

Week 7 Day 2

Review

1. The matrix A below is row equivalent to the matrix B . Find bases for the null space, column space, and row space of A .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 9 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. Consider the subspace $U = \{p \in \mathbb{P}_3 : p(-1) = 0\}$ of \mathbb{P}_3 .
What is $\dim(U)$?

- (A) 1
- (B) 2
- (C) 3
- (D) None of the above

3. Let $\mathcal{B} = \{(1, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0)\}$. Which of the following is true about \mathcal{B} ?

- (A) \mathcal{B} is a basis for \mathbb{R}^3 .
- (B) \mathcal{B} is a basis for a subspace of \mathbb{R}^3 .
- (C) \mathcal{B} is a basis for \mathbb{R}^2 .
- (D) None of the above OR more than one of the above.

The *trace* of a 2×2 matrix is defined to be the sum of its diagonal entries:

$$\operatorname{tr} \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = a + d.$$

4. (A) True or (B) False? The set

$$S = \{A \in M_{2 \times 2} : \operatorname{tr}(A) = 0\}$$

is a subspace of the vector space $M_{2 \times 2}$ of all 2×2 matrices.

Follow-up. If it is a subspace, what is $\dim(S)$?

5. The set $\mathcal{B} = \{1 + t, 1 + 2t, 1 + t^2\}$ is a basis for \mathbb{P}_2 . For which polynomial p is it the case that $[p]_{\mathcal{B}} = (2, 1 - 1)$?

(A) $p(t) = 2 + t - t^2$

(B) $p(t) = -1 + t + 2t^2$

(C) $p(t) = 2 + 4t - t^2$

(D) None of the above

Follow-up. How would you go about verifying that \mathcal{B} is a basis for \mathbb{P}_2 , if you weren't given this information?

6. (A) True or (B) False? The set

$$S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} : x, y \text{ are integers} \right\}$$

is a subspace of \mathbb{R}^2 .

7. Let $T: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ be a linear map with standard matrix A . Which of the following statements are equivalent to the statement “ A is invertible”?

- (A) T is one-to-one.
- (B) A has rank n .
- (C) A has nullity 0.
- (D) None of the above OR more than one of the above.