DynareR: A Seamless Integration of R and Dynare

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1 About DynareR

DynareR is an R package that can run Dynare program from R Markdown.

2 Requirements

Users need the following in order to knit this document:

- 1. Dynare 4.6.1 or above
- 2. Octave 5.2.0 or above
- 3. Dynare is installed in the standard location as follows:
- /usr/lib/dynare/matlab for Linux
- /usr/lib/dynare/matlab for macOS
- c:/dynare/x.y/matlab for Windows, where x.y is Dynare version number.

If dynare and Octave are installed in standard location, DynareR package will take care of the configurations, which include adding matlab directory to path, using the latest installed dynare and so on. Otherwise, users have to specify the matlab folder using add_path function, set the Octave path using the set_octave_path function, or set dynare version using the set_dynare_version function.

3 Installation

DynareR can be installed using the following commands in R.

```
install.packages("DynareR")

OR
devtools::install_github('sagirumati/DynareR')
```

4 Usage

```
Please load the DynareR package as follows:
```

```
```{r DynareR}
library(DynareR)
```

Then create a chunk for dynare (adopted from Dynare example file bkk) as shown below:

```
```{dynare bkk,eval=T}
/*
```

```
* This file implements the multi-country RBC model with time to build,
 * described in Backus, Kehoe and Kydland (1992): "International Real Business
 * Cycles", Journal of Political Economy, 100(4), 745-775.
 * The notation for the variable names are the same in this file than in the paper.
 * However the timing convention is different: we had to taken into account the
 * fact that in Dynare, if a variable is denoted at the current period, then
 * this variable must be also decided at the current period.
 * Concretely, here are the differences between the paper and the model file:
 * - z_t in the model file is equal to z_{t+1} in the paper
 * - k_t in the model file is equal to k_{t+J} in the paper
 * - s_t in the model file is equal to s_{J,t}=s_{J-1,t+1}=...=s_{1,t+J-1} in the paper
 * The macroprocessor is used in this file to create a loop over countries.
 * Only two countries are used here (as in the paper), but it is easy to add
 * new countries in the corresponding macro-variable and completing the
 * calibration.
 * The calibration is the same than in the paper. The results in terms of
 * moments of variables are very close to that of the paper (but not equal
 * since the authors a different solution method).
 * This implementation was written by Sebastien Villemot. Please note that the
 * following copyright notice only applies to this Dynare implementation of the
 * model.
 */
 * Copyright (C) 2010 Dynare Team
 * This file is part of Dynare.
 * Dynare is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
* (at your option) any later version.
 * Dynare is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
 * along with Dynare. If not, see <a href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
0#define countries = [ "H", "F" ]
@\#define J = 4
O#for co in countries
varexo E_@{co};
```

```
parameters beta_@{co} alpha_@{co} eta_@{co} mu_@{co} gamma_@{co} theta_@{co} nu_@{co} sigma_@{co} delta
@#endfor
// Lagrange multiplier of aggregate constraint
var LGM;
parameters rho_@{countries[1]}_@{countries[2]} rho_@{countries[2]}_@{countries[1]};
model;
O#for co in countries
 Y_0(co) = ((LAMBDA_0(co)*K_0(co)(-0(J))^theta_0(co)*N_0(co)^(1-theta_0(co)))^(-nu_0(co)) + sigma_0(co)*K_0(co)^*(1-theta_0(co)))^(-nu_0(co)) + sigma_0(co)^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co)))^(-nu_0(co)) + sigma_0(co)^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co)))^*(-nu_0(co)) + sigma_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co)))^*(-nu_0(co)) + sigma_0(co))^*(-nu_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-theta_0(co))^*(1-the
K_0(co) = (1-delta_0(co))*K_0(co)(-1) + S_0(co);
X_0{co} =
0# for lag in (-J+1):0
                                                           + phi_0{co}*S_0{co}(0{lag})
@# endfor
A_0(co) = (1-eta_0(co))*A_0(co)(-1) + N_0(co);
L_0{co} = 1 - alpha_0{co}*N_0{co} - (1-alpha_0{co})*eta_0{co}*A_0{co}(-1);
// Utility multiplied by gamma
U_0(c_0) = (C_0(c_0)^mu_0(c_0)*L_0(c_0)^(1-mu_0(c_0))^gamma_0(c_0);
// FOC with respect to consumption
psi_0{co}*mu_0{co}/C_0{co}*U_0{co} = LGM;
// FOC with respect to labor
// NOTE: this condition is only valid for alpha = 1
psi_@\{co\}*(1-mu_@\{co\})/L_@\{co\}*(2-alpha_0\{co\}) = -LGM * (1-theta_0\{co\})/N_0\{co\}*(LAMBDA_0\{co\}*K(1-mu_0(co\}))/N_0(co) + (1-mu_0(co))/N_0(co) + (1-mu_0(co))/N_0
// FOC with respect to capital
0# for lag in 0:(J-1)
    +beta_0{co}^0{lag}*LGM(+0{lag})*phi_0{co}
@# endfor
@# for lag in 1:J
    -beta_0{co}^0{lag}*LGM(+0{lag})*phi_0{co}*(1-delta_0{co})
@# endfor
    = beta_0{co}^0{J}*LGM(+0{J})*theta_0{co}^K_0{co}^*(LAMBDA_0{co}^+(-0{J})*K_0{co}^+theta_0{co}^*N_0{co}^+(-0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*K_0{co}^+(-0{J})*K_0{co}^+(-0{J})*K_0{co}^+(-0{J})*K_0{co}^+(-0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*K_0{co}^+(-0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})*LGM(+0{J})
// FOC with respect to stock of inventories
    LGM = beta_0{co}*LGM(+1)*(1+sigma_0{co}*Z_0{co}^(-nu_0{co}-1)*Y_0{co}(+1)^(1+nu_0{co})); 
// Shock process
@# if co == countries[1]
@# define alt_co = countries[2]
@# define alt_co = countries[1]
@# endif
       (LAMBDA_@\{co\}-1) = rho_@\{co\}_@\{co\}_(-1)-1) + rho_@\{co\}_@\{alt\_co\}*(LAMBDA_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho_@\{co\}_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho_@\{co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho_@\{co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho_@\{co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_co]_@\{alt\_
NX_0\{co\} = (Y_0\{co\} - (C_0\{co\} + X_0\{co\} + Z_0\{co\} - Z_0\{co\}(-1)))/Y_0\{co\};
```

```
// World ressource constraint
@#for co in countries
  +C_0{co} + X_0{co} + Z_0{co} - Z_0{co}(-1)
@#endfor
O#for co in countries
  +Y_@{co}
@#endfor
   ;
end;
O#for co in countries
beta_0{co} = 0.99;
mu_0{co} = 0.34;
gamma_0{co} = -1.0;
alpha_0{co} = 1;
eta_0{co} = 0.5; // Irrelevant when alpha=1
theta_0\{co\} = 0.36;
nu_0{co} = 3;
sigma_0{co} = 0.01;
delta_0{co} = 0.025;
phi_0{co} = 1/0{J};
psi_0{co} = 0.5;
@#endfor
rho_H_H = 0.906;
rho_F_F = 0.906;
rho_H_F = 0.088;
rho_F_H = 0.088;
initval;
@#for co in countries
LAMBDA_@{co} = 1;
NX_{0}(co) = 0;
Z_0{co} = 1;
A_0{co} = 1;
L_0{co} = 0.5;
N_0{co} = 0.5;
Y_0{co} = 1;
K_0{co} = 1;
C_{0}(c_{0}) = 1;
S_0{co} = 1;
X_0{co} = 1;
E_0{co} = 0;
@#endfor
LGM = 1;
end;
```

@#endfor

```
shocks;
var E_H; stderr 0.00852;
var E_F; stderr 0.00852;
corr E_H, E_F = 0.258;
end;
steady;
check;
stoch_simul(order=1, hp_filter=1600);
```

The above chunk creates a Dynare program with the chunk's content, then automatically run Dynare, which will save Dynare outputs in the current directory.

Please note that DynareR uses the chunk name as the model name. So, the outpus of Dynare are saved in a folder with its respective chunk name. Thus a new folder bkk/ will be created in your current working directory.

By default, dynare chunk imports log output as a list of dataframes, which can be accessed via dynare\$modelName. Therefore to access the outputs of the bkk model produced by the dynare chunk, use dynare\$bkk.

Use inline code `r dynare\$bkk\$moments[2,3]` to access the value of second row and third column of the moments, which is 0.0024.

5 Plotting the IRF

The Impulse Response Function (IRF) is saved by default in bkk/bkk/graphs/ folder with the IRF's name bkk_IRF_E_H2.pdf, where bkk is the Dynare model's name. Therefore, you need to add stoch_simul(graph_format = (pdf)) to change the default saving behaviour of Dynare from eps to pdf.

6 DynareR functions for base R

The DynareR package is also designed to work with base R. The following functions show how to work with DynareR outside the R Markdown or Quarto documents.

6.1 The include IRF function

Use this function to embed the graphs Impulse Response Function (IRF) in R Markdown or Quarto document.

The Impulse Response Function (IRF) of the bkk model can be fetched using the following R chunk. Note that only the last part of the IRF's name (E_H2) is needed, that is bkk_IRF_ is excluded. Also note that out.extra='trim={0cm 7cm 0cm 7cm},clip' is used to trim the white space above and below the IRF.

```
'``{r IRF,fig.cap="Another of figure generated from Dynare software"}
include_IRF("bkk","E_H2")

# Alternatively, use the path argument

include_IRF(model="bkk",IRF = "E_H2")

#> PDF error: No display font for 'Symbol'

#> PDF error: No display font for 'ArialUnicode'
```

```
# Alternatively, use the path argument
include_IRF(path="bkk/bkk/graphs/bkk_IRF_E_H2.pdf")
#> PDF error: No display font for 'Symbol'
#> PDF error: No display font for 'ArialUnicode'
```

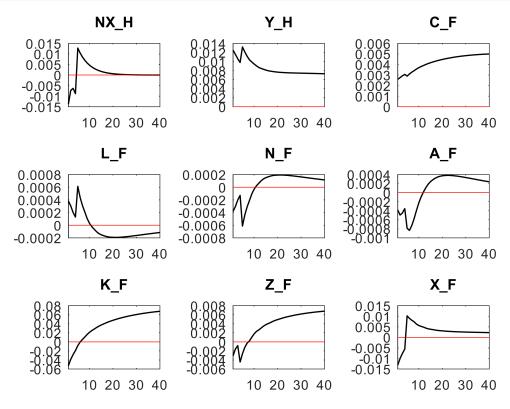


Figure 1: Another of figure generated from Dynare software

However, Dynare figure can only be dynamically included if the output format is pdf as Dynare produces pdf and eps graphs only.

6.2 The write dyn function

This function writes a new dyn file.

Use write_dyn(code="code",model="someModel") if you want the Dynare file to live in the current working directory. Use write_dyn(code="code",model="path/to/someDirectory/someModel") if you want the Dynare file to live in the path different from the current working directory.

```
dynareCodes='var y, c, k, a, h, b;
varexo e, u;
parameters beta, rho, alpha, delta, theta, psi, tau;
alpha = 0.36;
rho = 0.95;
tau = 0.025;
beta = 0.99;
delta = 0.025;
psi = 0;
theta = 2.95;
phi = 0.1;
```

```
model;
c*theta*h^(1+psi)=(1-alpha)*y;
k = beta*(((exp(b)*c)/(exp(b(+1))*c(+1)))
          *(exp(b(+1))*alpha*y(+1)+(1-delta)*k));
y = \exp(a)*(k(-1)^a)*(h^(1-a));
k = \exp(b)*(y-c)+(1-delta)*k(-1);
a = rho*a(-1)+tau*b(-1) + e;
b = tau*a(-1)+rho*b(-1) + u;
end:
initval;
y = 1.08068253095672;
c = 0.80359242014163;
h = 0.29175631001732;
k = 11.08360443260358;
a = 0;
b = 0;
e = 0;
u = 0;
end;
shocks;
var e; stderr 0.009;
var u; stderr 0.009;
var e, u = phi*0.009*0.009;
end;
stoch_simul;'
write_dyn(code=dynareCodes, model="example1")
write_dyn(code=dynareCodes,model="DynareR/write_dyn/example1")
```

6.3 The write mod function

This function writes a new mod file.

Use write_mod(code="code",model="someModel") if you want the Dynare file to live in the current working directory. Use write_mod(code="code",model="path/to/someDirectory/someModel") if you want the Dynare file to live in the path different from the current working directory.

```
DynareCodes='var y, c, k, a, h, b;
varexo e, u;
parameters beta, rho, alpha, delta, theta, psi, tau;
alpha = 0.36;
rho = 0.95;
tau = 0.025;
beta = 0.99;
delta = 0.025;
psi = 0;
theta = 2.95;
phi = 0.1;
model;
c*theta*h^(1+psi)=(1-alpha)*y;
```

```
k = beta*(((exp(b)*c)/(exp(b(+1))*c(+1)))
          *(exp(b(+1))*alpha*y(+1)+(1-delta)*k));
y = \exp(a)*(k(-1)^a)*(h^(1-a));
k = \exp(b)*(y-c)+(1-delta)*k(-1);
a = rho*a(-1)+tau*b(-1) + e;
b = tau*a(-1)+rho*b(-1) + u;
end;
initval;
y = 1.08068253095672;
c = 0.80359242014163;
h = 0.29175631001732;
k = 11.08360443260358;
a = 0;
b = 0;
e = 0;
u = 0;
end;
shocks;
var e; stderr 0.009;
var u; stderr 0.009;
var e, u = phi*0.009*0.009;
stoch simul;'
write_mod(model="example1",code=dynareCodes)
write_mod(code=dynareCodes,model="DynareR/write_mod/example1")
```

6.4 The run_dynare function

Create and run Dynare mod file

Use this function to create and run Dynare mod file. Use run_dynare(code="code",model="someModel") if you want the Dynare files to live in the current working directory. Use run_dynare(code="code",model="path/to/someDirectify you want the Dynare files to live in the path different from the current working directory. Use import_log=T argument to return the dynare log file as list of dataframes in an environment dynare, which can be accessed via dynare\$modelName.

```
DynareCodes='var y, c, k, a, h, b;
varexo e, u;
parameters beta, rho, alpha, delta, theta, psi, tau;
alpha = 0.36;
rho = 0.95;
tau = 0.025;
beta = 0.99;
delta = 0.025;
psi = 0;
theta = 2.95;
phi = 0.1;
model;
c*theta*h^(1+psi)=(1-alpha)*y;
```

```
k = beta*(((exp(b)*c)/(exp(b(+1))*c(+1)))
          *(exp(b(+1))*alpha*y(+1)+(1-delta)*k));
y = \exp(a)*(k(-1)^alpha)*(h^(1-alpha));
k = \exp(b)*(y-c)+(1-delta)*k(-1);
a = rho*a(-1)+tau*b(-1) + e;
b = tau*a(-1)+rho*b(-1) + u;
end;
initval;
y = 1.08068253095672;
c = 0.80359242014163;
h = 0.29175631001732;
k = 11.08360443260358;
a = 0;
b = 0;
e = 0;
u = 0;
end;
shocks;
var e; stderr 0.009;
var u; stderr 0.009;
var e, u = phi*0.009*0.009;
end;
stoch simul;'
run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model="example1", import_log = T)
run_dynare(code=DynareCodes,model="DynareR/run_dynare/example1")
```

6.5 The run_models function

Run multiple existing mod or dyn files.

Use this function to execute multiple existing Dynare files. Use run_models(model="someModel") if the Dynare files live in the current working directory. Use run_models(model="path/to/someDirectory/someModel") if the Dynare files live in the path different from the current working directory. Use run_models() to exectute all the dynare models in the current working directory. Use run_models("path/to/someDirectory*) to run all the dynare models in path/to/someDirectory.

Where agtrend.mod, bkk.mod and example1.mod are the Dynare model files (with mod or dyn extension), which live in the current working directory.

```
demo(agtrend)
#>
#>
#> demo(agtrend)
#> ---- ~~~~~
#>
#> # We use "agtrend" of the Dynare example files to illustrate
#> > #how to use this function
#> >
#> >
#> > library(DynareR)
#>
```

```
#> > DynareCodes='/*
#> + * This file replicates the model studied in:
#> + * Aquiar, Mark and Gopinath, Gita (2004): "Emerging Market Business Cycles:
#> + * The Cycle is the Trend" (NBER WP 10734). It is different from version published
#> + * in the Journal of Political Economy.
#> + * This model file is intended to show the capabilities of the Dynare macro
#> + * language. It is not intended to provide a full replication of the original
#> + * paper due to some differences in model calibration. In
#> + * particular, this mod-file does not calibrate the share of debt to GDP
#> + * to 0.1 as this would require the use of a steady state file. Rather, the
#> + * absolute value of debt is set to 0.1. Given that output is close to 1 in
#> + * the benchmark specification, this results in only a small difference to
#> + * the working paper.
#> + * The mod-file reproduces Figure 4 of the working paper, which displays the
#> + * model response to 1 percent shock to trend and cyclical TFP.
#> + *
#> + * This implementation was written by S?bastien Villemot and Johannes Pfeifer.
#> + * Please note that the following copyright notice only applies to this Dynare
#> + * implementation of the model.
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#> +
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#> + */
#> +
#> + // Set the following variable to 0 to get Cobb-Douglas utility
\#> + @\#define\ qhh = 1
#> + // Set the following variable to 0 to get the calibration for Canada
#> + @#define mexico = 1
#> +
#> + var c k y b q g l u z uc ul f c_y tb_y i_y;
#> +
#> + varexo eps_z eps_g;
#> +
#> + parameters mu_g sigma rho_g sigma_g delta phi psi b_star alpha rho_z sigma_z r_star beta;
```

```
#> + // Benchmark parameter values (table 3)
#> + @#if qhh == 1
#> + parameters tau nu;
\#> + tau = 1.4;
\#> + nu = 1.6;
#> + @#else
#> + parameters gamma;
\#> + gamma = 0.36;
#> + @#endif
#> +
#> + alpha = 0.68;
#> + sigma = 2;
#> + delta = 0.03;
\#> + beta = 0.98;
\#> + psi = 0.001;
#> + b_star = 0.1; //taken here as the steady state value of debt; in the original paper, this is the s
#> + // Estimated parameters (table 4)
#> + @#if mexico == 1
#> + @# if ghh == 1
\#> + mu_g = 1.006;
\#> + sigma_z = 0.0041;
\#> + rho_z = 0.94;
\#> + sigma_g = 0.0109;
\#> + rho_g = 0.72;
\#> + phi = 3.79;
#> + @# else
\#> + mu_g = 1.005;
\#> + sigma_z = 0.0046;
\#> + rho_z = 0.94;
\#> + sigma_g = 0.025;
\#> + rho_g = 0.06;
\#> + phi = 2.82;
#> + @# endif
#> + @#else
#> + // Canada
#> + @# if ghh == 1
\#> + mu_g = 1.007;
\#> + sigma_z = 0.0057;
\#> + rho_z = 0.88;
\#> + sigma_g = 0.0014;
\#> + rho_g = 0.94;
\#> + phi = 2.63;
#> + @# else
\#> + mu_g = 1.007;
\#> + sigma_z = 0.0072;
\#> + rho_z = 0.96;
\#> + sigma_g = 0.0044;
\#> + rho_q = 0.50;
\#> + phi = 3.76;
#> + @# endif
#> + @#endif
#> +
```

```
#> + @#if qhh == 1
\#> + r_star = mu_g^sigma/beta - 1;
#> + @#else
\#> + r_star = mu_g^(1-gamma*(1-sigma))/beta - 1;
#> + @#endif
#> +
#> + model; //equation numbers refer to numbers in the working paper version
\#> + y = \exp(z) * k(-1)^{(1-alpha)} * (g*l)^{alpha}; // Production technology (1)
\#>+z=rho_z*z(-1)+sigma_z*eps_z; // Transitory shock (2)
\#> + \log(g) = (1-rho_g)*log(mu_g)+rho_g*log(g(-1))+sigma_g*eps_g; // Trend shock
#> + @#if ghh == 1
\#> + u = (c-tau*l^nu)^(1-sigma)/(1-sigma); // GHH utility (3)
\#> + uc = (c - tau*l^nu)^(-sigma);
\#> + ul = -tau*nu*l^(nu-1)*(c - tau*l^nu)^(-sigma);
\#> + f = beta*q^(1-sigma);
#> + @#else
\#> + u = (c^gamma*(1-l)^(1-gamma))^(1-sigma)/(1-sigma); // Cobb-Douglas utility (4)
\#> + uc = gamma*u/c*(1-sigma);
\#> + ul = -(1-gamma)*u/(1-l)*(1-sigma);
\#> + f = beta*g^(gamma*(1-sigma));
#> + @#endif
* + c+g*k=y+(1-delta)*k(-1)-phi/2*(g*k/k(-1)-mu_g)^2*k(-1)-b(-1)+q*g*b; // Resource constraint (5)
\#> + 1/q = 1 + r_s tar + psi*(exp(b-b_s tar)-1); // Price of debt (6)
* + uc*(1+phi*(g*k/k(-1)-mu_g))*g=f*uc(+1)*(1-delta+(1-alpha)*y(+1)/k+phi/2*(g(+1)*k(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)*k(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)*k(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)*k(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)*k(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)*k(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)*k(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)*k(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)*k(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k-mu_g)*(g(+1)/k
#> + ul+uc*alpha*y/l=0; // Leisure-consumption arbitrage (11)
\#> + uc*g*q=f*uc(+1); // Euler equation (12)
#> +
#> + //definition of auxiliary variables to be plotted
\#>+tb_y=(b(-1)-g*q*b)/y; // Trade balance to GDP ratio, not logged as it can be negative
\#>+c_y=\log(c/y); // Consumption to GDP ratio, logged to be in percent
\# + i_y = \log((q*k-(1-delta)*k(-1)+phi/2*(q*k/k(-1)-mu_q)^2*k(-1))/y); // Investment to GDP ratio, log
#> + end;
#> +
#> + initval;
\#> + q = 1/(1+r_star);
\#> + b = b_star;
\#> + z = 0;
\#> + g = mu_g;
#> +
\#> + c = 0.583095;
\#>+k=4.02387;
\#> + y = 0.721195;
\#> + l = 0.321155;
#> +
#> + @#if ghh == 1
\#> + u = (c-tau*l^nu)^(1-sigma)/(1-sigma);
#> + uc = (c - tau*l^nu)^(-sigma);
\#> + ul = -tau*nu*l^(nu-1)*(c - tau*l)^(-sigma);
\#> + f = beta*q^(1-sigma);
#> + @#else
\#> + u = (c^qamma*(1-l)^(1-qamma))^(1-siqma)/(1-siqma);
\#> + uc = gamma*u/c*(1-sigma);
\#> + ul = -(1-gamma)*u/(1-l)*(1-sigma);
```

```
\#> + f = beta*g^(gamma*(1-sigma));
#> + @#endif
#> +
\#> + tb_y = (b-q*q*b)/y;
\#> + c_y = c/y;
\#> + i_y = (g*k-(1-delta)*k)/y;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + shocks;
#> + var eps_g; stderr 1/sigma_g/100; // use a 1 percent shock
#> + var eps_z; stderr 1/sigma_z/100; // use a 1 percent shock
#> + end;
#> +
#> + steady;
#> +
#> + check;
#> + // Plot impulse response functions (Figure 4)
#> + stoch_simul(order=1) tb_y c_y i_y;'
#>
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model="aqtrend")
#>
#> > # You can create an absolute or relative path for the DynareR files.
#> > # The following writes and run mod file in "DynareR/run_dynare/" folder
#> > # relative to the current path.
#> >
#> >
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model="DynareR/run_dynare/agtrend")
demo(bkk)
#>
#>
#> demo(bkk)
#>
#> > # We use "bkk" of the Dynare example files to illustrate
#> > #how to use this function
#> >
#> >
#> > library(DynareR)
#> > DynareCodes='/*
#> + * This file implements the multi-country RBC model with time to build,
#> + * described in Backus, Kehoe and Kydland (1992): "International Real Business
#> + * Cycles", Journal of Political Economy, 100(4), 745-775.
#> + *
\#>+ * The notation for the variable names are the same in this file than in the paper.
#> + * However the timing convention is different: we had to taken into account the
#> + * fact that in Dynare, if a variable is denoted at the current period, then
#> + * this variable must be also decided at the current period.
#> + * Concretely, here are the differences between the paper and the model file:
\#>+ * - z_t in the model file is equal to z_{t+1} in the paper
\#>+ * - k_t in the model file is equal to k_t{t+J} in the paper
* + * - s_t in the model file is equal to s_tJ_t=s_tJ_t-1, t+1=...=s_t-1, t+J_t-1} in the paper
```

```
\#>+ * The macroprocessor is used in this file to create a loop over countries.
#> + * Only two countries are used here (as in the paper), but it is easy to add
#> + * new countries in the corresponding macro-variable and completing the
#> + * calibration.
#> + *
#> + * The calibration is the same than in the paper. The results in terms of
#> + * moments of variables are very close to that of the paper (but not equal
#> + * since the authors a different solution method).
#> + * This implementation was written by Sebastien Villemot. Please note that the
#> + * following copyright notice only applies to this Dynare implementation of the
#> + * model.
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#> + */
#> +
#> + @#define countries = [ "H", "F" ]
\#> + @\#define\ J = 4
#> +
#> + @#for co in countries
#> + var C_@{co} L_@{co} N_@{co} A_@{co} K_@{co} Z_@{co} X_@{co} LAMBDA_@{co} S_@{co} NX_@{co} Y_@{co};
#> +
#> + varexo E @{co};
#> + parameters beta_@{co} alpha_@{co} eta_@{co} mu_@{co} qamma_@{co} theta_@{co} nu_@{co} sigma_@{co}
#> + @#endfor
#> + // Lagrange multiplier of aggregate constraint
#> + var LGM;
#> + parameters rho_@{countries[1]}_@{countries[2]} rho_@{countries[2]}_@{countries[1]};
#> + model;
#> + @#for co in countries
```

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} \#> & + & Y_0(co) = ((LAMBDA_0(co) * K_0(co) (-0(J))^t heta_0(co) * N_0(co)^t (1-theta_0(co)))^t (-nu_0(co)) & + & sigma_0(co) + & sigma_0(co) + & sigma_0(co) & + & sigma
\#> + K_0(co) = (1-delta_0(co))*K_0(co)(-1) + S_0(co);
\#> + X_{0}\{co\} =
\#> + @\# for lag in (-J+1):0
#> +
                                                 + phi_@{co}*S_@{co}(@{lag})
#> + @# endfor
#> + ;
#> +
\#> + A_0(co) = (1-eta_0(co))*A_0(co)(-1) + N_0(co);
* + L_Q{co} = 1 - alpha_Q{co}*N_Q{co} - (1-alpha_Q{co})*eta_Q{co}*A_Q{co}(-1);
#> +
#> + // Utility multiplied by gamma
# > + # U_0(co) = (C_0(co)^mu_0(co)*L_0(co)^(1-mu_0(co))^gamma_0(co);
#> +
#> + // FOC with respect to consumption
#> + psi_@{co}*mu_@{co}/C_@{co}*U_@{co} = LGM;
#> + // FOC with respect to labor
#> + // NOTE: this condition is only valid for alpha = 1
\# + psi_0(co)*(1-mu_0(co))/L_0(co)*(2-co)*(-alpha_0(co)) = -LGM*(1-theta_0(co))/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0(co))
#> +
#> + // FOC with respect to capital
\#> + @\# for lag in 0:(J-1)
#> + +beta_@{co}^@{lag}*LGM(+@{lag})*phi_@{co}
#> + @# endfor
#> + @# for lag in 1:J
#> + -beta_@{co}^@{lag}*LGM(+@{lag})*phi_@{co}*(1-delta_@{co})
#> + @# endfor
\# + = beta_0(c_0)^0(J)*LGM(+0(J))*theta_0(c_0)/K_0(c_0)*(LAMBDA_0(c_0)(+0(J))*K_0(c_0)^theta_0(c_0)*N_0(c_0)
#> +
#> + // FOC with respect to stock of inventories
\# + LGM=beta_Q(co)*LGM(+1)*(1+siqma_Q(co)*Z_Q(co)^(-nu_Q(co)-1)*Y_Q(co)(+1)^(1+nu_Q(co));
#> +
#> + // Shock process
#> + @# if co == countries[1]
#> + @# define alt_co = countries[2]
#> + @# else
#> + @# define alt_co = countries[1]
#> + @# endif
\#> + (LAMBDA\_@\{co\}-1) = rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{co\}*(LAMBDA\_@\{co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{alt\_co\}*(LAMBDA\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{alt\_co}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{alt\_co}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{alt\_co}(-1)-
#> +
* + X_{Q(c)} = (Y_{Q(c)} - (C_{Q(c)} + X_{Q(c)} + Z_{Q(c)} - Z_{Q(c)}(-1)))/Y_{Q(c)};
#> +
#> + @#endfor
#> +
#> + // World ressource constraint
#> + @#for co in countries
\#>+ + C_0\{co\} + X_0\{co\} + Z_0\{co\} - Z_0\{co\}(-1)
#> + @#endfor
#> +
#> + @#for co in countries
\#> + + Y_0\{co\}
```

```
#> + @#endfor
#> + ;
#> +
#> + end;
#> +
#> + @#for co in countries
\#> + beta_0{co} = 0.99;
\#> + mu_0{co} = 0.34;
\#> + gamma_0{co} = -1.0;
\#> + alpha_0{co} = 1;
\#> + eta_@\{co\} = 0.5; // Irrelevant when alpha=1
\#> + theta_0\{co\} = 0.36;
\#> + nu_0\{co\} = 3;
\#> + sigma_0{co} = 0.01;
#> + delta_@{co} = 0.025;
\#> + phi_0{co} = 1/0{J};
\#> + psi_0{co} = 0.5;
#> + @#endfor
#> +
\#> + rho_H_H = 0.906;
\#> + rho_F_F = 0.906;
\#> + rho_H_F = 0.088;
\#> + rho_F_H = 0.088;
#> +
#> + initval;
#> + @#for co in countries
\#> + LAMBDA_@\{co\} = 1;
\#> + NX_0\{co\} = 0;
\#> + Z_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + A_0(co) = 1;
\#> + L_0(co) = 0.5;
\#> + N_0\{co\} = 0.5;
\#> + Y_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + K_0{co} = 1;
\#> + C_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + S_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + X_0\{co\} = 1;
#> +
\#> + E_{0}(co) = 0;
#> + @#endfor
#> +
\#> + LGM = 1;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + shocks;
#> + var E_H; stderr 0.00852;
#> + var E_F; stderr 0.00852;
\#> + corr E_H, E_F = 0.258;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + steady;
#> + check;
#> +
```

```
#> + stoch_simul(order=1, hp_filter=1600,graph_format=pdf);
#> + '
#>
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model="bkk")
#>
#> > # You can create an absolute or relative path for the DynareR files.
#> > # The following writes and run mod file in "DynareR/run_dynare/" folder
#> > # relative to the current path.
#> >
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model="DynareR/run_dynare/bkk")
demo(example1)
#>
#>
#> demo(example1)
#> ---- ~~~~~
#> > # We use "example1" of the Dynare example files to illustrate
#> > #how to use this function
#> >
#> > FileName<-"example1"</pre>
#>
#> > library(DynareR)
#>
#> > DynareCodes='/*
#> + * Example 1 from F. Collard (2001): "Stochastic simulations with DYNARE:
#> + * A practical guide" (see "guide.pdf" in the documentation directory).
#> + */
#> +
#> + /*
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#> + */
#> +
#> +
\#> + var y, c, k, a, h, b;
\#> + varexo e, u;
#> +
#> + parameters beta, rho, alpha, delta, theta, psi, tau;
```

```
#> +
\#> + alpha = 0.36;
\#> + rho = 0.95;
\#> + tau = 0.025;
\#> + beta = 0.99;
#> + delta = 0.025;
\#> + psi = 0;
\#> + theta = 2.95;
#> +
\#> + phi = 0.1;
#> +
#> + model;
#> + c*theta*h^(1+psi)=(1-alpha)*y;
\#> + k = beta*(((exp(b)*c)/(exp(b(+1))*c(+1)))
         *(exp(b(+1))*alpha*y(+1)+(1-delta)*k));
\#> + y = exp(a)*(k(-1)^alpha)*(h^(1-alpha));
\#> + k = exp(b)*(y-c)+(1-delta)*k(-1);
\#> + a = rho*a(-1)+tau*b(-1) + e;
\#> + b = tau*a(-1)+rho*b(-1) + u;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + initval;
\#>+y=1.08068253095672;
\#> + c = 0.80359242014163;
\#> + h = 0.29175631001732;
\#>+k=11.08360443260358;
\#> + a = 0;
\#> + b = 0;
\#>+e=0;
\#> + u = 0;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + shocks;
#> + var e; stderr 0.009;
#> + var u; stderr 0.009;
\#> + var e, u = phi*0.009*0.009;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + stoch_simul;'
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model = "example1")
#>
#> > # You can create an absolute or relative path for the DynareR files.
#> > # The following writes and run mod file in "DynareR/run_dynare/" folder
#> > # relative to the current path.
#> >
#> >
#> >
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model = "DynareR/run_dynare/example1")
# Provide the list of the `Dynare` files in a vector
# Ensure that "agtrend.mod", "bkk.mod" and "example1.mod"
# live in the current working directory
```

```
# Copy the dynare files to the current working directory

lapply(c("agtrend","bkk","example1"),\(x) file.copy(paste0(x,"/",x,".mod"),"."))
#> [[1]]
#> [1] TRUE

#> [[2]]
#> [1] TRUE

#> [[3]]
#> [1] TRUE

run_models(c("agtrend","bkk","example1")) # Run the models in the vector.
```

To run all Dynare models that live in the current working directory, use the following:

```
run_models() # Run all models in Current Working Directory.
```

To run all Dynare models that live in particular path (for example 'DynareR/run_dynare/' folder), use the following:

```
# Copy the dynare files to the 'DynareR/run_dynare' directory

lapply(c("agtrend","bkk","example1"),\(x) file.copy(paste0(x,".mod"),"DynareR/run_dynare"))
#> [[1]]
#> [1] TRUE
#>
#> [[2]]
#> [1] TRUE
#>
#> [[3]]
#> [1] TRUE
run_models(model = 'DynareR/run_dynare*') # notice the * at the end
```

7 import_log function

This function returns the dynare log output as a list of dataframes, which include summary, shocks, policy, moments, decomposition, correlation and autocorrelation. The list is accessible via dynare\$modelName. if the model name is bkk, the policy variables can be obtained via dynare\$bkk\$policy as a dataframe.

```
import_log(model="bkk")
#> NULL

import_log(path="bkk/bkk.log")
#> NULL

knitr::kable(dynare$bkk$autocorrelation) %>% kableExtra::kable_styling(latex_options = c("basic","hold kableExtra::footnote(general="Some footnote with equation $\\alpha x^2+\\beta x+c=0$", general_title = kableExtra::row_spec(0,bold=T)
```

Order	X1	X2	X 3	X4	X5
С_Н	0.7277	0.4968	0.3105	0.1655	0.0268
L_H	0.6843	0.4628	0.3519	0.3262	0.0676
N_H	0.6843	0.4628	0.3519	0.3262	0.0676
H	0.8817	0.7001	0.5277	0.3600	0.1320
K_H	0.6471	0.3737	0.1679	0.0176	-0.0905
Z_H	0.7119	0.5339	0.4710	0.1904	-0.0219
H	0.6202	0.2743	-0.0522	-0.3742	-0.3032
LAMBDA_H	0.6933	0.4421	0.2405	0.0824	-0.0377
S_H	-0.1118	-0.0955	-0.0784	-0.0598	-0.0506
NX_H	0.5027	0.2569	0.0621	-0.3409	-0.2835
H	0.6868	0.4605	0.3238	0.2646	0.0490
F	0.7277	0.4968	0.3105	0.1655	0.0268
L_F	0.6843	0.4628	0.3519	0.3262	0.0676
F	0.6843	0.4628	0.3519	0.3262	0.0676
F	0.8817	0.7001	0.5277	0.3600	0.1320
	0.6471	0.3737	0.1679	0.0176	-0.0905
F	0.7119	0.5339	0.4710	0.1904	-0.0219
F	0.6202	0.2743	-0.0522	-0.3742	-0.3032
LAMBDA_F	0.6933	0.4421	0.2405	0.0824	-0.0377
F	-0.1118	-0.0955	-0.0784	-0.0598	-0.0506
NX_F	0.5027	0.2569	0.0621	-0.3409	-0.2835
Y_F	0.6868	0.4605	0.3238	0.2646	0.0490
LGM	0.7367	0.5080	0.3158	0.1585	0.0289

^{*} Some footnote with equation $alphax^2 + betax + c = 0$

8 set_dynare_version function

On Windows, you can set the version of dynare you want to use. By default, DynareR package does this for you if the dynare version ranges from 4.6.1 to 9.9. However, if you are using the development version of dynare, for example version 6-unstable-2022-04-03-0800-700a0e3a, you can override the default as follows

```
set_dynare_version("6-unstable-2022-04-03-0800-700a0e3a")
```

9 set_octave_path function

You can use this function if Octave is not installed in the standard location

```
set_octave_path('C:/Program Files/GNU Octave/Octave-6.4.0/mingw64/bin/octave20.exe')
```

10 add_path function

This function is a wrapper of addpath in Octave. If dynare is not installed in the standard location, use this function to add the matlab subdirectory. By default, DynareR does this for if dynare is installed in the standard location.

```
add_path('/usr/lib/dynare/matlab')# Default for Linux
add_path('c:/dynare/5.1/matlab') # Default for Windows, but 5.1 can change if later version of
# `Dynare` is installed.
```

11 Demo

The demo files are included and can be accessed via demo(package="DynareR")

```
demo(run_dynare)
#>
#>
#> demo(run_dynare)
#>
#>
#> > # We use "example1" of the Dynare example files to illustrate
#> > #how to use this function
#> >
#> >
#> > library(DynareR)
\#>> DynareCodes='var\ y,\ c,\ k,\ a,\ h,\ b;
#> + varexo e, u;
#> +
#> + parameters beta, rho, alpha, delta, theta, psi, tau;
\#> + alpha = 0.36;
#> + rho
         = 0.95;
\#> + tau = 0.025;
\#> + beta = 0.99;
#> + delta = 0.025;
\#> + psi = 0;
#> + theta = 2.95;
#> +
#> + phi
         = 0.1;
#> +
#> + model;
#> + c*theta*h^(1+psi)=(1-alpha)*y;
\#> + k = beta*(((exp(b)*c)/(exp(b(+1))*c(+1)))
               *(exp(b(+1))*alpha*y(+1)+(1-delta)*k));
\#> + y = exp(a)*(k(-1)^alpha)*(h^(1-alpha));
\#> + k = exp(b)*(y-c)+(1-delta)*k(-1);
\#> + a = rho*a(-1)+tau*b(-1) + e;
\#> + b = tau*a(-1)+rho*b(-1) + u;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + initval;
\#>+y=1.08068253095672;
\#> + c = 0.80359242014163;
\#> + h = 0.29175631001732;
\#>+k=11.08360443260358;
\#> + a = 0;
\#> + b = 0;
\#>+e=0;
\#> + u = 0;
#> + end;
```

```
#> +
#> + shocks;
#> + var e; stderr 0.009;
#> + var u; stderr 0.009;
\#> + var e, u = phi*0.009*0.009;
\#>+end;
#> +
#> + stoch_simul;'
#>
#> > # You can create an absolute or relative path for the DynareR files.
#> > # The following writes and run mod file in "DynareR/run_dynare/" folder
#> > # relative to the current path.
#> >
#> >
#> >
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model = "run_dynare")
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model = "DynareR/run_dynare/run_dynare")
demo(run_models)
#>
#>
#> demo(run models)
#> ---- ~~~~~
#>
#> > library(DynareR)
#> > # This file should be the last to execute
#> >
#> > library(DynareR)
#>
#> > # Copy the dynare files to the current working directory
#> > demo(agtrend)
#>
#>
#> demo(agtrend)
#>
   ____ ~~~~~
#>
#> > # We use "agtrend" of the Dynare example files to illustrate
#> > #how to use this function
#> >
#> >
#> > library(DynareR)
#>
#> > DynareCodes='/*
#> + * This file replicates the model studied in:
#> + * Aguiar, Mark and Gopinath, Gita (2004): "Emerging Market Business Cycles:
\#>+ * The Cycle is the Trend" (NBER WP 10734). It is different from version published
#> + * in the Journal of Political Economy.
#> + * This model file is intended to show the capabilities of the Dynare macro
#> + * language. It is not intended to provide a full replication of the original
\#> + * paper due to some differences in model calibration. In
```

```
#> + * particular, this mod-file does not calibrate the share of debt to GDP
#> + * to 0.1 as this would require the use of a steady state file. Rather, the
#> + * absolute value of debt is set to 0.1. Given that output is close to 1 in
#> + * the benchmark specification, this results in only a small difference to
#> + * the working paper.
\#>+ * The mod-file reproduces Figure 4 of the working paper, which displays the
#> + * model response to 1 percent shock to trend and cyclical TFP.
#> + * This implementation was written by S?bastien Villemot and Johannes Pfeifer.
#> + * Please note that the following copyright notice only applies to this Dynare
#> + * implementation of the model.
#> + */
#> +
#> + /*
#> + * Copyright (C) 2012-13 Dynare Team
#> + * This file is part of Dynare.
#> + *
#> + * Dynare is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
#> + * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
#> + * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
#> + * (at your option) any later version.
#> + *
#> + * Dynare is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
#> + * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
#> + * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
#> + * GNU General Public License for more details.
#> + *
#> + * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
#> + * along with Dynare. If not, see <a href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
#> + */
#> +
#> + // Set the following variable to 0 to get Cobb-Douglas utility
\#> + @\#define\ qhh = 1
#> + // Set the following variable to 0 to get the calibration for Canada
#> + @#define mexico = 1
#> +
\#> + var c k y b q g l u z uc ul f c_y tb_y i_y;
#> +
#> + varexo eps_z eps_g;
#> +
#> + parameters mu_g sigma rho_g sigma_g delta phi psi b_star alpha rho_z sigma_z r_star beta;
#> +
#> + // Benchmark parameter values (table 3)
#> + @#if qhh == 1
#> + parameters tau nu;
\#> + tau = 1.4;
\#> + nu = 1.6;
#> + @#else
#> + parameters qamma;
\#> + gamma = 0.36;
#> + @#endif
```

```
#> +
\#> + alpha = 0.68;
\#> + sigma = 2;
#> + delta = 0.03;
\#> + beta = 0.98;
\#> + psi = 0.001;
#> + b_star = 0.1; //taken here as the steady state value of debt; in the original paper, this is the s
#> + // Estimated parameters (table 4)
#> + @#if mexico == 1
#> + @# if ghh == 1
\#> + mu_q = 1.006;
\#> + sigma_z = 0.0041;
\#> + rho_z = 0.94;
\#> + sigma_g = 0.0109;
\#> + rho_g = 0.72;
\#> + phi = 3.79;
#> + @# else
\#> + mu_g = 1.005;
\#> + sigma_z = 0.0046;
\#> + rho z = 0.94;
\#> + sigma_g = 0.025;
\#> + rho_g = 0.06;
\#> + phi = 2.82;
#> + @# endif
#> + @#else
#> + // Canada
#> + @# if ghh == 1
\#> + mu_g = 1.007;
\#> + sigma_z = 0.0057;
\#> + rho_z = 0.88;
\#> + sigma_g = 0.0014;
\#> + rho_g = 0.94;
\#> + phi = 2.63;
#> + @# else
\#> + mu_g = 1.007;
\#> + sigma_z = 0.0072;
\#> + rho_z = 0.96;
\#> + sigma_g = 0.0044;
\#> + rho_g = 0.50;
\#> + phi = 3.76;
#> + @# endif
#> + @#endif
#> +
#> + @#if ghh == 1
\#> + r_star = mu_g^sigma/beta - 1;
#> + @#else
\#> + r_star = mu_g^(1-gamma*(1-sigma))/beta - 1;
#> + @#endif
#> + model; //equation numbers refer to numbers in the working paper version
\# + y=exp(z)*k(-1)^(1-alpha)*(g*l)^alpha; // Production technology (1)
\#>+z=rho_z*z(-1)+sigma_z*eps_z; // Transitory shock (2)
```

```
\#> + \log(g) = (1-rho_g)*\log(mu_g)+rho_g*\log(g(-1))+sigma_g*eps_g; // Trend shock
#> + @#if qhh == 1
\# + u = (c-tau*l^nu)^(1-sigma)/(1-sigma); // GHH utility (3)
\#> + uc = (c - tau*l^nu)^(-sigma);
\#> + ul = -tau*nu*l^(nu-1)*(c - tau*l^nu)^(-sigma);
\#> + f = beta*g^(1-sigma);
#> + @#else
\#> + u = (c^q amma*(1-l)^(1-qamma))^(1-sigma)/(1-sigma); // Cobb-Douglas utility (4)
\#> + uc = qamma*u/c*(1-siqma);
\#> + ul = -(1-gamma)*u/(1-l)*(1-sigma);
\#> + f = beta*g^(gamma*(1-sigma));
#> + @#endif
\#> + c + q * k = y + (1 - delta) * k (-1) - phi/2 * (g * k/k (-1) - mu_g)^2 * k (-1) - b (-1) + q * g * b; // Resource constraint (5)
\#> + 1/q = 1+r_star+psi*(exp(b-b_star)-1); // Price of debt (6)
* + uc*(1+phi*(q*k/k(-1)-mu_q))*q=f*uc(+1)*(1-delta+(1-alpha)*y(+1)/k+phi/2*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k-mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)*k(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(q(+1)/k+mu_q)*(
#> + ul+uc*alpha*y/l=0; // Leisure-consumption arbitrage (11)
\#> + uc*g*q=f*uc(+1); // Euler equation (12)
#> + //definition of auxiliary variables to be plotted
\#> + tb_y = (b(-1)-q*q*b)/y; // Trade balance to GDP ratio, not logged as it can be negative
\#>+c_y=\log(c/y); // Consumption to GDP ratio, logged to be in percent
\# + i_y = \log((g*k-(1-delta)*k(-1)+phi/2*(g*k/k(-1)-mu_g)^2*k(-1))/y); // Investment to GDP ratio, log for a constant of the angle of the constant of the cons
#> + end;
#> +
#> + initval;
\#> + q = 1/(1+r_star);
\#> + b = b star;
\#> + z = 0;
\#> + g = mu_g;
#> +
\#> + c = 0.583095;
\#>+k=4.02387;
\#> + y = 0.721195;
\#> + l = 0.321155;
#> +
#> + @#if qhh == 1
\#> + u = (c-tau*l^nu)^(1-sigma)/(1-sigma);
\#> + uc = (c - tau*l^nu)^(-sigma);
\#> + ul = -tau*nu*l^(nu-1)*(c - tau*l)^(-sigma);
\#> + f = beta*g^(1-sigma);
#> + @#else
\#> + u = (c^gamma*(1-l)^(1-gamma))^(1-sigma)/(1-sigma);
\#> + uc = qamma*u/c*(1-siqma);
\#> + ul = -(1-gamma)*u/(1-l)*(1-sigma);
\#> + f = beta*g^(gamma*(1-sigma));
#> + @#endif
#> +
\#> + tb_y = (b-g*q*b)/y;
\#> + c_y = c/y;
\#> + i_y = (g*k-(1-delta)*k)/y;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + shocks;
```

```
#> + var eps_g; stderr 1/sigma_g/100; // use a 1 percent shock
#> + var eps_z; stderr 1/siqma_z/100; // use a 1 percent shock
#> + end;
#> +
#> + steady;
#> +
#> + check;
#> + // Plot impulse response functions (Figure 4)
#> + stoch_simul(order=1) tb_y c_y i_y;'
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes,model="agtrend")
#>
#> > # You can create an absolute or relative path for the DynareR files.
#> > # The following writes and run mod file in "DynareR/run_dynare/" folder
#> > # relative to the current path.
#> >
#> >
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model="DynareR/run_dynare/aqtrend")
#>
\#>> demo(bkk)
#>
#>
#> demo(bkk)
#> > # We use "bkk" of the Dynare example files to illustrate
#> > #how to use this function
#> >
#> > library(DynareR)
#> > DynareCodes='/*
#> + * This file implements the multi-country RBC model with time to build,
#> + * described in Backus, Kehoe and Kydland (1992): "International Real Business
#> + * Cycles", Journal of Political Economy, 100(4), 745-775.
#> + *
#> + * The notation for the variable names are the same in this file than in the paper.
#> + * However the timing convention is different: we had to taken into account the
#> + * fact that in Dynare, if a variable is denoted at the current period, then
#> + * this variable must be also decided at the current period.
#> + * Concretely, here are the differences between the paper and the model file:
\#>+ * - z_t in the model file is equal to z_{t+1} in the paper
\#>+ * - k_t in the model file is equal to k_t{t+J} in the paper
* + * - s_t in the model file is equal to s_tJ_t+s_tJ_t-1 in the paper
#> + *
#> + * The macroprocessor is used in this file to create a loop over countries.
#> + * Only two countries are used here (as in the paper), but it is easy to add
#> + * new countries in the corresponding macro-variable and completing the
#> + * calibration.
#> + *
#> + * The calibration is the same than in the paper. The results in terms of
#> + * moments of variables are very close to that of the paper (but not equal
```

```
#> + * since the authors a different solution method).
#> + *
#> + * This implementation was written by Sebastien Villemot. Please note that the
#> + * following copyright notice only applies to this Dynare implementation of the
#> + * model.
#> + */
#> +
#> + /*
#> + * Copyright (C) 2010 Dynare Team
#> + * This file is part of Dynare.
#> + *
#> + * Dynare is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
#> + * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
#> + * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
#> + * (at your option) any later version.
#> + *
#> + * Dynare is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
#> + * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
#> + * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
#> + * GNU General Public License for more details.
#> + * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
#> + * along with Dynare. If not, see <a href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
#> +
#> + @#define countries = [ "H", "F" ]
\#> + @\#define\ J = 4
#> + @#for co in countries
#> + var C_@{co} L_@{co} N_@{co} A_@{co} K_@{co} Z_@{co} X_@{co} LAMBDA_@{co} S_@{co} NX_@{co} Y_@{co};
#> + varexo E_0{co};
#> +
\# + parameters beta_0{co} alpha_0{co} eta_0{co} mu_0{co} gamma_0{co} theta_0{co} nu_0{co} sigma_0{co}
#> + @#endfor
#> +
#> + // Lagrange multiplier of aggregate constraint
#> + var LGM;
#> + parameters rho_@{countries[1]}_@{countries[2]} rho_@{countries[2]}_@{countries[1]};
#> +
#> + model;
#> + @#for co in countries
\#> + Y_{Q(co)} = ((LAMBDA_Q(co)*K_Q(co)(-Q(J))^theta_Q(co)*N_Q(co)^(1-theta_Q(co)))^(-nu_Q(co)) + sigma_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^th
\#> + K_0(co) = (1-delta_0(co))*K_0(co)(-1) + S_0(co);
\#> + X_{0}\{co\} =
\#> + @\# for lag in (-J+1):0
                               + phi_0{co}*S_0{co}(0{lag})
#> + @# endfor
#> + ;
#> +
```

```
\#> + A_0(co) = (1-eta_0(co))*A_0(co)(-1) + N_0(co);
* + L_{Q(co)} = 1 - alpha_{Q(co)}*N_{Q(co)} - (1-alpha_{Q(co)})*eta_{Q(co)}*A_{Q(co)}(-1);
#> + // Utility multiplied by gamma
\# > + \# U_0(co) = (C_0(co)^mu_0(co)*L_0(co)^(1-mu_0(co)))^gamma_0(co);
#> + // FOC with respect to consumption
#> + psi_@{co}*mu_@{co}/C_@{co}*U_@{co} = LGM;
#> +
#> + // FOC with respect to labor
#> + // NOTE: this condition is only valid for alpha = 1
\#> + psi_0\{co\}*(1-mu_0\{co\})/L_0\{co\}*U_0\{co\}*(-alpha_0\{co\}) = - LGM * (1-theta_0\{co\})/N_0\{co\}*(LAMBDA_0\{co\}) = - LGM * (1-theta_0\{co\})/N_0\{co\}*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co\}) = - LGM * (1-theta_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0\{co\})/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0[co])/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0[co])/N_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0[co])/N_0(co)*(LAM
#> + // FOC with respect to capital
\#> + @\# for lag in 0:(J-1)
#> + +beta_@{co}^@{lag}*LGM(+@{lag})*phi_@{co}
#> + @# endfor
#> + @# for lag in 1:J
#> + -beta_@{co}^@{laq}*LGM(+@{laq})*phi_@{co}*(1-delta_@{co})
#> + @# endfor
\# + = beta_0(co)^0(J)*LGM(+0(J))*theta_0(co)/K_0(co)*(LAMBDA_0(co)(+0(J))*K_0(co)^theta_0(co)*N_0(co)
#> + // FOC with respect to stock of inventories
 \begin{tabular}{ll} \#> & + & LGM=beta_@\{co\}*LGM(+1)*(1+sigma_@\{co\}*Z_@\{co\}^(-nu__@\{co\}-1)*Y_@\{co\}(+1)^(1+nu__@\{co\})); \\ \end{tabular} 
#> + // Shock process
#> + @# if co == countries[1]
#> + @# define alt_co = countries[2]
#> + @# else
#> + @# define alt_co = countries[1]
#> + @# endif
\#> + (LAMBDA\_Q\{co\}-1) = rho\_Q\{co\}\_Q\{co\}*(LAMBDA\_Q\{co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_Q\{co\}\_Q\{alt\_co\}*(LAMBDA\_Q\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_Q\{co\}\_Q\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_Q\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_Q\{alt\_co}(-1)-1) + rho\_Q\{a
 #> +
 #> +
* + NX_{Q(c)} = (Y_{Q(c)} - (C_{Q(c)} + X_{Q(c)} + Z_{Q(c)} - Z_{Q(c)}(-1)))/Y_{Q(c)};
#> + @#endfor
#> +
#> + // World ressource constraint
#> + @#for co in countries
\#> + + C_0(co) + X_0(co) + Z_0(co) - Z_0(co)(-1)
#> + @#endfor
#> +
#> + @#for co in countries
\#> + + Y @\{co\}
#> + @#endfor
#> +
#> +
 #> + end;
#> +
#> + @#for co in countries
\#> + beta_0{co} = 0.99;
\#> + mu_0{co} = 0.34;
```

```
\#> + gamma_0{co} = -1.0;
\#> + alpha_0{co} = 1;
\#> + eta_0{co} = 0.5; // Irrelevant when alpha=1
\#> + theta_0{co} = 0.36;
\#> + nu_0\{co\} = 3;
#> + sigma_@{co} = 0.01;
#> + delta_@{co} = 0.025;
\#> + phi_0{co} = 1/0{J};
\#> + psi_0{co} = 0.5;
#> + @#endfor
#> +
\#> + rho_H_H = 0.906;
\#> + rho_F_F = 0.906;
\#> + rho_H_F = 0.088;
\#> + rho_F_H = 0.088;
#> +
#> + initval;
#> + @#for co in countries
\#> + LAMBDA_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + NX_0\{co\} = 0;
\#> + Z_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + A_0(co) = 1;
\#> + L_0{co} = 0.5;
\#> + N_0\{co\} = 0.5;
\#> + Y_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + K_0(co) = 1;
\#> + C \ @\{co\} = 1;
\#> + S_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + X_0{co} = 1;
#> +
\#> + E_{0}(co) = 0;
#> + @#endfor
#> +
\#> + LGM = 1;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + shocks;
#> + var E_H; stderr 0.00852;
#> + var E_F; stderr 0.00852;
\#> + corr E_H, E_F = 0.258;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + steady;
#> + check;
#> +
#> + stoch_simul(order=1, hp_filter=1600,graph_format=pdf);
#> + '
#>
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model="bkk")
#>
#> > # You can create an absolute or relative path for the DynareR files.
#> > # The following writes and run mod file in "DynareR/run_dynare/" folder
#> > # relative to the current path.
```

```
#> >
#> >
#> > run dynare(code=DynareCodes, model="DynareR/run dynare/bkk")
#> > demo(example1)
#>
#>
#> demo(example1)
#> ---- ~~~~~
#> > # We use "example1" of the Dynare example files to illustrate
#> > #how to use this function
#> >
#> > FileName<-"example1"</pre>
#>
#> > library(DynareR)
#>
#> > DynareCodes='/*
#> + * Example 1 from F. Collard (2001): "Stochastic simulations with DYNARE:
#> + * A practical guide" (see "guide.pdf" in the documentation directory).
#> + */
#> +
#> + /*
#> + * Copyright (C) 2001-2010 Dynare Team
#> + * This file is part of Dynare.
#> + *
#> + * Dynare is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
#> + * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
#> + * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
#> + * (at your option) any later version.
#> + *
#> + * Dynare is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
#> + * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
#> + * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
#> + * GNU General Public License for more details.
#> + *
#> + * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
#> + * along with Dynare. If not, see <a href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
#> + */
#> +
#> +
\#> + var y, c, k, a, h, b;
\#> + varexo e, u;
#> + parameters beta, rho, alpha, delta, theta, psi, tau;
#> +
\#> + alpha = 0.36;
\#> + rho = 0.95;
\#> + tau = 0.025;
\#> + beta = 0.99;
#> + delta = 0.025;
\#> + psi = 0;
```

```
\#> + theta = 2.95;
#> +
\#> + phi = 0.1;
#> +
#> + model;
#> + c*theta*h^(1+psi)=(1-alpha)*y;
\#> + k = beta*(((exp(b)*c)/(exp(b(+1))*c(+1)))
        *(exp(b(+1))*alpha*y(+1)+(1-delta)*k));
\#> + y = exp(a)*(k(-1)^alpha)*(h^(1-alpha));
\#> + k = exp(b)*(y-c)+(1-delta)*k(-1);
\#> + a = rho*a(-1)+tau*b(-1) + e;
\#> + b = tau*a(-1)+rho*b(-1) + u;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + initval;
\#> + y = 1.08068253095672;
\#> + c = 0.80359242014163;
\#> + h = 0.29175631001732;
\#>+k=11.08360443260358;
\#> + a = 0;
\#> + b = 0;
\#>+e=0;
\#> + u = 0;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + shocks;
#> + var e; stderr 0.009;
#> + var u; stderr 0.009;
\#> + var e, u = phi*0.009*0.009;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + stoch_simul;'
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model = "example1")
#>
#> > # You can create an absolute or relative path for the DynareR files.
#> > # The following writes and run mod file in "DynareR/run_dynare/" folder
#> > # relative to the current path.
#> >
#> >
#> >
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model = "DynareR/run_dynare/example1")
#>
\# > lapply(c("aqtrend", "bkk", "example1"),\(x) file.copy(paste0("DynareR/run_dynare/", x, "/", x, ".mod"),"
#> [[1]]
#> [1] TRUE
#>
#> [[2]]
#> [1] TRUE
#>
#> [[3]]
#> [1] TRUE
#>
```

```
#> > run_models(c("agtrend", "bkk", "example1")) # This should be executed after running the demo or afte
#> > run_models() # Run all models in Current Working Directory.
#>
#> > # Copy the dynare files to the 'DynareR/run_dynare' directory
\# > lapply(c("agtrend", "bkk", "example1"),\(x) file.copy(paste0(x, ".mod"), "DynareR/run_dynare"))
#> [[1]]
#> [1] TRUE
#>
#> [[2]]
#> [1] TRUE
#>
#> [[3]]
#> [1] TRUE
#>
#> > run_models("DynareR/run_dynare*") # Run all models in 'DynareR/run_dynare' folder
demo(import_log)
#>
#>
#> demo(import_log)
#> ---- ~~~~~
#>
#> > library(DynareR)
#>
\#>> demo(bkk)
#>
#>
#> demo(bkk)
#> ---- ~~~
\#>>\# We use "bkk" of the Dynare example files to illustrate
#> > #how to use this function
#> >
#> >
#> > library(DynareR)
#> > DynareCodes='/*
#> + * This file implements the multi-country RBC model with time to build,
#> + * described in Backus, Kehoe and Kydland (1992): "International Real Business
#> + * Cycles", Journal of Political Economy, 100(4), 745-775.
#> + *
\#>+ * The notation for the variable names are the same in this file than in the paper.
#> + * However the timing convention is different: we had to taken into account the
#> + * fact that in Dynare, if a variable is denoted at the current period, then
#> + * this variable must be also decided at the current period.
#> + * Concretely, here are the differences between the paper and the model file:
\#>+ * - z_t in the model file is equal to z_t t+1} in the paper
\#>+ * - k_t in the model file is equal to k_t{t+J} in the paper
* + * - s_t in the model file is equal to s_tJ_t=s_tJ_t-1, t+1=...=s_t-1, t+J_t-1} in the paper
#> + *
```

```
#> + * The macroprocessor is used in this file to create a loop over countries.
#> + * Only two countries are used here (as in the paper), but it is easy to add
#> + * new countries in the corresponding macro-variable and completing the
#> + * calibration.
#> + *
\#>+ * The calibration is the same than in the paper. The results in terms of
#> + * moments of variables are very close to that of the paper (but not equal
#> + * since the authors a different solution method).
#> + *
#> + * This implementation was written by Sebastien Villemot. Please note that the
#> + * following copyright notice only applies to this Dynare implementation of the
#> + * model.
#> + */
#> +
#> + /*
#> + * Copyright (C) 2010 Dynare Team
#> + * This file is part of Dynare.
#> + *
#> + * Dynare is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
#> + * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
#> + * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
#> + * (at your option) any later version.
#> + *
#> + * Dynare is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
#> + * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
#> + * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
#> + * GNU General Public License for more details.
#> + * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
#> + * along with Dynare. If not, see <a href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.</a>
#> + */
#> + @#define countries = [ "H", "F" ]
\#> + \#define J = 4
#> +
#> + @#for co in countries
#> + var C_@{co} L_@{co} N_@{co} A_@{co} K_@{co} Z_@{co} X_@{co} LAMBDA_@{co} S_@{co} NX_@{co} Y_@{co};
#> + varexo E_@{co};
#> +
\# + parameters beta_Q{co} alpha_Q{co} eta_Q{co} mu_Q{co} gamma_Q{co} theta_Q{co} nu_Q{co} sigma_Q{co}
#> + @#endfor
#> +
#> + // Lagrange multiplier of aggregate constraint
#> + parameters rho_@{countries[1]}_@{countries[2]} rho_@{countries[2]}_@{countries[1]};
#> +
#> + model;
#> + @#for co in countries
 \#> + Y_{Q(co)} = ((LAMBDA_Q(co)*K_Q(co)(-Q(J))^theta_Q(co)*N_Q(co)^(1-theta_Q(co)))^(-nu_Q(co)) + sigma_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^theta_Q(co)^t
```

```
\#> + K_0(co) = (1-delta_0(co))*K_0(co)(-1) + S_0(co);
\#> + X_0\{co\} =
\#> + @\# for lag in (-J+1):0
                                    + phi_@{co}*S_@{co}(@{lag})
#> + @# endfor
#> + ;
#> +
\#> + A \ \mathcal{Q}\{co\} = (1-eta \ \mathcal{Q}\{co\})*A \ \mathcal{Q}\{co\}(-1) + N \ \mathcal{Q}\{co\};
\# + L_0(co) = 1 - alpha_0(co) + N_0(co) - (1-alpha_0(co)) + eta_0(co) + A_0(co)(-1);
#> + // Utility multiplied by gamma
\# + \# U_0(co) = (C_0(co)^mu_0(co)*L_0(co)^(1-mu_0(co)))^gamma_0(co);
#> + // FOC with respect to consumption
\#> + psi_0{co}*mu_0{co}/C_0{co}*U_0{co} = LGM;
#> +
#> + // FOC with respect to labor
#> + // NOTE: this condition is only valid for alpha = 1
* + psi_0{co}*(1-mu_0{co})/L_0{co}*U_0{co}*(-alpha_0{co}) = -LGM*(1-theta_0{co})/N_0{co}*(LAMBDA_0{co})
#> +
#> + // FOC with respect to capital
\#> + @\# for lag in 0:(J-1)
#> + +beta_@{co}^@{lag}*LGM(+@{lag})*phi_@{co}
#> + @# endfor
#> + @# for lag in 1:J
#> + -beta_@{co}^@{lag}*LGM(+@{lag})*phi_@{co}*(1-delta_@{co})
#> + @# endfor
\# + = beta_0(c_0)^0(J)*LGM(+0(J))*theta_0(c_0)/K_0(c_0)*(LAMBDA_0(c_0)(+0(J))*K_0(c_0)^theta_0(c_0)*N_0(c_0)
#> + // FOC with respect to stock of inventories
\# + LGM = beta_Q(co)*LGM(+1)*(1+siqma_Q(co)*Z_Q(co)^(-nu_Q(co)-1)*Y_Q(co)(+1)^(1+nu_Q(co));
#> +
#> + // Shock process
#> + @# if co == countries[1]
#> + @# define alt_co = countries[2]
#> + @# else
#> + @# define alt_co = countries[1]
#> + @# endif
 \begin{tabular}{ll} \#> + & (LAMBDA\_@\{co\}-1) = rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{co\}*(LAMBDA\_@\{co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{alt\_co\}*(LAMBDA\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}\_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{co\}_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho\_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}(-1)-1) + rho_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}_@\{alt\_co\}
#> +
#> +
* + X_{Q(c)} = (Y_{Q(c)} - (C_{Q(c)} + X_{Q(c)} + Z_{Q(c)} - Z_{Q(c)}(-1)))/Y_{Q(c)};
#> +
#> + @#endfor
#> +
#> + // World ressource constraint
#> + @#for co in countries
\#>+ + C_0(co) + X_0(co) + Z_0(co) - Z_0(co)(-1)
#> + @#endfor
#> +
#> + @#for co in countries
#> + +Y_@{co}
#> + @#endfor
```

```
#> + ;
#> +
#> + end;
#> +
#> + @#for co in countries
\#> + beta_0{co} = 0.99;
\#> + mu_0{co} = 0.34;
\#> + gamma_0{co} = -1.0;
#> + alpha_@{co} = 1;
\#> + eta_@{co} = 0.5; // Irrelevant when alpha=1
\#> + theta_0{co} = 0.36;
\#> + nu_0\{co\} = 3;
#> + sigma_@{co} = 0.01;
#> + delta_@{co} = 0.025;
\#> + phi_0{co} = 1/0{J};
\#> + psi_0{co} = 0.5;
#> + @#endfor
#> +
\#> + rho_H_H = 0.906;
\#> + rho_F_F = 0.906;
\#> + rho_H_F = 0.088;
\#> + rho_F_H = 0.088;
#> +
#> + initval;
#> + @#for co in countries
\#> + LAMBDA_@\{co\} = 1;
\#> + NX_{0}(co) = 0;
\#> + Z_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + A_0(\{co\}) = 1;
\#> + L_0{co} = 0.5;
\#> + N_0(co) = 0.5;
\#> + Y_{0}(co) = 1;
\#> + K_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + C_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + S_0\{co\} = 1;
\#> + X_0{co} = 1;
#> +
\#> + E_{0}(co) = 0;
#> + @#endfor
#> +
\#> + LGM = 1;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + shocks;
#> + var E_H; stderr 0.00852;
#> + var E_F; stderr 0.00852;
\#> + corr E_H, E_F = 0.258;
#> + end;
#> +
#> + steady;
#> + check;
#> + stoch_simul(order=1, hp_filter=1600,graph_format=pdf);
```

```
#> + '
#>
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes,model="bkk")
#> > # You can create an absolute or relative path for the DynareR files.
#> > # The following writes and run mod file in "DynareR/run_dynare/" folder
#> > # relative to the current path.
#> >
#> >
#> > run_dynare(code=DynareCodes, model="DynareR/run_dynare/bkk")
#> > import_log(model="bkk")
#> NULL
#>
#> > # Alternatively, use the path to the log file
#> > import_log(path="bkk/bkk.log")
#> NULL
#>
#> > # Access the mported list
#> >
#> > dynare$bkk
#> $steady
#>
          C_{-}H
               X0.826091
          L_H 6.96782e-01
#> 1
#> 2
          N_H 3.03218e-01
#> 3
          A H 6.06436e-01
#> 4
         K_H 1.10148e+01
#> 5
          Z_H 1.09870e+00
#> 6
          X_H 2.75370e-01
#> 7 LAMBDA_H 1.00000e+00
#> 8
         S_H 2.75370e-01
#> 9
         NX_H -4.03182e-16
#> 10
         Y_H 1.10146e+00
         C F 8.26091e-01
#> 11
#> 12
         L_F 6.96782e-01
#> 13
          N_F 3.03218e-01
#> 14
         A_F 6.06436e-01
#> 15
          K F 1.10148e+01
          Z F 1.09870e+00
#> 16
          X_F 2.75370e-01
#> 17
#> 18 LAMBDA_F 1.00000e+00
         S F 2.75370e-01
#> 19
         NX_F 0.00000e+00
#> 20
#> 21
         Y_F 1.10146e+00
#> 22
          LGM 2.78732e-01
#>
#> $eigenvalues
#>
       {\it Modulus}
                     Real Imaginary
#> 1 8.672e-15 8.672e-15 0.000e+00
#> 2 9.901e-15 9.901e-15 0.000e+00
#> 3 4.021e-06 -4.021e-06 0.000e+00
#> 4 4.021e-06 2.011e-06 3.483e-06
```

```
#> 5 4.021e-06 2.011e-06 -3.483e-06
#> 6 4.908e-06 -2.454e-06 4.251e-06
#> 7 4.908e-06 -2.454e-06 -4.251e-06
#> 8 4.908e-06 4.908e-06 0.000e+00
#> 9 7.151e-04 -5.057e-04 5.057e-04
#> 10 7.151e-04 -5.057e-04 -5.057e-04
#> 11 7.151e-04 5.057e-04 5.057e-04
#> 12 7.151e-04 5.057e-04 -5.057e-04
#> 13 5.000e-01 5.000e-01 0.000e+00
#> 14 5.000e-01 5.000e-01 0.000e+00
#> 15 7.265e-01 -7.265e-01 0.000e+00
#> 16 7.929e-01 5.082e-02 7.913e-01
#> 17 7.929e-01 5.082e-02 -7.913e-01
#> 18 8.180e-01 8.180e-01 0.000e+00
#> 19 9.690e-01 9.690e-01 0.000e+00
#> 20 9.940e-01 9.940e-01 0.000e+00
#> 21 1.042e+00 1.042e+00 0.000e+00
#> 22 1.274e+00 8.164e-02 1.271e+00
#> 23 1.274e+00 8.164e-02 -1.271e+00
#> 24 1.390e+00 -1.390e+00 0.000e+00
#> 25 9.122e+03 -6.434e+03 6.466e+03
#> 26 9.122e+03 -6.434e+03 -6.466e+03
#> 27 9.167e+03 6.499e+03 6.466e+03
#> 28 9.167e+03 6.499e+03 -6.466e+03
#> 29 1.837e+04 1.837e+04 0.000e+00
#> 30 1.839e+04 -2.481e+01 1.839e+04
#> 31 1.839e+04 -2.481e+01 -1.839e+04
#> 32 1.842e+04 -1.842e+04 0.000e+00
#> 33 5.603e+14 -5.603e+14 0.000e+00
#> 34 3.039e+15 3.039e+15 0.000e+00
#> 35
         Inf
                    Inf 0.000e+00
#> 36
                    Inf 0.000e+00
           Inf
#> $summary
             Number of variables 42
#> 1
      Number of stochastic shocks 2
      Number of state variables 20
#> 2
#> 3
              Number of jumpers 16
      Number of static variables 8
#> 4
#>
#> $shocks
#> Variables
                E_{\perp}H
       E_H 7.3e-05 1.9e-05
#> 1
#> 2
         E_F 1.9e-05 7.3e-05
#>
#> $policy
#>
               X
                      C_H
                               L\_H
                                        N_{\perp}H
                                                 A\_H
                                                           K_{\perp}H
#> 1
        Constant 0.826091 0.696782 0.303218 0.606436 11.014795 1.098697
#> 2
        A\_H(-1) 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.500000 0.000000 0.000000
#> 3
         K H(-1) 0.013152 0.005880 -0.005880 -0.005880 0.349915 0.007711
#> 4
         Z_H(-1) 0.023611 -0.002992 0.002992 0.002992 1.079008 0.209348
#> 5
         S_{-}H(-1) -0.010263 -0.004589 0.004589 0.004589 -0.387216 -0.007373
         #> 6
```

```
#> 7
        K_F(-1) 0.013152 0.005880 -0.005880 -0.005880 0.349915 0.007711
        Z_{-}F(-1) 0.017337 0.007751 -0.007751 -0.007751 1.079008 0.209348
#> 8
#> 9
        S_{-}F(-1) -0.010263 -0.004589 0.004589 0.004589 -0.387216 -0.007373
#> 10
        KH(-2) 0.000490 0.000219 -0.000219 -0.000219 -0.009893 0.001478
#> 11
        K_{-}H(-3) 0.000463 0.000207 -0.000207 -0.000207 -0.018435 0.033007
#> 12
        K_H(-4) 0.006231 -0.008799 0.008799 0.008799 0.053936 0.010465
#> 13
        S_H(-2) -0.007461 -0.003336 0.003336 0.003336 -0.358712 -0.020184
        S H(-3) -0.004214 -0.001884 0.001884 0.001884 -0.262264 -0.050884
#> 14
        K F(-2) 0.000490 0.000219 -0.000219 -0.000219 -0.009893 0.001478
#> 15
#> 16
        K_{-}F(-3) 0.000463 0.000207 -0.000207 -0.000207 -0.018435 -0.025667
#> 17
        K_{-}F(-4) 0.000867 0.000387 -0.000387 -0.000387 0.053936 0.010465
        S_F(-2) -0.007461 -0.003336 0.003336 -0.358712 -0.020184
#> 18
        S_F(-3) -0.004214 -0.001884 0.001884 0.001884 -0.262264 -0.050884
#> 19
#> 20 LAMBDA_H(-1) 0.356099 -0.161927 0.161927 0.161927 8.865347 0.746282
#> 21 LAMBDA_F(-1) 0.221839 0.067992 -0.067992 -0.067992 -7.142393 -0.454954
#> 22
           E_H 0.372779 -0.187789 0.187789 0.187789 10.651359 0.880795
#> 23
           E_F 0.208648 0.093286 -0.093286 -0.093286 -8.918005 -0.587709
#>
         X_H LAMBDA_H
                              NX_H
                                       Y_H
                                             C_{-}F
                        S_H
#> 1
     0.275370
             1.000 0.275370 0.000000 1.101461 0.826091 0.696782
              #> 2
     0.000000
#> 3 -0.156271
              0.000 -0.625085 0.110649 -0.013533 0.013152 0.005880
#> 4
    0.269752
             0.000 1.079008 0.466904 0.016987 0.017337 0.007751
#> 5
     0.153196
              #> 6
    0.000000
#> 7
     0.087479
              0.000 0.349915 -0.110649 -0.013533 0.013152 0.005880
#> 8
     0.269752
             0.000 1.079008 -0.466904 -0.017839 0.023611 -0.002992
             0.000 -0.387216  0.113486  0.010560 -0.010263 -0.004589
#> 9 -0.096804
             0.000 -0.009893 0.000000 -0.000505 0.000490 0.000219
#> 10 -0.002473
#> 11 -0.004609
             0.000 -0.018435 -0.026635 -0.000476 0.000463 0.000207
              0.000 0.053936 0.023339 0.055887 0.000867 0.000387
#> 12 0.013484
              #> 13 0.160322
              #> 14 0.184434
#> 15 -0.002473
             0.000 -0.009893 0.000000 -0.000505 0.000490 0.000219
#> 16 -0.004609
             #> 17 0.013484
             0.000 0.053936 -0.023339 -0.000892 0.006231 -0.008799
              #> 18 -0.089678
#> 19 -0.065566
             0.000 -0.262264 0.113486 0.004336 -0.004214 -0.001884
#> 20 2.216337
             0.906 8.865347 -1.777810 1.360531 0.221839 0.067992
              0.088 -7.142393 1.777810 -0.060526 0.356099 -0.161927
#> 21 -1.785598
#> 22 2.662840
              1.000 10.651359 -2.173361 1.522542 0.208648 0.093286
             0.000 -8.918005 2.173361 -0.214691 0.372779 -0.187789
#> 23 -2.229501
                                       X_F LAMBDA_F
        N_F
                A\_F
                     K\_F
                               Z_{\_}F
     #> 1
                                            1.000 0.275370
    0.000 0.000000
#> 3 -0.005880 -0.005880 0.349915 0.007711 0.087479
                                            0.000 0.349915
#> 4 -0.007751 -0.007751 1.079008 0.209348 0.269752
                                            0.000 1.079008
#> 5
     0.000 -0.387216
#> 6
    0.000000 0.500000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000
                                            0.000 0.000000
#> 7 -0.005880 -0.005880 0.349915 0.007711 -0.156271
                                            0.000 -0.625085
     0.002992 0.002992 1.079008 0.209348 0.269752
                                            0.000 1.079008
     0.000 -0.387216
                                              0.000 -0.009893
#> 11 -0.000207 -0.000207 -0.018435 -0.025667 -0.004609
                                            0.000 -0.018435
```

```
#> 12 -0.000387 -0.000387 0.053936 0.010465 0.013484
                                                0.000 0.053936
0.000 -0.358712
#> 14  0.001884  0.001884  -0.262264  -0.050884  -0.065566
                                                  0.000 -0.262264
0.000 -0.009893
0.000 -0.018435
#> 17  0.008799  0.008799  0.053936  0.010465  0.013484
                                                0.000 0.053936
#> 18  0.003336  0.003336  -0.358712  -0.020184  0.160322
                                                  0.000 -0.358712
#> 19  0.001884  0.001884  -0.262264  -0.050884  0.184434
                                                0.000 -0.262264
#> 20 -0.067992 -0.067992 -7.142393 -0.454954 -1.785598
                                                  0.088 -7.142393
#> 21  0.161927  0.161927  8.865347  0.746282  2.216337
                                                  0.906 8.865347
#> 22 -0.093286 -0.093286 -8.918005 -0.587709 -2.229501
                                                 0.000 -8.918005
#> 23  0.187789  0.187789  10.651359  0.880795  2.662840
                                                 1.000 10.651359
#>
         NX_F
                  Y_F
                           LGM
      0.000000 1.101461 0.278732
#> 1
#> 2 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000
#> 3 -0.110649 -0.013533 -0.007499
#> 4 -0.466904 -0.017839 -0.009885
     0.113486 0.010560 0.005852
#> 7  0.110649 -0.013533 -0.007499
#> 9 -0.113486 0.010560 0.005852
#> 10  0.000000 -0.000505 -0.000280
#> 11  0.026635  -0.000476  -0.000264
#> 12 -0.023339 -0.000892 -0.000494
#> 13  0.113486  0.007677  0.004254
#> 14  0.113486  0.004336  0.002403
#> 15  0.000000 -0.000505 -0.000280
#> 16 -0.026635 -0.000476 -0.000264
#> 17  0.023339  0.055887 -0.000494
#> 18 -0.113486 0.007677 0.004254
#> 20 1.777810 -0.060526 -0.118252
#> 21 -1.777810 1.360531 -0.118252
#> 22 2.173361 -0.214691 -0.118966
#> 23 -2.173361 1.522542 -0.118966
#>
#> $moments
     VARIABLE MEAN STD. DEV. VARIANCE
                            0.0000
#> 1
         C H 0.8261
                    0.0053
#> 2
         L_H 0.6968
                      0.0024
                              0.0000
#> 3
                      0.0024
         N_H 0.3032
                              0.0000
#> 4
         A_H 0.6064
                      0.0039
                             0.0000
#> 5
         K_H 11.0148
                      0.1261
                              0.0159
#> 6
         Z_H 1.0987
                      0.0131
                              0.0002
#> 7
         X_H 0.2754
                      0.0437
                              0.0019
#> 8 LAMBDA_H 1.0000
                      0.0108
                              0.0001
#> 9
        S_H 0.2754
                      0.1047
                              0.0110
#> 10
        NX_H 0.0000
                      0.0440
                              0.0019
#> 11
        Y H 1.1015
                      0.0174
                              0.0003
        C_F 0.8261
#> 12
                      0.0053
                              0.0000
#> 13
         L_F 0.6968
                      0.0024
                              0.0000
        N_F 0.3032
                      0.0024
                              0.0000
#> 14
```

```
#> 15
      A_{F} = 0.6064
                      0.0039
                               0.0000
#> 16
          K_F 11.0148
                        0.1261
                                 0.0159
#> 17
          Z_F 1.0987
                        0.0131
                                 0.0002
#> 18
          X F 0.2754
                        0.0437
                                 0.0019
#> 19 LAMBDA F 1.0000
                        0.0108
                                 0.0001
#> 20
         S_F 0.2754
                        0.1047
                                 0.0110
#> 21
         NX_F 0.0000
                        0.0440
                                 0.0019
#> 22
         Y_F 1.1015
                        0.0174
                                 0.0003
#> 23
          LGM 0.2787
                        0.0021
                                 0.0000
#>
#> $decomposition
          X \quad E_{-}H \quad E_{-}F
          C_H 80.86 19.14
#> 1
#> 2
          L_H 67.89 32.11
#> 3
          N_H 67.89 32.11
#> 4
          A H 67.87 32.13
#> 5
          K_H 40.83 59.17
#> 6
          Z H 49.75 50.25
#> 7
          X_H 42.38 57.62
#> 8 LAMBDA_H 93.94 6.06
#> 9
         S H 45.49 54.51
#> 10
         NX H 37.10 62.90
#> 11
         Y H 89.35 10.65
#> 12
          C_F 41.78 58.22
#> 13
          L_F 12.14 87.86
#> 14
          N F 12.14 87.86
#> 15
          A_F 11.94 88.06
#> 16
          K_F 34.93 65.07
          Z_F 27.41 72.59
#> 17
#> 18
          X_F 32.56 67.44
#> 19 LAMBDA_F 14.07 85.93
         S_F 29.30 70.70
#> 20
#> 21
         NX F 37.10 62.90
#> 22
         Y_F 5.81 94.19
#> 23
          LGM 62.90 37.10
#>
#> $correlations
#>
     Variables
                 C H
                          L H N H
                                        A H K H Z H
                                                                X H LAMBDA H
#> 1
           C H 1.0000 -0.5460 0.5460 0.5203 0.3194 0.4186 0.1688 0.8965
           L H -0.5460 1.0000 -1.0000 -0.9213 -0.7998 -0.8780 -0.2580 -0.7287
#> 2
#> 3
           N_H 0.5460 -1.0000 1.0000 0.9213 0.7998 0.8780 0.2580
                                                                      0.7287
           A_H 0.5203 -0.9213 0.9213 1.0000 0.6512 0.8448 0.0896
#> 4
                                                                      0.6216
#> 5
           K_H 0.3194 -0.7998 0.7998 0.6512 1.0000 0.8243 0.7304
                                                                      0.6599
           Z_H 0.4186 -0.8780 0.8780 0.8448 0.8243 1.0000 0.3762
#> 6
                                                                      0.6273
#> 7
           X_H 0.1688 -0.2580 0.2580 0.0896 0.7304 0.3762 1.0000
                                                                      0.5215
#> 8
      LAMBDA_H 0.8965 -0.7287 0.7287 0.6216 0.6599 0.6273 0.5215
                                                                      1.0000
#> 9
           S_H 0.1259 -0.2550 0.2550 -0.0279 0.4447 0.1974 0.4276
                                                                      0.3194
#> 10
          NX_H 0.0031 -0.0116 0.0116 0.1838 -0.5324 -0.1758 -0.9503
                                                                     -0.3174
#> 11
           Y_H 0.8043 -0.9368 0.9368 0.8659 0.7035 0.7961 0.2598
                                                                      0.8936
#> 12
           CF 0.8775 -0.0799 0.0799 0.0895 -0.0858 -0.0103 0.0527
                                                                      0.6549
           L_F -0.0799 -0.7742 0.7742 0.7185 0.7424 0.7547 0.1841
#> 13
                                                                      0.1907
          N_F 0.0799 0.7742 -0.7742 -0.7185 -0.7424 -0.7547 -0.1841 -0.1907
#> 14
           A_F 0.0895 0.7185 -0.7185 -0.7826 -0.5816 -0.7161 -0.0127 -0.1134
#> 15
```

```
#> 17
         #> 18
         X_F 0.0527 0.1841 -0.1841 -0.0127 -0.7070 -0.3321 -0.9710 -0.3354
     LAMBDA F 0.6549 0.1907 -0.1907 -0.1134 -0.4965 -0.3112 -0.3354 0.3106
#> 19
        S_F 0.0056 0.2027 -0.2027 0.0608 -0.4335 -0.1742 -0.4165 -0.2041
#> 20
        NX_F -0.0031  0.0116 -0.0116 -0.1838  0.5324  0.1758  0.9503  0.3174
#> 21
#> 22
        Y_F 0.4230 0.5145 -0.5145 -0.4679 -0.5665 -0.5392 -0.1151 0.1365
        LGM -0.9685 0.3203 -0.3203 -0.3146 -0.1236 -0.2125 -0.1143 -0.7972
#>
                   Y_H
                         C_{\_}F L_{\_}F
                                     N_{\_}F
       SH
           NX H
                                            A\_F
                                                 K_{\_}F
     0.1259 0.0031 0.8043 0.8775 -0.0799 0.0799 0.0895 -0.0858 -0.0103
#> 1
#> 2 -0.2550 -0.0116 -0.9368 -0.0799 -0.7742 0.7742 0.7185 0.7424 0.7547
     0.2550 0.0116 0.9368 0.0799 0.7742 -0.7742 -0.7185 -0.7424 -0.7547
#> 4 -0.0279 0.1838 0.8659 0.0895 0.7185 -0.7185 -0.7826 -0.5816 -0.7161
     0.4447 -0.5324 0.7035 -0.0858 0.7424 -0.7424 -0.5816 -0.9397 -0.7500
     0.1974 -0.1758 0.7961 -0.0103 0.7547 -0.7547 -0.7161 -0.7500 -0.8852
#> 6
     0.4276 - 0.9503 \quad 0.2598 \quad 0.0527 \quad 0.1841 - 0.1841 - 0.0127 - 0.7070 - 0.3321
#> 8
     0.3194 -0.3174 0.8936 0.6549 0.1907 -0.1907 -0.1134 -0.4965 -0.3112
     1.0000 -0.4680 0.2471 0.0056 0.2027 -0.2027 0.0608 -0.4335 -0.1742
#> 10 -0.4680 1.0000 0.0014 -0.0031 0.0116 -0.0116 -0.1838 0.5324 0.1758
#> 11 0.2471 0.0014 1.0000 0.4230 0.5145 -0.5145 -0.4679 -0.5665 -0.5392
#> 12  0.0056 -0.0031  0.4230  1.0000 -0.5460  0.5460  0.5203  0.3194  0.4186
#> 15  0.0608 -0.1838 -0.4679  0.5203 -0.9213  0.9213  1.0000  0.6512  0.8448
#> 16 -0.4335  0.5324 -0.5665  0.3194 -0.7998  0.7998  0.6512  1.0000  0.8243
#> 17 -0.1742  0.1758 -0.5392  0.4186 -0.8780  0.8780  0.8448  0.8243  1.0000
#> 18 -0.4165  0.9503 -0.1151  0.1688 -0.2580  0.2580  0.0896  0.7304  0.3762
#> 20 -0.9773  0.4680 -0.1542  0.1259 -0.2550  0.2550 -0.0279  0.4447  0.1974
#> 21  0.4680 -1.0000 -0.0014  0.0031 -0.0116  0.0116  0.1838 -0.5324 -0.1758
X_F LAMBDA_F S_F NX_F
                                Y_{\_}F
#> 1
     0.1841
           0.1907 0.2027 0.0116 0.5145 0.3203
#> 3 -0.1841 -0.1907 -0.2027 -0.0116 -0.5145 -0.3203
#> 4 -0.0127 -0.1134 0.0608 -0.1838 -0.4679 -0.3146
#> 5 -0.7070 -0.4965 -0.4335 0.5324 -0.5665 -0.1236
#> 6 -0.3321 -0.3112 -0.1742 0.1758 -0.5392 -0.2125
#> 7 -0.9710 -0.3354 -0.4165 0.9503 -0.1151 -0.1143
#> 8 -0.3354
           0.3106 -0.2041 0.3174 0.1365 -0.7972
#> 9 -0.4165 -0.2041 -0.9773 0.4680 -0.1542 -0.0666
#> 10 0.9503 0.3174 0.4680 -1.0000 -0.0014 0.0000
           0.1365 -0.1542 -0.0014 -0.1876 -0.6311
#> 11 -0.1151
#> 13 -0.2580 -0.7287 -0.2550 -0.0116 -0.9368 0.3203
           0.7287 0.2550 0.0116 0.9368 -0.3203
#> 14 0.2580
#> 15
     0.0896
           0.6216 -0.0279 0.1838 0.8659 -0.3146
#> 16 0.7304
            0.6599 0.4447 -0.5324 0.7035 -0.1236
#> 17 0.3762
           0.6273 0.1974 -0.1758 0.7961 -0.2125
#> 18 1.0000
           1.0000 0.3194 -0.3174 0.8936 -0.7972
#> 19 0.5215
#> 20  0.4276  0.3194  1.0000 -0.4680  0.2471 -0.0666
```

```
#> 21 -0.9503 -0.3174 -0.4680 1.0000 0.0014 0.0000
#> 22  0.2598  0.8936  0.2471  0.0014  1.0000 -0.6311
#> 23 -0.1143 -0.7972 -0.0666 0.0000 -0.6311 1.0000
#> $autocorrelation
#>
        Order
               X1
                         X2
                               X3
                                        X4
                                                X5
#> 1
          C_H 0.7277 0.4968 0.3105 0.1655 0.0268
          L_H 0.6843 0.4628 0.3519 0.3262 0.0676
#> 3
         N H 0.6843 0.4628 0.3519 0.3262 0.0676
          A_H 0.8817 0.7001 0.5277 0.3600 0.1320
#> 4
#> 5
          K_H 0.6471 0.3737 0.1679 0.0176 -0.0905
#> 6
          Z_H 0.7119 0.5339 0.4710 0.1904 -0.0219
#> 7
         X_H 0.6202 0.2743 -0.0522 -0.3742 -0.3032
#> 8 LAMBDA_H 0.6933 0.4421 0.2405 0.0824 -0.0377
#> 9
         S_H -0.1118 -0.0955 -0.0784 -0.0598 -0.0506
#> 10
         NX H 0.5027 0.2569 0.0621 -0.3409 -0.2835
#> 11
         Y_H 0.6868 0.4605 0.3238 0.2646 0.0490
#> 12
         C_F 0.7277 0.4968 0.3105 0.1655 0.0268
#> 13
        L_F 0.6843 0.4628 0.3519 0.3262 0.0676
#> 14
        N_F 0.6843 0.4628 0.3519 0.3262 0.0676
#> 15
         A F 0.8817 0.7001 0.5277 0.3600 0.1320
#> 16
         K_F 0.6471 0.3737 0.1679 0.0176 -0.0905
#> 17
          Z_F 0.7119 0.5339 0.4710 0.1904 -0.0219
#> 18
         X_F 0.6202 0.2743 -0.0522 -0.3742 -0.3032
#> 19 LAMBDA_F 0.6933 0.4421 0.2405 0.0824 -0.0377
#> 20
        S_F -0.1118 -0.0955 -0.0784 -0.0598 -0.0506
#> 21
        NX_F 0.5027 0.2569 0.0621 -0.3409 -0.2835
#> 22
        Y_F 0.6868 0.4605 0.3238 0.2646 0.0490
         LGM 0.7367 0.5080 0.3158 0.1585 0.0289
#> 23
#>
#>
#> > dynare$bkk$moments
     VARIABLE MEAN STD. DEV. VARIANCE
#> 1
         C_H 0.8261
                     0.0053
                               0.0000
#> 2
         L H 0.6968
                       0.0024
                                0.0000
         N_H 0.3032
#> 3
                       0.0024
                                0.0000
         A_H 0.6064
                       0.0039
                                0.0000
#> 4
#> 5
          K H 11.0148
                      0.1261
                                0.0159
#> 6
                      0.0131
          Z H 1.0987
                                0.0002
          X_H 0.2754
#> 7
                       0.0437
                                0.0019
#> 8 LAMBDA_H 1.0000
                       0.0108
                                0.0001
#> 9
                      0.1047
        S_H 0.2754
                                0.0110
#> 10
        NX_H 0.0000
                      0.0440
                                0.0019
#> 11
         Y_H 1.1015
                                0.0003
                        0.0174
#> 12
         C_F 0.8261
                        0.0053
                                0.0000
#> 13
         L_F 0.6968
                        0.0024
                                0.0000
         N_F 0.3032
                        0.0024
                                0.0000
#> 14
#> 15
          A_F 0.6064
                        0.0039
                                0.0000
#> 16
          K_F 11.0148
                        0.1261
                                0.0159
#> 17
          Z F 1.0987
                        0.0131
                                0.0002
         X_F 0.2754
#> 18
                      0.0437
                                0.0019
#> 19 LAMBDA_F 1.0000
                        0.0108
                                0.0001
#> 20
        S_F 0.2754
                        0.1047
                                0.0110
```

```
#> 21 NX_F 0.0000 0.0440
                               0.0019
#> 22
         Y_F 1.1015
                         0.0174
                                 0.0003
          LGM 0.2787
                         0.0021
                                 0.0000
#>
#> > knitr::kable(dynare$bkk$decomposition, format='pandoc')
#>
#> X
                       E_F
#> C_H
              80.86
                     19.14
#> L_H
              67.89
                     32.11
#> N_H
              67.89
                     32.11
#> A_H
              67.87
                     32.13
              40.83
                     59.17
#> K_H
#> Z_H
              49.75
                      50.25
#> X_H
              42.38
                     57.62
#> LAMBDA_H
              93.94
                      6.06
#> S_H
              45.49
                     54.51
#> NX_H
              37.10 62.90
#> Y_H
             89.35
                     10.65
#> C_F
              41.78
                     58.22
#> L_F
             12.14
                      87.86
#> N_F
            12.14
                      87.86
#> A_F
             11.94
                      88.06
              34.93
#> K_F
                      65.07
#> Z_F
                      72.59
              27.41
#> X_F
              32.56
                      67.44
                      85.93
#> LAMBDA_F
              14.07
#> S_F
              29.30
                      70.70
#> NX_F
              37.10
                      62.90
#> Y_F
              5.81
                      94.19
#> LGM
              62.90
                      37.10
```

12 Template

Template for R Markdown is created. Go to file->New File->R Markdown-> From Template->DynareR. Please download the example files from Github.