









## **Program Mathematics Unit**

# **Syllabus of Course 90902**

## **Differential and Integral Calculus2**

Academic Year	2025	
No. of course hours	6.00 Semestrial hours [Lecture 4.00 + tutorial -2.00 ]	
Academic credits	5.00	
Prerequisites	Pre: 90901 Differential and Integral Calculus1	
	Pre: 90905 Linear Algebra	
Please note that		
The prerequisites are for a	all programs, you are required to be updated on the prerequisites you need	
according to your persona	al program.	
Class Attendance	Not mandatory	
Objectives	The course presents the basic concepts and methods of	
	multivariable calculus as well its applications in science and	
	engineering.	
Abstract	Infinite series. Convergence tests. Series of functions; convergence	
	and uniform convergence. Power series; representation of f	
	unctions by power series. Taylor series. Functionsof several	
	variables- limits and continuity, partial and directional derivatives,	
	Linear approximation, Gradient. The chain rule. Higher order partial	
	derivatives and second degree Taylor polynomial. Relative/absolute	
	maximum and minimum values. Lagrange multipliers. Multiple	
	integrals. Fubini's theorem. Change of variables. Polar, cylindrical	
	and spherical coordinates. Line integrals of scalar functions. Line	
	integrals of vector fields. Independence of path and Green	
	theorem. Surface integrals of scalar functions. Oriented surfaces	











and surface integrals of vector fields. The divergence theorem	
(Gauss-Ostrogradsky). Stokes' theorem. Applications.	

### **Academic learning outcomes**

Learning outcomes related to	This course is designed to give students the mathematical	
the content of the course	background and the tools they need in engineering studies, in the	
	field of differential and integral calculus in several variables and	
	thus completes the fundamental topics of infinitesimal calculus.	

#### **Learning outcomes - Skills**

Integrative learning: linking to practical experience. The ability to identify connections between experience and similarly perceived ideas.

Problem solving: defining problems and identifying strategies. The ability to identify one or more approaches to problem solving without application in a specific context.

Critical thinking: explaining the issues, foundation, contexts, and taking a position. Presenting the subject based on information sources without interpretation, evaluation or taking a position.

Further points of emphasis
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### **Lecture topics by weeks**

The order of the topics can be changed at the lecturer's discretion.

Infinite series and tests of convergence (1):
 Infinite series. Convergence tests. The comparison, ratio and root tests. The integral test.

 Infinite series and tests of convergence (2):
 Alternating series; Leibniz's test; absolute and conditional convergence.

 Series of functions. Power series (1):











	Series of functions; convergence and uniform convergence; Weierstrass test for uniform
	convergence (if time allows). Power series;
	representation of function by power series.
3	Series of functions. Power series (2):
	Taylor and Mac-Laurin series. Cauchy-Hadamrd theorem. Differentiation and integration of
	power series. Applications.
	Functions of several variables (1):
	examples; domain, range and level curves. Limits and continuity.
4	Functions of several variables (2):
	Partial derivatives. Differentials and linear approximation. Gradients and directional
	derivatives. The chain rule; application to differential equations. Higher order partial
	derivatives.
5	Taylor polynomial. Relative/absolute minimum and maximum points (1):
	Second degree Taylor polynomial and quadratic approximation of functions of two or more
	variables. Relative/absolute maximum and minimum values; critical points and Fermat's
	theorem.
6	Relative/absolute minimum and maximum points (2):
	Second derivatives test; saddle points. Weierstrass theorem. Lagrange multipliers.
	Applications.
7	Multiple integrals (1):
	Multiple integrals; iterated integrals; Fubini's Theorem. Polar, cylindrical and spherical
	coordinates. The Jacobian and Change of variables. Applications of double and triple integrals.
8	Multiple integrals (2):
	Multiple integrals; iterated integrals; Fubini's Theorem. Polar, cylindrical and spherical
	coordinates. The Jacobian and Change of variables. Applications of double and triple integrals.
9	Multiple integrals (3):
	Multiple integrals; iterated integrals; Fubini's Theorem. Polar, cylindrical and spherical
	coordinates. The Jacobian and Change of variables. Applications of double and triple integrals.











10	Line integrals and Surface integrals (1):
	Line integrals of scalar functions. Line integrals of vector fields; work. The fundamental
	theorem for line integrals and independence of path.
11	Line integrals and Surface integrals (2):
	Green's theorem. Surfaces. Tangent planes, normal lines and gradient vectors. Surface
	integrals of scalar functions. Oriented surfaces and surface integrals of vector fields. Flux.
12	Gauss Theorem and Stokes Theorem (1):
	Divergence and curl. The divergence theorem (Gauss-Ostrogradsky). Applications.
13	Gauss Theorem and Stokes Theorem (2):
	Stokes' theorem. Applications.

# Tutorials / Labs topics by weeks

The order of the topics can be changed at the lab instructor's / tutor's discretion.

1	Infinite series. Convergence tests.
2	Power series (1)
3	Power series (2)
	Functions of several variables; examples; domain, range and level curves.
4	Limits and continuity. Partial derivatives. Higher order partial derivatives.
5	Gradients and directional derivatives. Differentials and linear approximation. The chain rule.
6	The chain rule; application to differential equations. Relative/absolute maximum and
	minimum values; critical points and Fermat's theorem. Weierstrass theorem. Applications.
7	Second derivatives test; Hessian and saddle points. Lagrange multipliers. Applications.
8	Multiple integrals and applications. Fubini's theorem. Jacobian (1)
9	Multiple integrals and applications. Fubini's theorem. Jacobian (2)
10	Multiple integrals and applications. Fubini's theorem. Jacobian (3)
11	Line integrals of scalar functions. Line integrals of vector fields; work. The fundamental
	theorem for line integrals and independence of path. Green's theorem.









12	Surfaces. Tangent planes, normal lines and gradient vectors. Surface integrals of scalar f	
	unctions.	
13	Surface integrals of vector fields. The divergence theorem (Gauss-Ostrogradsky) and Stokes'	
	theorem. Applications.	

Course coordinator	Prof. Stancescu Yoni
Language of instruction	Hebrew
Subjects for self-tutoring	
Textbooks and Recommended Bibliography	ה. אנטון, ״חשבון דיפרנציאלי ואינטגרלי א״, האוניברסיטה
	הפתוחה, תל אביב, 1997.
	ב. צ. קון-ס. זעפרני, ״חשבון דיפרנציאלי ואינטגרלי 1״,
	. הוצאת בק – ספרי לימוד, חיפה, 1994
	Thomas, G.B and Finney, R.L.: Calculus, 14th ed.,
	Addison-Wesley, 2018.











### **Course Requirements and Calculation of Final Grade**

Task Type	Percentage of Final Grade
Final Exam Grade	85
Midterm Exam Grade	10
Homework Assignments	5
A project in a course where there is no Final Exam	0
A project in a course where there is a Final Exam	0
Final Grade	0

### Clarification to pass the course:

In order to pass the course, students must fulfill the following conditions [excluding the English Beginners Course, Labs and Workshops]:

- 1. Final course grade of at least 60 [taking into consideration all the above course requirements].
- 2. Attendance according to the attendance requirement [see section regarding attendance].

#### **Exam and Midterm Exam**

Type of Midterm Exam Moodle (remotely)

Duration of Midterm Exam

Duration of Final Exam 180 minutes

Location of Final exam Regular class (no computers)

Permitted Material/Tools for Exams Standard calculator

Details of permitted materials for exam

Formula Sheets Formula sheets written by the lecturer

Number of single-sided sheets

**Location of Midterm exam**