Anaconda setup instructions

What is Anaconda and why are we using it?

We are using the Anaconda distribution of python in order to smooth the process of installing python. There are numerous conflicts that can occur across and within Python installations. Anaconda manages the packages to avoid conflicts. It also automatically loads most of the common workhorse packages in one click so you can get to coding.

1. Download the Python 3 version from the Anaconda distribution page

- If you are working on a Linux or MacOS machine, you can choose to download the command line or graphical installer version.
- Windows users should install the graphical package.

With the graphical installer

- The graphical package can be downloaded and the installer should walk you though the set up.
- So that the anaconda components can be found, be sure to allow the Anaconda to:

"prepend the Anaconda3 install location to PATH"

(Be careful because this may not be the default)

From the command line

- The steps are the same for MacOSX and Linux.
- Download the command line installer by clicking on the link, using curl, or using wget to download the file for you. For example:

\$ curl -O "https://repo.anaconda.com/archive/Anaconda3-2019.03-Linux-x86_64.sh"

Execute the installer

- Change your directory (cd) to the folder with the file and run the installer
- write "bash" even within the bash shell you should be able to locate the downloaded file in your local folder or in the downloads folder

```
Anaconda3-5.2.0-MacOSX-x86_64.sh

$ cd <directory-with-installer>
$ bash Anaconda3-5.2.0-MacOSX-x86_64.sh
```

• Be sure to allow the Anaconda to **"prepend the Anaconda3 install location to PATH"** so that the anaconda components can be found

Verify installation

- Type 'python' at the command line and you should see a version of python 3 listed
 - \$ python "Python 3.7.2 ..." # some version of python 3
- Exit and run the jupyter notebook

```
exit () $ jupyter notebook
```

On the command line you should see:

```
"[I 13:30:37.290 NotebookApp] Saving file at.."
```

• Your browser should open with the Jupyter notebook

X out of the browser and hit ctrl - c to exit on the command line

Install a virtual environment

- If Python 2 opens instead of Python 3 or if the Jupyter notebook does not open, try creating a virtual environment with Anaconda.
- You can use virtual environments to run isolated version of python and its packages and avoid incompatibilities.

Note: If you already have Anaconda and have python 2 installed you can make a new "virtual environment" and specify python 3 during setup.

Create a new virtual environment

- (The name py3jp is arbitrary)
- The virtual environment allows you to specify the python version python packages to be installed.
 - \$ conda create -n py3jp python=3 jupyter matplotlib
- To activate this virtual environment
 - \$ source activate py3jp
- Check the python version and Jupyter notebook shown above
 - \$ python

exit() \$ jupyter notebook As above X out of the browser and hit ctrl-c to exit in the command line

- When you are done
 - \$ source deactivate