

# Module 3: Building APIs and Web Services

## HTTP Basics

### 1. Overview of HTTP Protocol

#### What is HTTP?

**HTTP (HyperText Transfer Protocol)** is an application-layer protocol that defines how messages are formatted and transmitted between web clients and servers. It serves as the foundation of data communication on the World Wide Web. Understanding its structure, methods, and status codes is essential for web development and API design. Each HTTP method serves a specific purpose, from retrieving data with GET to creating resources with POST. Status codes provide standardized communication about request outcomes, enabling robust error handling and user feedback. Modern applications leverage HTTP's flexibility while adhering to RESTful principles to create scalable and maintainable systems.

#### Key Characteristics

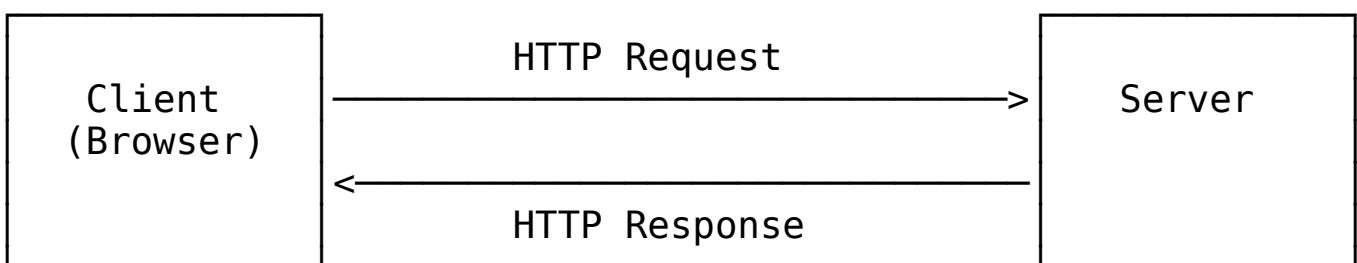
**Stateless Protocol:** Each request-response pair is independent. The server doesn't retain information about previous requests from the same client by default.

**Client-Server Model:** HTTP follows a request-response pattern where clients (browsers, mobile apps) initiate requests and servers provide responses.

**Text-Based Protocol:** HTTP messages are human-readable text, making debugging and analysis straightforward.

**Port Usage:** By default, HTTP uses port 80, while HTTPS (secure version) uses port 443.

#### HTTP Architecture



## 2. Standard Request and Response Structure

### HTTP Request Structure

An HTTP request consists of four main components:

Request Line
Headers (multiple key-value pairs)
Blank Line
Body (optional) (message payload)

#### Request Line Format

METHOD /path/to/resource HTTP/version

#### Example Request:

```
POST /api/users HTTP/1.1
Host: example.com
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 45
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0
Accept: application/json
Authorization: Bearer token123

{"username": "john", "email": "john@example.com"}
```

#### Request Components Breakdown

**Request Line:** Contains the HTTP method, resource path, and protocol version.

**Headers:** Metadata about the request providing additional context like content type, accepted formats, authentication credentials, and client information.

**Blank Line:** Separates headers from the body (mandatory even if there's no body).

**Body:** Contains data being sent to the server (used in POST, PUT, PATCH requests).

## HTTP Response Structure

Status Line
Headers (multiple key-value pairs)
Blank Line
Body (optional) (response payload)

### Status Line Format

HTTP/version StatusCode ReasonPhrase

### Example Response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Thu, 22 Jan 2026 10:30:00 GMT
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 89
Server: Apache/2.4.41
Cache-Control: no-cache

{"id":123,"username":"john","email":"john@example.com","created":"2026-01-22T10:30:00Z"}
```

## 3. HTTP Methods: Structure and Usage

HTTP methods (also called verbs) indicate the desired action to be performed on a resource.

### GET Method

**Purpose:** Retrieve data from the server without modifying it.

**Request Body:** Not used (data sent via URL query parameters).

### Structure:

```
GET /api/users?page=1&limit=10 HTTP/1.1
Host: api.example.com
Accept: application/json
```

## **Response Example:**

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json

[{"id":1,"name":"Alice"}, {"id":2,"name":"Bob"}]
```

**Use Cases:** Fetching web pages, retrieving API data, searching, filtering results.

## **POST Method**

**Purpose:** Submit data to create a new resource or trigger processing.

**Request Body:** Contains the data being sent.

### **Structure:**

```
POST /api/users HTTP/1.1
Host: api.example.com
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 58

{"name": "Charlie", "email": "charlie@example.com", "age": 28}
```

## **Response Example:**

```
HTTP/1.1 201 Created
Location: /api/users/3
Content-Type: application/json

{"id":3,"name": "Charlie", "email": "charlie@example.com"}
```

**Use Cases:** Creating new resources, submitting forms, uploading files, triggering server-side operations.

## **PUT Method**

**Purpose:** Update an existing resource or create it if it doesn't exist (full replacement).

**Structure:** Similar to POST but targets a specific resource.

**Use Cases:** Complete resource updates, replacing entire documents.

## PATCH Method

**Purpose:** Partially update an existing resource.

**Request Body:** Contains only the fields to be updated.

**Structure:** Similar to PUT but with partial data.

**Use Cases:** Updating specific fields without sending the entire resource.

## DELETE Method

**Purpose:** Remove a resource from the server.

**Request Body:** Usually empty.

**Structure:**

```
DELETE /api/users/3 HTTP/1.1  
Host: api.example.com
```

**Response Example:**

```
HTTP/1.1 204 No Content
```

**Use Cases:** Removing resources, canceling subscriptions, clearing data.

## HEAD Method

**Purpose:** Same as GET but retrieves only headers, not the body.

**Request Body:** Not used.

**Structure:**

```
HEAD /api/users/3 HTTP/1.1  
Host: api.example.com
```

**Response Example:**

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
Content-Type: application/json
```

```
Content-Length: 89  
Last-Modified: Thu, 22 Jan 2026 10:30:00 GMT
```

(no body)

**Use Cases:** Checking if a resource exists, getting metadata, checking last modification time.

## OPTIONS Method

**Purpose:** Describe communication options for the target resource.

**Request Body:** Not used.

**Structure:**

```
OPTIONS /api/users HTTP/1.1  
Host: api.example.com
```

## Response Example:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
Allow: GET, POST, PUT, DELETE, OPTIONS  
Access-Control-Allow-Methods: GET, POST, PUT, DELETE  
Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *
```

**Use Cases:** CORS preflight requests, discovering allowed methods on a resource.

## 4. Important HTTP Status Codes

Status codes are three-digit numbers that indicate the result of an HTTP request. They are grouped into five categories.

### Status Code Categories

#### Status Codes (3-digit)

- 1xx: Informational (request received, processing)
  - Rarely used in modern applications
- 2xx: Success (request successfully processed)
  - Action completed successfully
- 3xx: Redirection (further action needed)

- └ Client must take additional action
- 4xx: Client Error (request contains errors)
  - └ Problem with the request itself
- 5xx: Server Error (server failed to fulfill request)
  - └ Server encountered an error

**200 OK:** Standard success response. Request succeeded.

**201 Created:** New resource created successfully (typically after POST).

**301 Moved Permanently:** Resource permanently moved to a new URL.

```
HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently
Location: https://newsite.com/resource
```

**400 Bad Request:** Server cannot process the request due to client error (malformed syntax).

```
HTTP/1.1 400 Bad Request
Content-Type: application/json

{"error": "Invalid JSON format in request body"}
```

**401 Unauthorized:** Authentication required or failed.

```
HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized
WWW-Authenticate: Bearer realm="API"

{"error": "Authentication required"}
```

**403 Forbidden:** Server understood request but refuses to authorize it.

```
HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden

{"error": "You don't have permission to access this resource"}
```

**404 Not Found:** Requested resource doesn't exist.

```
HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found
```

```
{"error": "User not found"}
```

## 405 Method Not Allowed: HTTP method not supported for this resource.

```
HTTP/1.1 405 Method Not Allowed
Allow: GET, POST

{"error": "DELETE method not allowed"}
```

## 500 Internal Server Error: Generic server error.

```
HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error

{"error": "An unexpected error occurred"}
```

## Status Code Quick Reference (For understanding purposes)

Code	Name	Category	Meaning
200	OK	Success	Request succeeded
201	Created	Success	New resource created
204	No Content	Success	Success but no content to return
301	Moved Permanently	Redirection	Resource moved permanently
302	Found	Redirection	Resource temporarily moved
304	Not Modified	Redirection	Resource unchanged (cache valid)
400	Bad Request	Client Error	Malformed request
401	Unauthorized	Client Error	Authentication required
403	Forbidden	Client Error	Access denied
404	Not Found	Client Error	Resource doesn't exist
409	Conflict	Client Error	Request conflicts with current state
422	Unprocessable Entity	Client Error	Validation failed
429	Too Many Requests	Client Error	Rate limit exceeded
500	Internal Server Error	Server Error	Generic server error
502	Bad Gateway	Server Error	Invalid upstream response
503	Service Unavailable	Server Error	Server temporarily unavailable

# REST APIs Quick Overview

## What is REST?

REST (Representational State Transfer) is an architectural style for building web services that use HTTP methods to perform operations on resources.

### Key Principles:

- **Resources:** Everything is a resource (User, Product, Order)
- **URIs:** Each resource has a unique identifier (URL)
- **HTTP Methods:** Use standard methods (GET, POST, PUT, DELETE)
- **Stateless:** Each request contains all necessary information
- **JSON/XML:** Data exchange format

## REST vs Traditional Web Services

Traditional:

```
POST /getUserById  
POST /createUser  
POST /updateUser  
POST /deleteUser
```

RESTful:

GET	/users/{id}	- Get user
POST	/users	- Create user
PUT	/users/{id}	- Update user
DELETE	/users/{id}	- Delete user

# OpenAPI

## What is OpenAPI?

OpenAPI Specification (OAS) is a standard, language-agnostic interface description for HTTP APIs. It allows developers to define the structure of their APIs in a machine-readable format (YAML or JSON). This specification can be used to generate interactive documentation, client SDKs, server stubs, and perform automated testing. OpenAPI promotes consistency and standardization in API design, making it easier for developers to understand and consume APIs.

## Key Benefits

- **Standardization:** Industry-standard format for API documentation

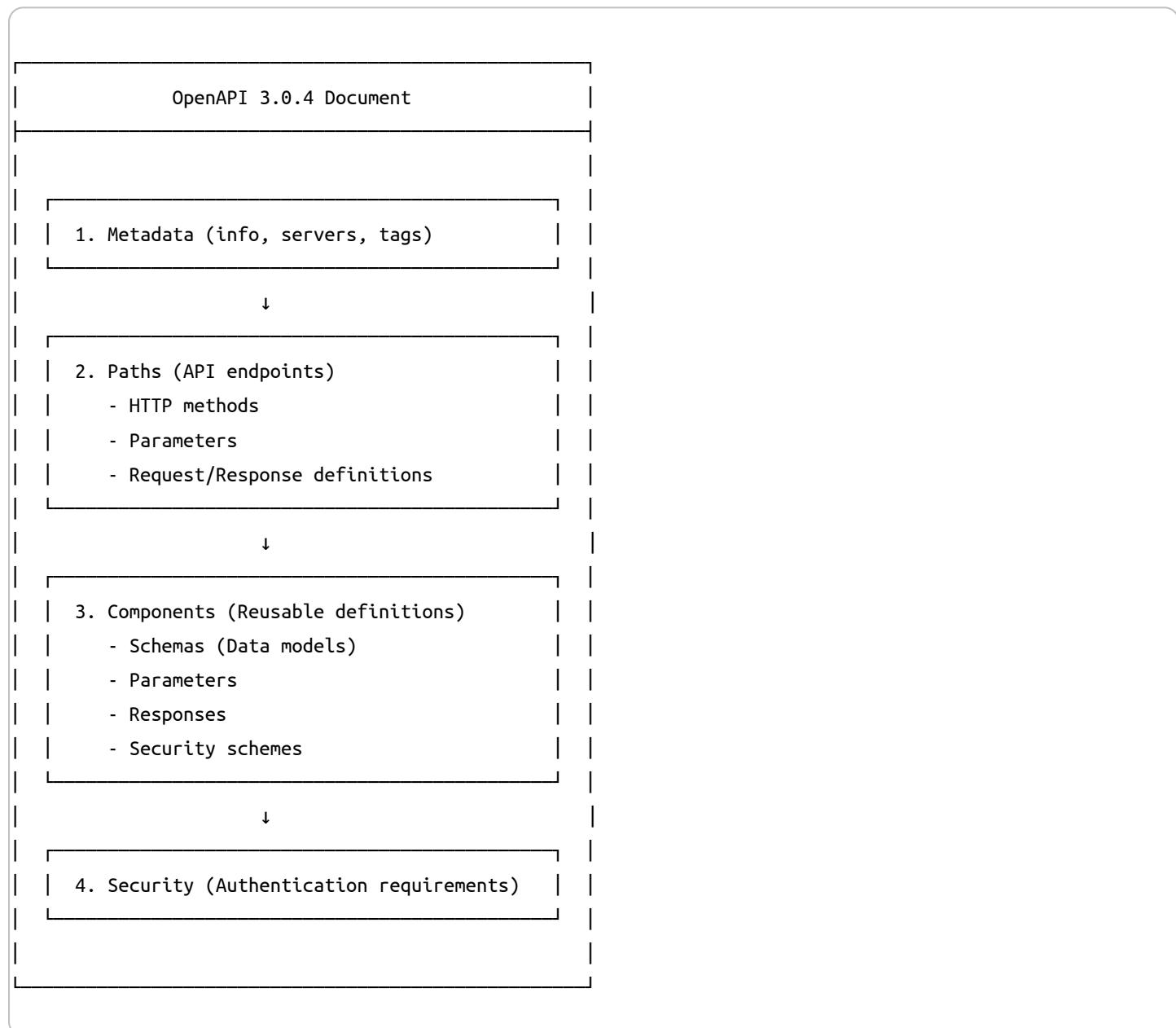
- **Auto-generation:** Generate client SDKs, server stubs, and documentation
- **Validation:** Validate requests and responses automatically
- **Testing:** Enable automated API testing
- **Discoverability:** Make APIs easier to understand and consume

## Version Information

- **Current Version:** OpenAPI 3.0.4 (March 2024)
- **Format:** YAML or JSON
- **Previous Version:** OpenAPI 3.0.3, Swagger 2.0

## OpenAPI Specification Structure

### High-Level Architecture



## Example OpenAPI Document

Below is an example of a simple OpenAPI 3.0.4 document in YAML format that defines a basic API for managing users.

```
openapi: 3.0.4
info:
  title: User Management API
  version: 1.0.0
  description: API for managing users in the system
servers:
  - url: https://api.example.com/v1
paths:
  /users:
    get:
      summary: Get a list of users
      responses:
        '200':
          description: A list of users
          content:
            application/json:
              schema:
                type: array
                items:
                  $ref: '#/components/schemas/User'
    post:
      summary: Create a new user
      requestBody:
        required: true
        content:
          application/json:
            schema:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/User'
      responses:
        '201':
          description: User created successfully
          content:
            application/json:
              schema:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/User'
  /users/{id}:
    get:
      summary: Get a user by ID
      parameters:
        - name: id
          in: path
          required: true
```

```

schema:
  type: integer
responses:
  '200':
    description: User details
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/User'
  '404':
    description: User not found
security:
  - bearerAuth: []
components:
  schemas:
    User:
      type: object
      properties:
        id:
          type: integer
        name:
          type: string
        email:
          type: string
      required:
        - name
        - email
  securitySchemes:
    bearerAuth:
      type: http
      scheme: bearer
      bearerFormat: JWT

```

## Student CRUD API - Complete Example

Below is a complete OpenAPI 3.0.4 specification for a Student Management REST API with CRUD operations.

```

openapi: 3.0.4

info:
  title: Student Management API
  version: 1.0.0
  description: |
    Comprehensive REST API for managing student records in an educational institution.

```

```
Features:
- Complete CRUD operations
- Advanced search and filtering
- Pagination support
- Input validation
- Error handling

contact:
  name: API Support Team
  email: support@university.edu
  url: https://university.edu/support

license:
  name: MIT
  url: https://opensource.org/licenses/MIT

servers:
- url: https://api.university.edu/v1
  description: Production server
- url: https://api-staging.university.edu/v1
  description: Staging server
- url: http://localhost:8080/v1
  description: Development server

tags:
- name: Students
  description: Student management operations
- name: Health
  description: API health check endpoints

paths:
# ====== Health Check ======
/health:
  get:
    tags:
      - Health
    summary: Health check endpoint
    description: Check if the API is running
    operationId: healthCheck
    responses:
      '200':
        description: API is healthy
        content:
          application/json:
            schema:
              type: object
              properties:
                status:
                  type: string
                  example: UP
```

```
    timestamp:
      type: string
      format: date-time
      example: '2024-02-06T10:30:00Z'

# ===== Get All Students =====
/students:
get:
tags:
- Students
summary: Get all students
description: |
  Retrieve a paginated list of all students with optional filtering.

Query parameters allow you to:
- Paginate through results
- Filter by name (partial match)
- Filter by minimum CGPA
- Filter by city
- Sort results
operationId: getAllStudents
parameters:
- $ref: '#/components/parameters/PageParam'
- $ref: '#/components/parameters/SizeParam'
- name: name
  in: query
  description: Filter by student name (partial match, case-insensitive)
  required: false
  schema:
    type: string
    example: John
- name: minCgpa
  in: query
  description: Filter by minimum CGPA
  required: false
  schema:
    type: number
    format: double
    minimum: 0.0
    maximum: 10.0
    example: 7.5
- name: city
  in: query
  description: Filter by city
  required: false
  schema:
    type: string
    example: Mumbai
- name: sortBy
```

```
in: query
description: Field to sort by
required: false
schema:
  type: string
  enum: [studentNumber, name, cgpa, createdDate]
  default: studentNumber
- name: sortOrder
  in: query
  description: Sort order
  required: false
  schema:
    type: string
    enum: [asc, desc]
    default: asc
responses:
'200':
  description: Successful response with paginated student list
  content:
    application/json:
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/StudentPageResponse'
      examples:
        successExample:
          summary: Example response with two students
          value:
            content:
              - studentNumber: STU001
                name: John Doe
                address:
                  street: 123 Main Street
                  city: Mumbai
                  state: Maharashtra
                  country: India
                cgpa: 8.5
                backlogs: 0
              - studentNumber: STU002
                name: Jane Smith
                address:
                  street: 456 Park Avenue
                  city: Delhi
                  state: Delhi
                  country: India
                cgpa: 9.2
                backlogs: 1
            page:
              number: 0
              size: 20
              totalElements: 2
```

```
totalPages: 1
'400':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/BadRequest'
'500':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/InternalServerError'
security:
- bearerAuth: []

# ===== Create Student =====
post:
tags:
- Students
summary: Create a new student
description: |
  Create a new student record in the system.

Required fields:
- studentNumber (unique)
- name
- address (complete)
- cgpa
- backlogs
operationId: createStudent
requestBody:
  required: true
  description: Student object to be created
  content:
    application/json:
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/StudentCreateRequest'
      examples:
        validStudent:
          summary: Valid student creation request
          value:
            studentNumber: STU003
            name: Alice Johnson
            address:
              street: 789 Oak Street
              city: Bangalore
              state: Karnataka
              country: India
            cgpa: 7.8
            backlogs: 2
responses:
'201':
  description: Student created successfully
  headers:
    Location:
      description: URI of the created student
```

```
schema:
  type: string
  example: /v1/students/STU003

content:
  application/json:
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Student'
    example:
      studentNumber: STU003
      name: Alice Johnson
      address:
        street: 789 Oak Street
        city: Bangalore
        state: Karnataka
        country: India
      cgpa: 7.8
      backlogs: 2
      createdDate: '2024-02-06T10:30:00Z'
      lastModifiedDate: '2024-02-06T10:30:00Z'

'400':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/BadRequest'

'409':
  description: Student with the same student number already exists
  content:
    application/json:
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/Error'
      example:
        timestamp: '2024-02-06T10:30:00Z'
        status: 409
        error: Conflict
        message: Student with student number STU003 already exists
        path: /v1/students

'500':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/InternalServerError'

security:
  - bearerAuth: []

# ===== Get Student by Number =====
/students/{studentNumber}:
  get:
    tags:
      - Students
    summary: Get student by student number
    description: Retrieve a single student record by their unique student number
    operationId: getStudentByNumber
    parameters:
      - $ref: '#/components/parameters/StudentNumberParam'
    responses:
```

```
'200':
  description: Student found
  content:
    application/json:
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/Student'
  example:
    studentNumber: STU001
    name: John Doe
    address:
      street: 123 Main Street
      city: Mumbai
      state: Maharashtra
      country: India
    cgpa: 8.5
    backlogs: 0
    createdDate: '2024-01-15T09:00:00Z'
    lastModifiedDate: '2024-02-01T14:30:00Z'

'404':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/NotFound'
'500':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/InternalServerError'

security:
  - bearerAuth: []

# ====== Update Student ======
put:
  tags:
    - Students
  summary: Update student by student number
  description: |
    Update an existing student record.

  All fields in the request body will replace existing values.
  Student number cannot be changed.

  operationId: updateStudent
  parameters:
    - $ref: '#/components/parameters/StudentNumberParam'
  requestBody:
    required: true
    description: Updated student object
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/StudentUpdateRequest'
  examples:
    updateExample:
      summary: Update student information
      value:
```

```
name: John Michael Doe
address:
  street: 123 Main Street, Apt 4B
  city: Mumbai
  state: Maharashtra
  country: India
  cgpa: 8.7
  backlogs: 0

responses:
  '200':
    description: Student updated successfully
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/Student'
        example:
          studentNumber: STU001
          name: John Michael Doe
          address:
            street: 123 Main Street, Apt 4B
            city: Mumbai
            state: Maharashtra
            country: India
          cgpa: 8.7
          backlogs: 0
          createdDate: '2024-01-15T09:00:00Z'
          lastModifiedDate: '2024-02-06T10:45:00Z'

  '400':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/BadRequest'
  '404':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/NotFound'
  '500':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/InternalServerError'

security:
  - bearerAuth: []

# ===== Partial Update Student =====
patch:
  tags:
    - Students
  summary: Partially update student
  description: |
    Update specific fields of a student record.

    Only the fields provided in the request body will be updated.
    Other fields will remain unchanged.

  operationId: partialUpdateStudent
  parameters:
    - $ref: '#/components/parameters/StudentNumberParam'
```

```
requestBody:
  required: true
  description: Fields to update
  content:
    application/json:
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/StudentPartialUpdateRequest'
  examples:
    updateCgpa:
      summary: Update only CGPA and backlogs
      value:
        cgpa: 9.0
        backlogs: 0
  responses:
    '200':
      description: Student updated successfully
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/Student'
    '400':
      $ref: '#/components/responses/BadRequest'
    '404':
      $ref: '#/components/responses/NotFound'
    '500':
      $ref: '#/components/responses/InternalServerError'
  security:
    - bearerAuth: []

# ===== Delete Student =====
delete:
  tags:
    - Students
  summary: Delete student by student number
  description: |
    Permanently delete a student record from the system.

    **Warning**: This operation cannot be undone.
  operationId: deleteStudent
  parameters:
    - $ref: '#/components/parameters/StudentNumberParam'
  responses:
    '204':
      description: Student deleted successfully
    '404':
      $ref: '#/components/responses/NotFound'
    '500':
      $ref: '#/components/responses/InternalServerError'
  security:
```

```
- bearerAuth: []  
  
# ===== Search Students =====  
  
/students/search:  
post:  
tags:  
- Students  
summary: Advanced student search  
description: |  
Perform advanced search with multiple criteria.  
  
Supports complex queries with multiple filters combined.  
operationId: searchStudents  
requestBody:  
required: true  
description: Search criteria  
content:  
application/json:  
schema:  
$ref: '#/components/schemas/StudentSearchRequest'  
examples:  
searchExample:  
summary: Search for high-performing students in Mumbai  
value:  
name: John  
city: Mumbai  
minCgpa: 8.0  
maxBacklogs: 1  
responses:  
'200':  
description: Search results  
content:  
application/json:  
schema:  
type: array  
items:  
$ref: '#/components/schemas/Student'  
'400':  
$ref: '#/components/responses/BadRequest'  
'500':  
$ref: '#/components/responses/InternalServerError'  
security:  
- bearerAuth: []  
  
# ===== Get Student Statistics =====  
  
/students/statistics:  
get:  
tags:  
- Students
```

```
summary: Get student statistics
description: Retrieve statistical information about all students
operationId: getStudentStatistics
responses:
  '200':
    description: Statistics retrieved successfully
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/StudentStatistics'
        example:
          totalStudents: 150
          averageCgpa: 7.85
          studentsWithNoBacklogs: 120
          studentsWithBacklogs: 30
          topPerformers: 15
          cityDistribution:
            Mumbai: 45
            Delhi: 35
            Bangalore: 40
            Chennai: 30
    security:
      - bearerAuth: []
```

```
# ===== Components Section =====
```

```
components:
  schemas:
    # ===== Student Entity =====
    Student:
      type: object
      required:
        - studentNumber
        - name
        - address
        - cgpa
        - backlogs
      properties:
        studentNumber:
          type: string
          description: Unique student identifier
          pattern: '^STU[0-9]{3,6}$'
          example: STU001
        name:
          type: string
          description: Full name of the student
          minLength: 2
          maxLength: 100
          example: John Doe
        address:
```

```
$ref: '#/components/schemas/Address'

cgsa:
  type: number
  format: double
  description: Cumulative Grade Point Average
  minimum: 0.0
  maximum: 10.0
  example: 8.5

backlogs:
  type: integer
  format: int32
  description: Number of backlog subjects
  minimum: 0
  example: 0

createdDate:
  type: string
  format: date-time
  description: Date and time when the student record was created
  readOnly: true
  example: '2024-01-15T09:00:00Z'

lastModifiedDate:
  type: string
  format: date-time
  description: Date and time when the student record was last updated
  readOnly: true
  example: '2024-02-06T10:30:00Z'

description: Complete student record with all fields
```

```
# ===== Address Schema =====
```

```
Address:
  type: object
  required:
    - street
    - city
    - state
    - country

  properties:
    street:
      type: string
      description: Street address
      minLength: 3
      maxLength: 200
      example: 123 Main Street

    city:
      type: string
      description: City name
      minLength: 2
      maxLength: 100
      example: Mumbai
```

```
state:
  type: string
  description: State or province
  minLength: 2
  maxLength: 100
  example: Maharashtra

country:
  type: string
  description: Country name
  minLength: 2
  maxLength: 100
  example: India

description: Student's residential address

# ===== Create Student Request =====
StudentCreateRequest:
  type: object
  required:
    - studentNumber
    - name
    - address
    - cgpa
    - backlogs
  properties:
    studentNumber:
      type: string
      description: Unique student identifier
      pattern: '^STU[0-9]{3,6}$'
      example: STU001
    name:
      type: string
      description: Full name of the student
      minLength: 2
      maxLength: 100
      example: John Doe
    address:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Address'
    cgpa:
      type: number
      format: double
      description: Cumulative Grade Point Average
      minimum: 0.0
      maximum: 10.0
      example: 8.5
    backlogs:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: Number of backlog subjects
      minimum: 0
```

```
example: 0
description: Request body for creating a new student

# ====== Update Student Request ======
StudentUpdateRequest:
  type: object
  required:
    - name
    - address
    - cgpa
    - backlogs
  properties:
    name:
      type: string
      description: Full name of the student
      minLength: 2
      maxLength: 100
      example: John Doe
    address:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Address'
    cgpa:
      type: number
      format: double
      description: Cumulative Grade Point Average
      minimum: 0.0
      maximum: 10.0
      example: 8.5
    backlogs:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: Number of backlog subjects
      minimum: 0
      example: 0
  description: Request body for updating a student (all fields required)

# ====== Partial Update Request ======
StudentPartialUpdateRequest:
  type: object
  properties:
    name:
      type: string
      minLength: 2
      maxLength: 100
    address:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Address'
    cgpa:
      type: number
      format: double
      minimum: 0.0
```

```
maximum: 10.0
backlogs:
  type: integer
  format: int32
  minimum: 0
description: Request body for partial update (all fields optional)

# ===== Search Request =====
StudentSearchRequest:
  type: object
  properties:
    name:
      type: string
      description: Search by name (partial match)
    city:
      type: string
      description: Filter by city
    state:
      type: string
      description: Filter by state
    country:
      type: string
      description: Filter by country
    minGpa:
      type: number
      format: double
      minimum: 0.0
      maximum: 10.0
      description: Minimum CGPA
    maxGpa:
      type: number
      format: double
      minimum: 0.0
      maximum: 10.0
      description: Maximum CGPA
    maxBacklogs:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      minimum: 0
      description: Maximum number of backlogs
description: Advanced search criteria

# ===== Paginated Response =====
StudentPageResponse:
  type: object
  properties:
    content:
      type: array
      items:
```

```
$ref: '#/components/schemas/Student'
description: Array of student records
page:
  $ref: '#/components/schemas/PageInfo'
description: Paginated list of students

 PageInfo:
  type: object
  properties:
    number:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: Current page number (0-based)
      example: 0
    size:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: Number of items per page
      example: 20
    totalElements:
      type: integer
      format: int64
      description: Total number of items
      example: 150
    totalPages:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: Total number of pages
      example: 8
  description: Pagination information

# ===== Statistics =====
StudentStatistics:
  type: object
  properties:
    totalStudents:
      type: integer
      format: int64
      example: 150
    averageCgpa:
      type: number
      format: double
      example: 7.85
    studentsWithNoBacklogs:
      type: integer
      format: int64
      example: 120
    studentsWithBacklogs:
      type: integer
```

```
format: int64
example: 30
topPerformers:
  type: integer
  format: int64
  description: Students with CGPA >= 9.0
  example: 15
cityDistribution:
  type: object
  additionalProperties:
    type: integer
  description: Number of students per city
  example:
    Mumbai: 45
    Delhi: 35
description: Statistical information about students

# ===== Error Response =====
Error:
  type: object
  required:
    - timestamp
    - status
    - error
    - message
    - path
  properties:
    timestamp:
      type: string
      format: date-time
      description: Error occurrence timestamp
      example: '2024-02-06T10:30:00Z'
    status:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: HTTP status code
      example: 400
    error:
      type: string
      description: Error type
      example: Bad Request
    message:
      type: string
      description: Detailed error message
      example: Validation failed for field 'cgpa'
    path:
      type: string
      description: Request path that caused the error
      example: /v1/students
```

```
errors:
  type: array
  items:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ValidationError'
  description: List of validation errors (if applicable)
description: Standard error response

ValidationError:
  type: object
  properties:
    field:
      type: string
      description: Field that failed validation
      example: cgpa
    message:
      type: string
      description: Validation error message
      example: must be between 0.0 and 10.0
    rejectedValue:
      type: string
      description: Value that was rejected
      example: '12.5'
  description: Individual validation error
```

```
# ===== Parameters =====
```

```
parameters:
  StudentNumberParam:
    name: studentNumber
    in: path
    description: Unique student identifier
    required: true
    schema:
      type: string
      pattern: '^STU[0-9]{3,6}$'
    example: STU001
```

```
PageParam:
  name: page
  in: query
  description: Page number (0-based)
  required: false
  schema:
    type: integer
    format: int32
    minimum: 0
    default: 0
  example: 0
```

```
SizeParam:
```

```
name: size
in: query
description: Number of items per page
required: false
schema:
  type: integer
  format: int32
  minimum: 1
  maximum: 100
  default: 20
example: 20

# ===== Responses =====
responses:
  BadRequest:
    description: Bad request - Invalid input
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/Error'
        examples:
          validationError:
            summary: Validation error example
            value:
              timestamp: '2024-02-06T10:30:00Z'
              status: 400
              error: Bad Request
              message: Validation failed
              path: /v1/students
              errors:
                - field: cgpa
                  message: must be between 0.0 and 10.0
                  rejectedValue: '12.5'
                - field: studentNumber
                  message: must match pattern ^STU[0-9]{3,6}$
                  rejectedValue: INVALID

  NotFound:
    description: Resource not found
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/Error'
        example:
          timestamp: '2024-02-06T10:30:00Z'
          status: 404
          error: Not Found
          message: Student not found with student number STU999
          path: /v1/students/STU999
```

```

InternalServerError:
  description: Internal server error
  content:
    application/json:
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/Error'
      example:
        timestamp: '2024-02-06T10:30:00Z'
        status: 500
        error: Internal Server Error
        message: An unexpected error occurred
        path: /v1/students

# ===== Security Schemes =====
securitySchemes:
  bearerAuth:
    type: http
    scheme: bearer
    bearerFormat: JWT
    description: |
      JWT-based authentication. Include the token in the Authorization header:
      ...
      Authorization: Bearer <your_jwt_token>
      ...

# ===== Global Security =====
security:
  - bearerAuth: []

```

## Component Breakdown

### 1. Schemas (Data Models)

Schemas define the structure of request and response bodies.

#### Key Schema Features

```

Student:
  type: object
  required:          # Required fields
    - studentNumber
    - name
  properties:
    studentNumber:

```

```

type: string
pattern: '^STU[0-9]{3,6}$'      # Regex validation
example: STU001

name:
  type: string
  minLength: 2                  # Length validation
  maxLength: 100

cgpa:
  type: number
  format: double
  minimum: 0.0                  # Range validation
  maximum: 10.0

createdDate:
  type: string
  format: date-time
  readOnly: true                # Read-only field

```

## Schema Reusability

```

# Define once
components:
  schemas:
    Address:
      type: object
      properties:
        city:
          type: string

# Reuse multiple times
Student:
  properties:
    address:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Address'

Teacher:
  properties:
    address:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Address'

```

## 2. Parameters

Parameters can be in path, query, header, or cookie.

```

parameters:
  # Path parameter

```

```

StudentNumberParam:
  name: studentNumber
  in: path          # location: path, query, header, cookie
  description: Student ID
  required: true    # Always required for path params
  schema:
    type: string

# Query parameter
PageParam:
  name: page
  in: query
  required: false   # Optional
  schema:
    type: integer
    default: 0       # Default value
    minimum: 0

# Header parameter
ApiKeyParam:
  name: X-API-Key
  in: header
  required: true
  schema:
    type: string

```

### 3. Request Bodies

Define the structure of request payloads.

```

requestBody:
  required: true
  description: Student to create
  content:
    application/json:      # Content type
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/StudentCreateRequest'
    examples:           # Multiple examples
      example1:
        summary: Basic student
        value:
          studentNumber: STU001
          name: John Doe
      example2:
        summary: Student with high CGPA
        value:
          studentNumber: STU002

```

```
name: Jane Smith  
cgpa: 9.5
```

## 4. Responses

Define possible API responses.

```
responses:  
  '200':  
    description: Success  
    headers:  
      X-Rate-Limit:  
        schema:  
          type: integer  
          description: Requests per hour  
    content:  
      application/json:  
        schema:  
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/Student'  
        examples:  
          example1:  
            value:  
              studentNumber: STU001  
              name: John Doe  
  
  '404':  
    description: Not found  
    content:  
      application/json:  
        schema:  
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/Error'
```

## 5. Security Schemes

Define authentication methods.

### Bearer Authentication (JWT)

```
securitySchemes:  
  bearerAuth:  
    type: http  
    scheme: bearer  
    bearerFormat: JWT
```

```
description: JWT token authentication
```

## API Key

```
securitySchemes:  
  apiKey:  
    type: apiKey  
    in: header          # Can be: header, query, cookie  
    name: X-API-Key
```

## OAuth2

```
securitySchemes:  
  oauth2:  
    type: oauth2  
    flows:  
      authorizationCode:  
        authorizationUrl: https://example.com/oauth/authorize  
        tokenUrl: https://example.com/oauth/token  
        scopes:  
          read:students: Read student data  
          write:students: Modify student data
```

## Basic Authentication

```
securitySchemes:  
  basicAuth:  
    type: http  
    scheme: basic
```

## 6. Tags

Organize endpoints into logical groups.

```
tags:  
  - name: Students  
    description: Student management operations  
    externalDocs:  
      description: Find out more  
      url: https://docs.example.com/students
```

```
- name: Admin  
  description: Administrative operations
```

## Best Practices

### 1. Versioning

```
# URL versioning (recommended)  
servers:  
  - url: https://api.example.com/v1  
  
# Header versioning  
parameters:  
  - name: API-Version  
    in: header  
    schema:  
      type: string  
      enum: [v1, v2]
```

### 2. Error Handling

Provide consistent error responses:

```
Error:  
  type: object  
  required:  
    - timestamp  
    - status  
    - error  
    - message  
  properties:  
    timestamp:  
      type: string  
      format: date-time  
    status:  
      type: integer  
    error:  
      type: string  
    message:  
      type: string  
    path:  
      type: string  
  errors:  
    type: array
```

```
items:  
  type: object
```

### 3. Pagination

Always paginate large collections:

```
parameters:  
  - name: page  
    in: query  
    schema:  
      type: integer  
      default: 0  
      minimum: 0  
  - name: size  
    in: query  
    schema:  
      type: integer  
      default: 20  
      minimum: 1  
      maximum: 100
```

### 4. Filtering and Sorting

```
parameters:  
  # Filtering  
  - name: status  
    in: query  
    schema:  
      type: string  
      enum: [active, inactive]  
  
  # Sorting  
  - name: sortBy  
    in: query  
    schema:  
      type: string  
      enum: [name, createdDate, cgpa]  
  - name: sortOrder  
    in: query  
    schema:  
      type: string  
      enum: [asc, desc]
```

```
default: asc
```

## 5. Field Selection

Allow clients to select specific fields:

```
parameters:  
- name: fields  
  in: query  
  description: Comma-separated list of fields to return  
schema:  
  type: string  
example: studentNumber,name,cgpa
```

## 6. Documentation

- Use clear, descriptive summaries and descriptions
- Provide examples for all requests and responses
- Document error scenarios
- Include external documentation links

```
paths:  
/students:  
  get:  
    summary: Get all students          # Brief summary  
    description: |                  # Detailed description  
      Retrieve a paginated list of all students.  
  
    This endpoint supports:  
    - Pagination  
    - Filtering by name and city  
    - Sorting by multiple fields  
  externalDocs:  
    description: API documentation  
    url: https://docs.example.com
```

## 7. Validation Rules

Be explicit about validation:

```
studentNumber:  
  type: string
```

```
pattern: '^STU[0-9]{3,6}$'  
minLength: 6  
maxLength: 9  
example: STU001  
  
cgpa:  
  type: number  
  format: double  
  minimum: 0.0  
  maximum: 10.0  
  multipleOf: 0.01      # Two decimal places
```

## 8. Examples

Provide comprehensive examples:

```
examples:  
  validStudent:  
    summary: Valid student  
    description: Example of a valid student object  
    value:  
      studentNumber: STU001  
      name: John Doe  
      cgpa: 8.5  
  
  invalidStudent:  
    summary: Invalid CGPA  
    description: Example showing validation error  
    value:  
      studentNumber: STU001  
      name: John Doe  
      cgpa: 12.5          # Invalid - exceeds maximum
```

# REST API using Spring Boot 3

## What is @RestController?

`@RestController` is a specialized version of the `@Controller` annotation used to create RESTful web services in Spring Boot.

```
@RestController = @Controller + @ResponseBody
```

## Key Characteristics:

- Automatically converts return values to JSON/XML
- Eliminates need for `@ResponseBody` on every method
- Designed for REST API development
- Returns data instead of views

## Basic Usage

### Simple RestController

```
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api")
public class HelloController {

    @GetMapping("/hello")
    public String hello() {
        return "Hello, World!";
    }
}
```

Access: GET `http://localhost:8080/api/hello`

## Key Annotations

### 1. `@RequestMapping`

Maps HTTP requests to handler methods.

```
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/users") // Base path for all methods
public class UserController {

    @RequestMapping("/all") // /api/users/all
    public List<User> getAllUsers() {
        return userList;
    }
}
```

### 2. HTTP Method Annotations

```
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/products")
public class ProductController {
```

```

    @GetMapping      // GET - Read
    @PostMapping    // POST - Create
    @PutMapping     // PUT - Update
    @PatchMapping   // PATCH - Partial Update
    @DeleteMapping  // DELETE - Delete
}

```

### 3. @PathVariable

Extract values from URI path.

```

// GET /api/users/123
@GetMapping("/users/{id}")
public User getUser(@PathVariable Long id) {
    return findUserById(id);
}

// GET /api/users/123/orders/456
@GetMapping("/users/{userId}/orders/{orderId}")
public Order getOrder(
    @PathVariable Long userId,
    @PathVariable Long orderId) {
    return findOrder(userId, orderId);
}

```

### 4. @RequestParam

Extract query parameters.

```

// GET /api/search?keyword=java&page=1
@GetMapping("/search")
public List<Item> search(
    @RequestParam String keyword,
    @RequestParam(defaultValue = "0") int page) {
    return searchItems(keyword, page);
}

// Optional parameter
@GetMapping("/filter")
public List<Item> filter(
    @RequestParam(required = false) String category) {
    return filterItems(category);
}

```

```
}
```

## 5. @RequestBody

Bind request body to object (for POST/PUT).

```
@PostMapping("/users")
public User createUser(@RequestBody User user) {
    return saveUser(user);
}

// Request JSON:
{
    "name": "John Doe",
    "email": "john@example.com"
}
```

## 6. @RequestHeader

Access HTTP headers.

```
@GetMapping("/info")
public String getInfo(
    @RequestHeader("User-Agent") String userAgent) {
    return "Browser: " + userAgent;
}
```

## Complete Example

```
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/books")
public class BookController {

    private List<Book> books = new ArrayList<>();
    private Long nextId = 1L;

    // GET all books
    @GetMapping
    public List<Book> getAllBooks() {
        return books;
    }
}
```

```
// GET book by ID
@GetMapping("/{id}")
public Book getBook(@PathVariable Long id) {
    return books.stream()
        .filter(b -> b.getId().equals(id))
        .findFirst()
        .orElse(null);
}

// POST - Create book
@PostMapping
public Book createBook(@RequestBody Book book) {
    book.setId(nextId++);
    books.add(book);
    return book;
}

// PUT - Update book
@PutMapping("/{id}")
public Book updateBook(
    @PathVariable Long id,
    @RequestBody Book updatedBook) {

    for (int i = 0; i < books.size(); i++) {
        if (books.get(i).getId().equals(id)) {
            updatedBook.setId(id);
            books.set(i, updatedBook);
            return updatedBook;
        }
    }
    return null;
}

// DELETE book
@DeleteMapping("/{id}")
public String deleteBook(@PathVariable Long id) {
    books.removeIf(b -> b.getId().equals(id));
    return "Book deleted";
}

// Search with query parameter
@GetMapping("/search")
public List<Book> search(@RequestParam String title) {
    return books.stream()
        .filter(b -> b.getTitle().contains(title))
        .toList();
}
```

```
// Book Model
class Book {
    private Long id;
    private String title;
    private String author;

    // Constructors, Getters, Setters
}
```

## Response Handling

### 1. Return Simple Types

```
@GetMapping("/message")
public String getMessage() {
    return "Hello"; // Returns: "Hello"
}
```

### 2. Return Objects (Auto-converted to JSON)

```
@GetMapping("/user")
public User getUser() {
    return new User("John", "john@example.com");
}

// Response:
{
    "name": "John",
    "email": "john@example.com"
}
```

### 3. Return Collections

```
@GetMapping("/users")
public List<User> getUsers() {
    return List.of(
        new User("John", "john@example.com"),
        new User("Jane", "jane@example.com")
    );
}
```

```
// Response: [ {...}, {...} ]
```

## 4. ResponseEntity for Status Control

```
@GetMapping("/user/{id}")
public ResponseEntity<User> getUser(@PathVariable Long id) {
    User user = findUser(id);

    if (user != null) {
        return ResponseEntity.ok(user); // 200 OK
    } else {
        return ResponseEntity.notFound().build(); // 404 Not Found
    }
}

@PostMapping("/users")
public ResponseEntity<User> createUser(@RequestBody User user) {
    User created = saveUser(user);
    return ResponseEntity
        .status(HttpStatus.CREATED) // 201 Created
        .body(created);
}
```

## HTTP Status Codes

```
@RestController
public class StatusController {

    @GetMapping("/ok")
    public String ok() {
        return "Success"; // 200 OK (default)
    }

    @PostMapping("/create")
    @ResponseStatus(HttpStatus.CREATED) // 201
    public String create() {
        return "Created";
    }

    @DeleteMapping("/delete")
    @ResponseStatus(HttpStatus.NO_CONTENT) // 204
    public void delete() {
        // No content returned
    }
}
```

}

## Common Status Codes:

- 200 OK - Success (default)
- 201 Created - Resource created
- 204 No Content - Success, no response body
- 400 Bad Request - Invalid request
- 404 Not Found - Resource not found
- 500 Internal Server Error - Server error

## Exception Handling

### Method-Level Exception Handler

```
@RestController
public class ProductController {

    @GetMapping("/products/{id}")
    public Product getProduct(@PathVariable Long id) {
        if (id < 1) {
            throw new IllegalArgumentException("Invalid ID");
        }
        return findProduct(id);
    }

    @ExceptionHandler(IllegalArgumentException.class)
    public ResponseEntity<String> handleBadRequest(
        IllegalArgumentException ex) {

        return ResponseEntity
            .status(HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST)
            .body(ex.getMessage());
    }
}
```

### Global Exception Handler

```
@RestControllerAdvice
public class GlobalExceptionHandler {

    @ExceptionHandler(ResourceNotFoundException.class)
    public ResponseEntity<ErrorResponse> handleNotFound(
        ResourceNotFoundException ex) {
```

```

        ErrorResponse error = new ErrorResponse(
            404,
            ex.getMessage(),
            System.currentTimeMillis()
        );

        return ResponseEntity
            .status(HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND)
            .body(error);
    }
}

```

## Data Validation

### Add Validation Annotations

```

import jakarta.validation.constraints.*;

public class User {

    @NotNull(message = "Name is required")
    @Size(min = 2, max = 50)
    private String name;

    @Email(message = "Invalid email")
    @NotNull
    private String email;

    @Min(18)
    @Max(100)
    private int age;

    // Getters, Setters
}

```

### Use @Valid in Controller

```

@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/users")
public class UserController {

    @PostMapping
    public ResponseEntity<User> createUser(

```

```

    @Valid @RequestBody User user) {

        // If validation fails, returns 400 Bad Request
        User created = saveUser(user);
        return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.CREATED)
            .body(created);
    }
}

```

## Handle Validation Errors

```

@RestControllerAdvice
public class ValidationExceptionHandler {

    @ExceptionHandler(MethodArgumentNotValidException.class)
    public ResponseEntity<Map<String, String>> handleValidation(
        MethodArgumentNotValidException ex) {

        Map<String, String> errors = new HashMap<>();

        ex.getBindingResult().getAllErrors().forEach(error -> {
            String field = ((FieldError) error).getField();
            String message = error.getDefaultMessage();
            errors.put(field, message);
        });

        return ResponseEntity
            .status(HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST)
            .body(errors);
    }
}

```

## Common Validation Annotations

```

@NotNull      // Cannot be null
@NotEmpty     // Cannot be null or empty (String, Collection)
@NotBlank     // Cannot be null, empty, or whitespace (String only)
@Size(min, max) // Size constraints (String, Collection, Array)
@Min(value)   // Minimum numeric value
@Max(value)   // Maximum numeric value
@email        // Valid email format
@Pattern(regexp)// Matches regex pattern
@Past         // Date in the past
@Future       // Date in the future

```

```
@Positive      // Positive number  
@Negative     // Negative number
```

## Best Practices

### 1. Use Proper HTTP Methods

```
// GOOD  
@GetMapping("/users")          // Read  
@PostMapping("/users")         // Create  
@PutMapping("/users/{id}")     // Update  
@DeleteMapping("/users/{id}")   // Delete  
  
// BAD  
@PostMapping("/getUsers")  
@PostMapping("/createUser")
```

### 2. Use Meaningful URIs

```
// GOOD - Resource-based  
/api/customers  
/api/customers/{id}  
/api/customers/{id}/orders  
  
// BAD - Action-based  
/api/getCustomers  
/api/createCustomer
```

### 3. Return Appropriate Status Codes

```
@PostMapping("/users")  
public ResponseEntity<User> create(@RequestBody User user) {  
    return ResponseEntity  
        .status(HttpStatus.CREATED) // 201 instead of 200  
        .body(user);  
}  
  
@DeleteMapping("/users/{id}")  
public ResponseEntity<Void> delete(@PathVariable Long id) {  
    deleteUser(id);  
    return ResponseEntity.noContent().build(); // 204
```

```
}
```

## 4. Use Constructor Injection

```
// GOOD
@RestController
public class UserController {
    private final UserService userService;

    public UserController(UserService userService) {
        this.userService = userService;
    }
}

// AVOID
@RestController
public class UserController {
    @Autowired
    private UserService userService; // Field injection
}
```

## 5. Version Your API

```
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/v1/products") // Version in URL
public class ProductController {
    // ...
}
```

## Quick Reference

### Annotation Summary

Annotation	Purpose
@RestController	Defines REST controller
@RequestMapping	Maps requests to handler
@GetMapping	Maps GET requests
@PostMapping	Maps POST requests
@PutMapping	Maps PUT requests
@DeleteMapping	Maps DELETE requests

## Annotation

## Purpose

@PathVariable	Extracts URI variable
@RequestParam	Extracts query parameter
@RequestBody	Binds request body to object
@RequestHeader	Extracts HTTP header
@Valid	Enables validation
@ResponseStatus	Sets HTTP status code

## Common Patterns

```
// Basic CRUD endpoints
GET  /api/resources           // List all
GET  /api/resources/{id}       // Get one
POST /api/resources            // Create
PUT  /api/resources/{id}       // Update
DELETE /api/resources/{id}     // Delete

// Nested resources
GET  /api/users/{id}/orders
POST /api/users/{id}/orders

// Search/Filter
GET  /api/products?category=books&sort=price
```

## Testing with cURL

```
# GET request
curl http://localhost:8080/api/books

# GET with path variable
curl http://localhost:8080/api/books/1

# POST request
curl -X POST http://localhost:8080/api/books \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{"title":"Spring Boot","author":"John Doe"}'

# PUT request
curl -X PUT http://localhost:8080/api/books/1 \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{"title":"Updated Title","author":"Jane Doe"}'

# DELETE request
curl -X DELETE http://localhost:8080/api/books/1
```

```
curl -X DELETE http://localhost:8080/api/books/1
```

## Summary

**@RestController** simplifies REST API development by:

- Automatically converting responses to JSON
- Providing specialized annotations for HTTP methods
- Integrating with Spring's dependency injection
- Supporting validation and exception handling
- Following RESTful principles

### Key Points:

- Use **@RestController** for REST APIs
- Use **@Controller** for traditional MVC (returning views)
- Leverage HTTP method annotations (**@GetMapping**, **@PostMapping**, etc.)
- Return **ResponseEntity** for fine-grained control
- Implement proper exception handling
- Validate input with **@Valid**
- Follow REST best practices