Lesson | Weekend

Introduction to Programming (/introduction-to-programming) / JavaScript and Web Browsers (/introduction-to-programming/javascript-and-web-browsers)

/ JavaScript Variables

Text

Cheat sheet

Terminology

- **Variable:** Variables can be thought of as containers used to store information. They allow for a way to label data with a descriptive name.
- Lower camel case: Use lowerCamelCase when naming JavaScript variables. Start with a lowercase letter, and if the variable name is more than one word, remove all spaces and capitalize the first letter of each subsequent word.
- **var:** The old way of declaring a variable in JavaScript. You should recognize it but not actually use this way of doing things! A JavaScript **statement**.
- **let:** The modern way of declaring a variable that changes in JavaScript. A JavaScript **statement**.

- **const:** The modern way of declaring a variable that should never change in JavaScript. This is short for constant. A JavaScript **statement**.
- **assignment operator:** This is the equals sign = ; what we use to assign a value to a variable.
- **statement:** The technical term to group reserved keywords in JavaScript that serve a specific purpose, like variable declaration with let, const, or var.

Tips

- Variables should begin with a letter.
- Variables are case sensitive (myNumber is a different variable than myNUMBER).
- Use clear names that describe the value being stored like myNumber.
- Always name your variables in a manner that will be easy for other developers to understand. Avoid vague letters or initials. (For example: const x = 45 doesn't tell us what the value is. Is 45 an age, a distance, size, a time?...)

Examples

Set a variable equal to a number:

```
let myNumber = 45;
let favoriteNumber = 22;
```

Use a variable without modifying its value:

```
favoriteNumber * 4;
```

Use a variable and modify it:

```
favoriteNumber = favoriteNumber * 4;
```

Shortcut:

```
favoriteNumber *= 4;
```

Use multiple variables:

```
const myNumber = 45;
const otherNumber = 12;
const result = myNumber + otherNumber;
```

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