1. How many critical points does the following autonomous first order ODE have?

$$y' = y^2(y-1)^2(y+1)$$

- (A) 0
- (B) 1
- (C) 2
- (D) 3 or more

1. How many critical points does the following autonomous first order ODE have?

$$y' = y^2(y-1)^2(y+1)$$

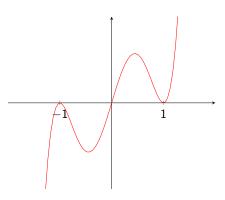
- (A) 0
- (B) 1
- (C) 2
- (D) 3 or more

Follow-up. Draw a phase diagram.

2. Suppose f is the function of y whose graph is depicted below. How many critical points does the autonomous ODE y' = f(y) have?



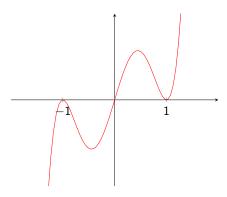
- (B) 1
- (C) 2
- (D) 3 or more



2. Suppose f is the function of y whose graph is depicted below. How many critical points does the autonomous ODE y' = f(y) have?



- (B) 1
- (C) 2
- (D) 3 or more



Follow-up. Draw a phase diagram.

The downwards velocity v of an object of mass m in free fall, subject to air resistance, satisfies the differential equation

$$\frac{dv}{dt}=g-\frac{bv}{m},$$

where $g=9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ is gravitational acceleration and b>0 is a constant (with units kg/s) that depends on the density of air and the shape of the object.

True or False?

 $\lim_{t\to\infty} v = \frac{gm}{h}$, regardless of the initial velocity of the object.

4. True or False?

The initial value problem

$$y' = y^{1/3}, \quad y(0) = 0$$

has a unique solution.1

This is not a great problem. A better formulation of the intended statement would be... There exists a unique continuous function f on the interval $[0,\infty)$ such that f(0)=0 and $f'(x)=f(x)^{1/3}$ for all x>0.

5. True or False?

Let *p* be the discontinuous function

$$p(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x < 2\\ 3 & \text{if } x \ge 2 \end{cases}$$

There is a continuous function y, defined on all real numbers and differentiable everywhere except possibly at x=2, such that

$$y' + p(x)y = x$$
 and $y(0) = 1$.