```
Clear:
Buzzy:
Thrilled:
Partly
      Buzzÿ
      _{t} rend. png Classification by pitch trends. \\
         syl-
    la-
bles
    \stackrel{\textbf{``s}ections.pngClassification by number of section. This classification can be done even when the song spectrum is complex, where the symmetry of the state of the state
      rinx
         _{s}ound_{o}rgans.pngBirdrespiratorysystem anatomy. \cite{Comparison}
                                                                   _{p}aloma.pngSoundproductionactors: \mathbf{the\ syrinx}, airsacs, trachea, and beak.Imagetakenfrom \cite{Monthson}.
  muscles.pngSyringealmuscles[?].
    \begin{tabular}{l} $\dot{s}\dot{p}ectrum-\\032Independent syrinx oscillations and its corresponding spectrograms \end{tabular} \label{eq:corresponding}
    syrinx-\\013 Syrinx oscillations. Many birds have two independent syrinx to modulates the air and produces birds ongs, some of the mareable of the market o
      wave-
form
         \frac{1}{1}/\overline{f}
      _{p} itch.png Soundpitch \cite{Lambda} else in the constraint of the constraint of
\begin{array}{l} {}_{p}itch.pngSoundpitch[?] \\ {}_{s}ound.pngSoundhumanbrainunderstanding[?] \\ {}_{m} \\ {}_{\gamma} \\ {}_{\gamma} \\ {}_{\gamma} \\ {}_{\gamma} \\ {}_{\gamma} \\ {}_{z} \\
                                                                      f(\xi(t), \xi'(t), t)
                                                                   m
                                                                   k
                                                                   b
                                                                   t
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 $_{g} estures. png Syrinx behavior illustration and labial dynamics. The panel (a) illustrates the present organic tors and their shape of the present of t$

motor ges-

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