A1 - Readiness Exercise

1. Explain why the output of the following code snippet is 0.

One point for each question. Please upload a PDF file (named hw1_[your first name].pdf) containing only answers. Please attach a screenshot for Q10 to your PDF report as well.

```
unsigned int i = 0;
printf("%u", i--);
2. Explain why the output of the following code snippet is "char=1, int=4, long=8" in x86 (64-bit).
printf("char=%d, int=%d, long=%d", \
  sizeof(char), sizeof(int), sizeof(long));
3. Explain why the output of the following code snippet is "st0 = 8, st1 = 8".
struct st0 {
 int x;
  char y;
struct st1 {
int x;
  char y;
  char z;
};
int main()
  printf("st0 = %d, st1 = %d\n",
  sizeof(struct st0), sizeof(struct st1));
4. Explain why the output of the following code snippet is 0xEF.
int64_t = 0xdeadbeef;
printf("%02x", ((char *)&v)[0]);
5. Explain why the output of the following code snippet is "i=5, j=10".
int main ()
  int i, j, *p, *q;
  p = \&i;
  q = &j;
  *p = 5;
  *q = *p + i;
  printf("i = %d, j = %d\n", i, j);
  return 0;
6. Explain why the value of NULL (64-bit) is 0x0000000000000000.
7. Explain why the output of the following code is 0x124000.
#define PGSIZE 4096
#define CONVERT(sz) (((sz)+PGSIZE-1) & ~(PGSIZE-1))
printf("0x%x", CONVERT(0x123456));
8. Assuming the first printf results "1 = 0x7fffdfbf7f00", explain why the rest of the output is as follows:
2 = 0x7fffdfbf7f04
3 = 0x7fffdfbf7f00
4 = 0x7fffdfbf7f14
main() {
int x[5];
```

```
printf("1 = %p\n", x);
printf("2 = %p\n", x+1);
printf("3 = %p\n", &x);
printf("4 = %p\n", &x+1);
return 0;
```

9. Explain the purpose of the following command on a Linux shell.

```
ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 2048 -f ~/.ssh/id_rsa -N ""
```

10. Please attach the screenshot of the **tig** of your Linux git repository on your Linux virtual machine.