

# Agenda

# 4 Class topic      Authentication & Authorisation

- ① Authentication
  - ② Authorisation
  - ③ Audit vs Audit
  - ④ RBAC (Role Based Access Control)
  - ⑤ How Audit flow works

Next class

- ① JWT
  - ② OAuth
  - ③ Implementing Microservices

## Authentication

KYC

→ know the  
identity of  
the person }

Scater.com | academy

↳ Anyone on the internet can visit.

Scaler.com | meetings | —

→ login

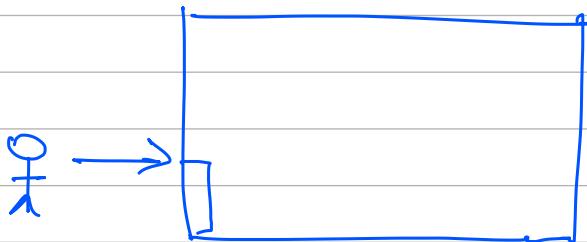
→ to access this page we need some  
kind of permission

# Scalor.com/instructor meeting



only user with inst permission can join the above URL

~~obj~~

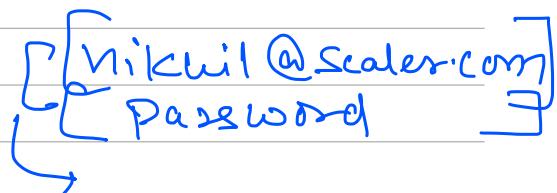


Valid

Photo

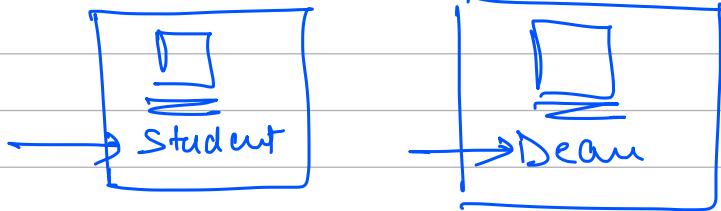
## Authentication

→ Proving the server that you are someone



## Scalor.com/instrH

### DEAN

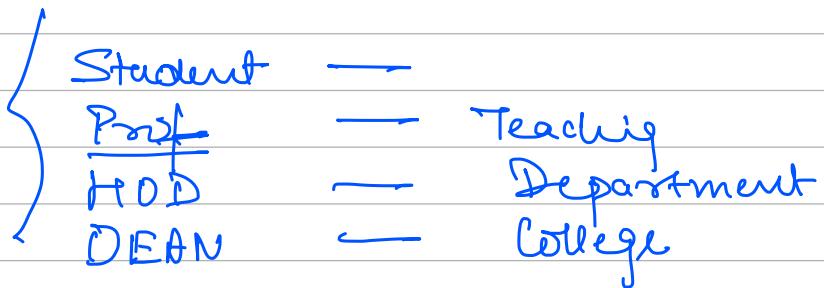


## Authorization

Authentication + Permission to perform an operation

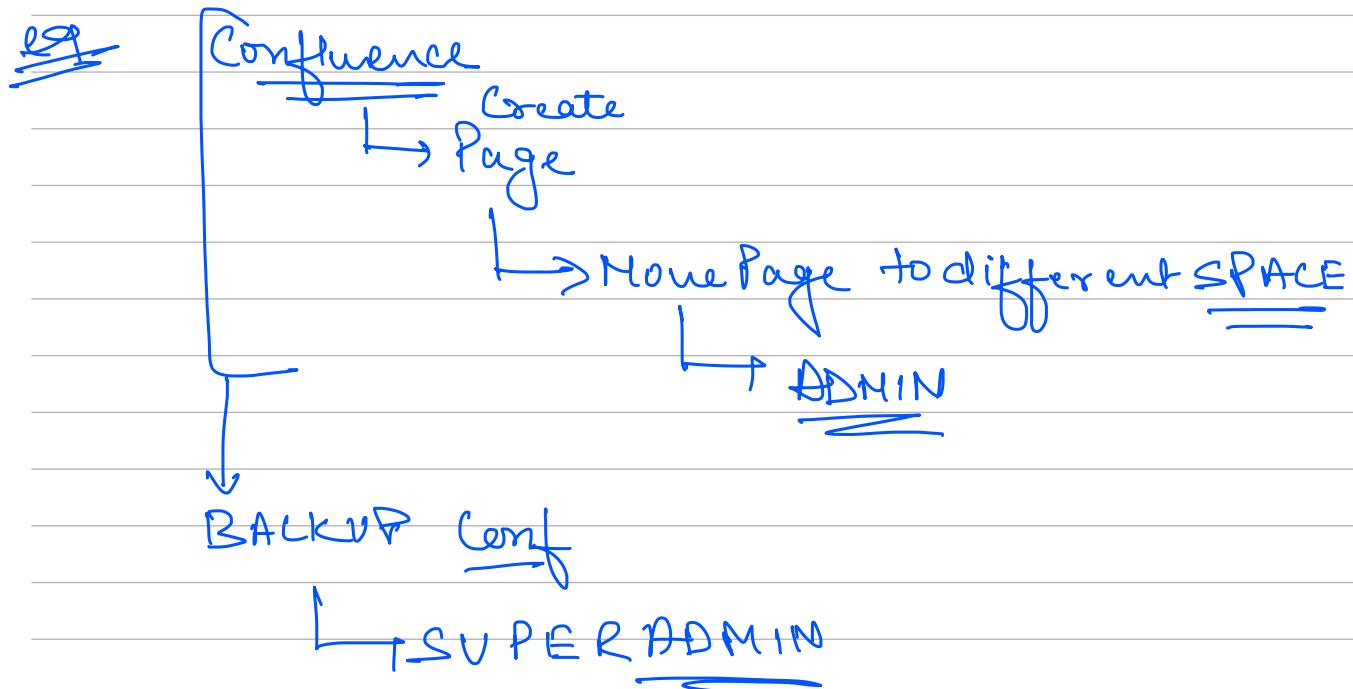
## Auter vs Autly

## RBAC Role Based Access Control



FEST Needs      DEAN

New Curriculum  
Dep      HOD



User

Role

Student

Instructor

Mentor

Tutor



M:N  
==

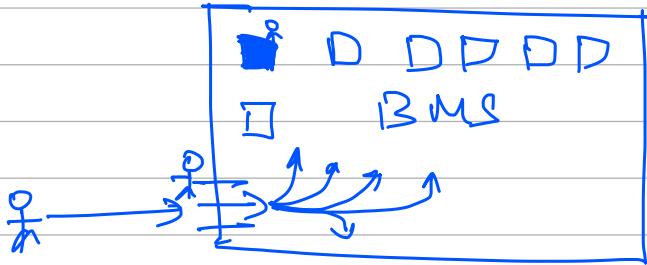
Mapping table

User Id	Role Id

## ~~eff~~ Movie Booking System

	Authentication	Authorization
① Search any movie	X	X
② Book a ticket	✓	X
③ Cancel a ticket	✓	✓

bms.com/ticket?id=1



## How Authentication Works

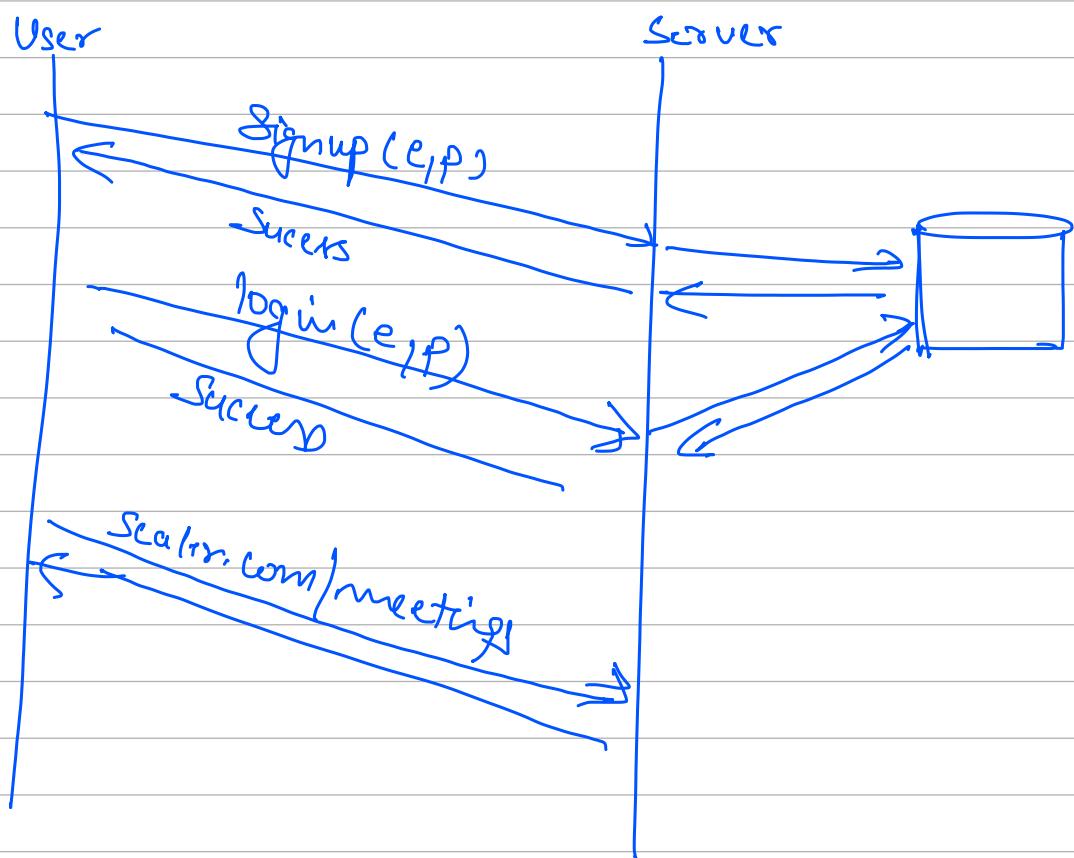
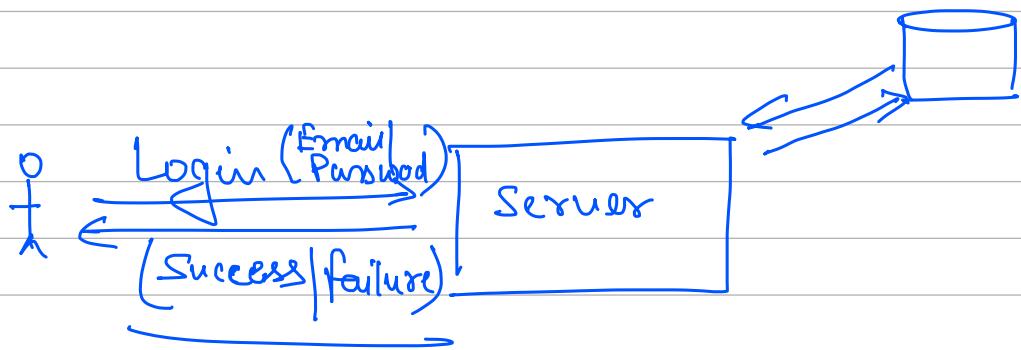
- Email | Password
- Phone | OTP

### ① Signup or Register

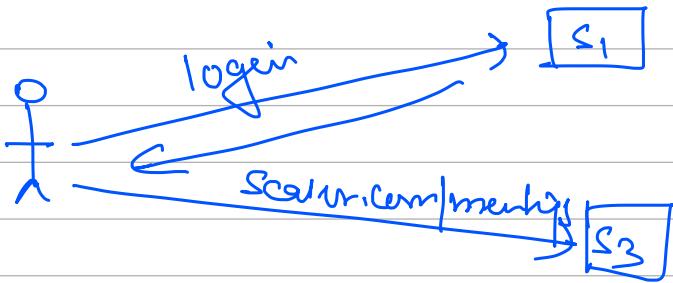
- ↳ Registering verification details
- ↳ Create user in DB with verification info

User  
Email | Password

## ② ~~Login~~



[ Every request should self sufficient  
Statesless ]



login needs with every request

{ Server needs to verify  
 creates every time with  
 every call

User Table

<u>ID</u>	<u>Email</u>	<u>Password</u>
—	—	—
—	—	—

① What if DB get compromised?

Soln We should not  
 save the password in  
 raw text format

- ① only scalar
- ② only Scalar/Email
- ③ Scalar/Email  
Bank.

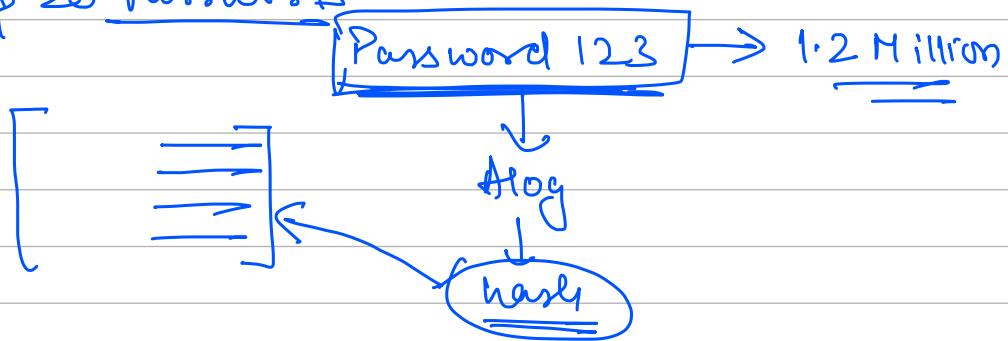
## Encryption | hashing

Hash (Password)

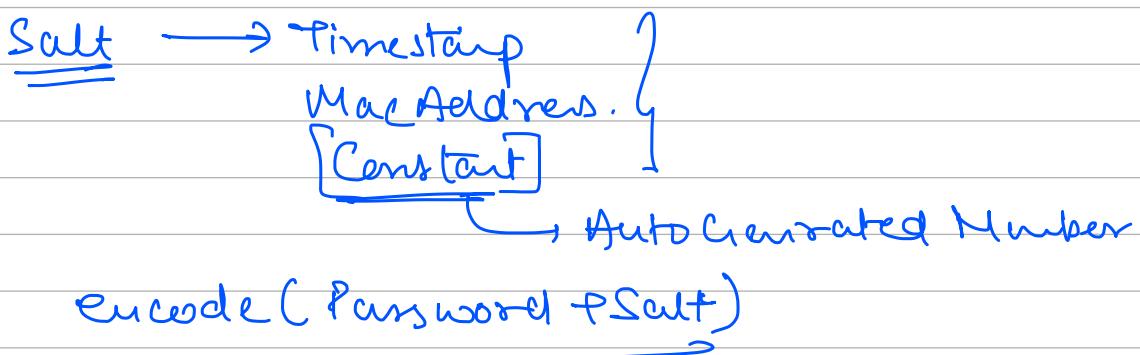
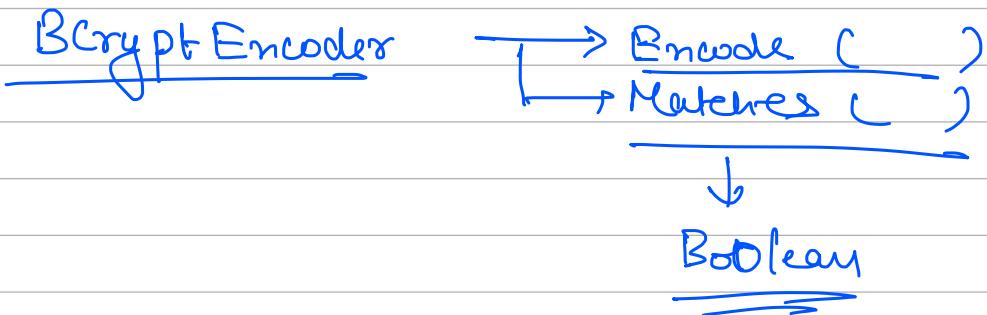


Strongest Encryption

Top 20 Passwords



Hashing + Salt →



Signup



(Email, Password)



Email, BCrypt.Encode>Password

hash

(Email, hashed Password) → DB

Login (Email, Password)



Email → fetch hashed Password 

} if ( BCrypt.matches(HashPwdDB, Password) )

Login Success

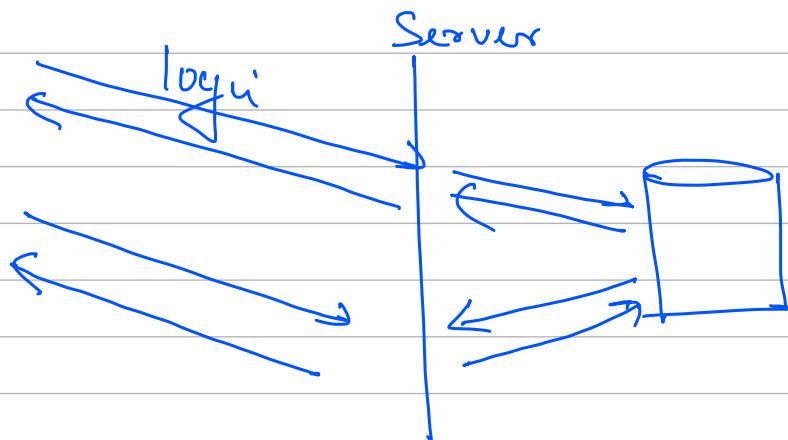
Prop it works internally

else Login failed

x

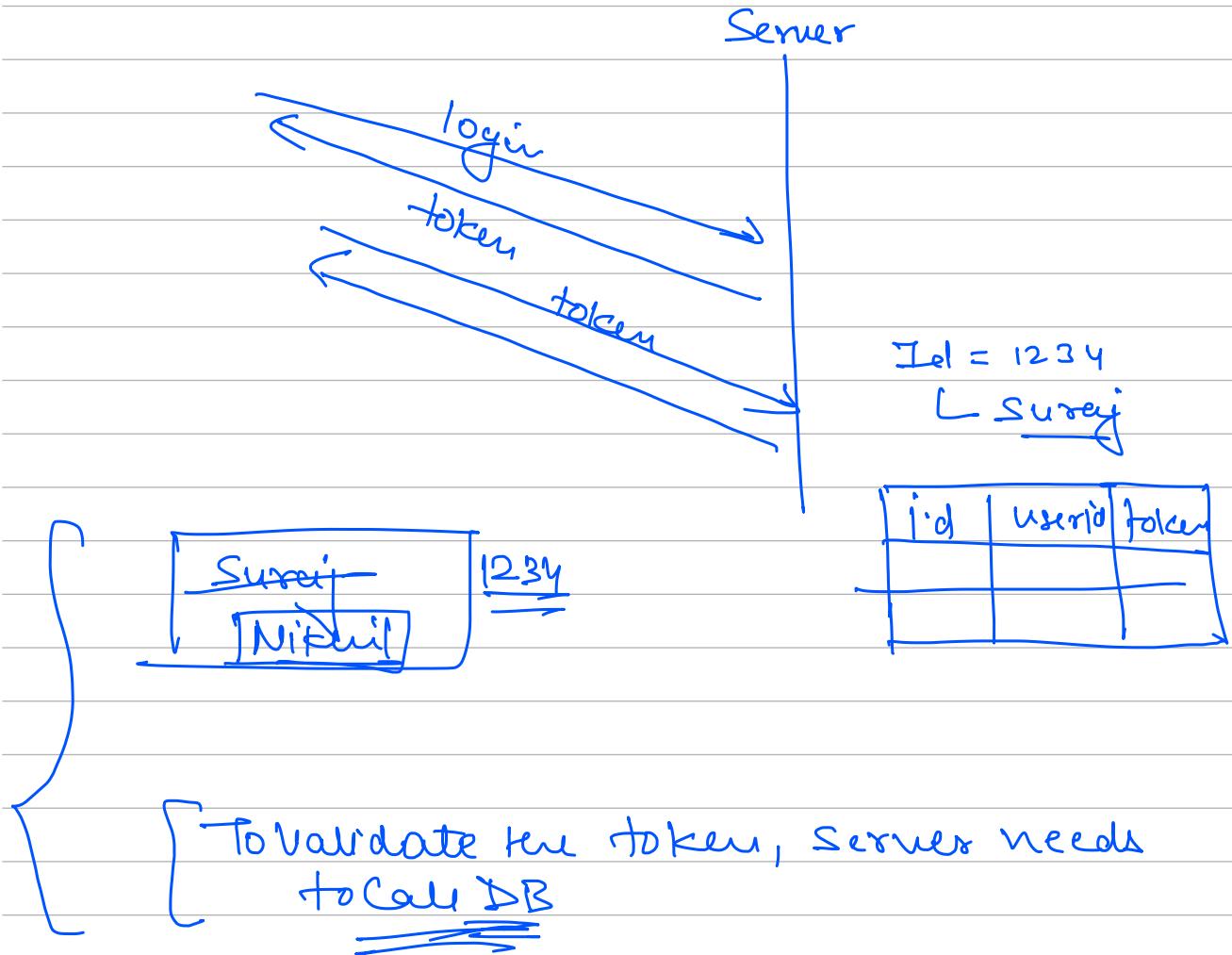
Token

Server HTTP are stateless



Cache

→ Costly  
→ Sync Overhead



What if token itself contains all info. required  
to validate the token, then do we need  
the DB call?  
NO

Self Validating Tokens

→ JWT → JSON Web Token