{vmatrix} a_r \\ a_z \end{vmatrix}$  $\sin \theta \sin \phi \quad \cos \theta \parallel a_x$  $\begin{bmatrix} a_r \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} \sin \theta \cos \phi \end{bmatrix}$  $\begin{bmatrix} a_{\phi} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -\sin \phi \end{bmatrix}$ 



## The infinitesimal volume element $d\tau$

$$d\tau = dl_r dl_\theta dl_\phi = r^2 \sin\theta \, dr \, d\theta \, d\phi$$

## The differential surface elements



$$\nabla T = \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \hat{\mathbf{r}} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \phi} \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{v} = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 v_r) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\sin \theta v_\theta) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_\phi}{\partial \phi}$$

$$7 \times \mathbf{v} = \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\sin \theta v_{\phi}) - \frac{\partial v_{\theta}}{\partial \phi} \right] \hat{\mathbf{r}} + \frac{1}{r} \left[ \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_{r}}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r v_{\phi}) \right] \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} + \frac{1}{r} \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r v_{\theta}) - \frac{\partial v_{r}}{\partial \theta} \right] \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}}.$$

$$\nabla^2 T = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^2 \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \sin \theta \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial \phi^2}$$

Question Check the divergence theorem.

$$\vec{V} = r\hat{r} + r\sin\theta\hat{\theta} + \hat{\phi}$$

Problem 1.53 Check the divergence theorem for the function

$$\mathbf{v} = r^2 \cos \theta \,\hat{\mathbf{r}} + r^2 \cos \phi \,\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} - r^2 \cos \theta \sin \phi \,\hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}},$$
$$dL \,\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} = r d\theta \,\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} \times r \sin \theta d\phi \,\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$$

$$d\vec{a}_r = dI_\theta \hat{\theta} \times dI_\phi \hat{\phi} = rd\theta \hat{\theta} \times r \sin\theta d\phi \hat{\phi}$$
$$= r^2 \sin\theta d\theta d\phi \hat{r}$$

$$d\vec{a}_{\theta} = dI_{\phi}\hat{\phi} \times dI_{r}\hat{r} = r \sin\theta d\phi \hat{\phi} \times dr\hat{r}$$
$$= r \sin\theta d\theta dr \hat{\theta}$$

$$\begin{split} d\; \overrightarrow{a}_{\phi} &= dI_{\theta} \widehat{\theta} \times dI_{r} \widehat{r} = r d\theta \widehat{\theta} \times dr \widehat{r} \\ &= r dr d\theta \widehat{\phi} \end{split}$$

Problem 1.58 Check the divergence theorem for the function

$$\mathbf{v} = r^2 \sin \theta \, \hat{\mathbf{r}} + 4r^2 \cos \theta \, \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} + r^2 \tan \theta \, \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}},$$

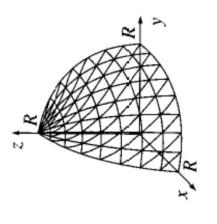


Figure 1.48

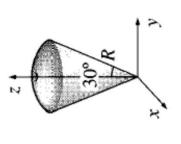


Figure 1.52