## 1 Probability Potpourri

Prove a brief justification for each part.

- (a) For two events *A* and *B* in any probability space, show that  $\mathbb{P}(A \setminus B) \geq \mathbb{P}(A) \mathbb{P}(B)$ .
- (b) If  $|\Omega| = n$ , how many distinct events does the probability space have?
- (c) Suppose  $\mathbb{P}(D \mid C) = \mathbb{P}(D \mid \overline{C})$ , where  $\overline{C}$  is the complement of C. Prove that D is independent of C.

## 2 Aces

Consider a standard 52-card deck of cards:

- (a) Find the probability of getting an ace or a red card, when drawing a single card.
- (b) Find the probability of getting an ace or a spade, but not both, when drawing a single card.
- (c) Find the probability of getting the ace of diamonds when drawing a 5 card hand.
- (d) Find the probability of getting exactly 2 aces when drawing a 5 card hand.
- (e) Find the probability of getting at least 1 ace when drawing a 5 card hand.
- (f) Find the probability of getting at least 1 ace or at least 1 heart when drawing a 5 card hand.

## 3 Balls and Bins

Throw n balls into n labeled bins one at a time.

- (a) What is the probability that the first bin is empty?
- (b) What is the probability that the first k bins are empty?
- (c) Let A be the event that at least k bins are empty. Notice that there are  $m = \binom{n}{k}$  sets of k bins out of the total n bins. If we assune  $A_i$  is the event that the  $i^{th}$  set of k bins is empty. Then we can write A as the union of  $A_i$ 's.

$$A = \bigcup_{i=1}^{m} A_i.$$

Write the union bound for the probability A.

- (d) Use the union bound to give an upper bound on the probability A from part (c).
- (e) What is the probability that the second bin is empty given that the first one is empty?
- (f) Are the events that "the first bin is empty" and "the first two bins are empty" independent?
- (g) Are the events that "the first bin is empty" and "the second bin is empty" independent?