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History

27 September 2023

Lecture 0 Notes: What is History?

Note-taking During a Lecture:

- Include a title
- Jot key terms/ideas for reference
- Listen, don't copy the slide
- Synthesize what is said --> what is important
- Use abbreviations/short hand
- Lists and indentations to organize
- Ask questions!

What is History?:

- Inquiry into the past
 - Understanding people/societies/groups
 - Factors that make up our world
 - Understanding decisions

Historiography:

- History of how history has been written
- Reflects present-day concerns
 - Ancient Korea/China
 - o 17th/18th century Europe
 - o 70s --> ethnic, cultural studies, present day concerns, fairly new

The How of History:

- Facts & interpretation
- Defining what 'facts' really are
 - Example: Sir Walter Raleigh established English colony, came from interpretation of documents + records
- Complicating factors
 - o Intentional change, error, damage, meaning

Methodology: Empiricism:

Evidence-based observation

- Draw hypothesis
- Hypothesis becomes Theory of Events
- Things can change theory of events
 - New evidence
 - Okay with uncertainty
 - o Debate