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CCE RR
UNREVISED
FULL SYLLABUS

ವಿಷಯ : ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ

Subject : SCIENCE

(ಭೌತ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ, ರಸಾಯನ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಮತ್ತು ಜೀವ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ / **Physics, Chemistry & Biology**)

(ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ / **English Medium**)

(ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಶಾಲಾ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / **Regular Repeater**)

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 13. 06. 2023]　　　　　　　　　　[Date : 13. 06. 2023

ಸಮಯ : ಬೆಳಗ್ಗೆ 10-30 ರಿಂದ ಮಧ್ಯಾಹ–1-45 ರವರೆಗೆ]

[Time : 10-30 A.M. to 1-45 P.M.

ಗರಿಷ್ಠ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 80]　　　　　　　　　　[Max. Marks : 80

General Instructions to the Candidate :

1. There are *three* parts in the question paper :
   Part A : Physics,   Part B : Chemistry,   Part C : Biology.

2. This question paper consists of objective and subjective types of 38 questions.

3. This question paper has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the right side to open the paper at the time of commencement of the examination. Check whether all the pages of the question paper are intact.

4. Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.

5. Figures in the right hand margin indicate maximum marks for the questions.

6. The maximum time to answer the paper is given at the top of the question paper. It includes 15 minutes for reading the question paper.

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PART – A

(PHYSICS)

I. *Four* **alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet.**   **4 × 1 = 4**

1. A device that converts electrical energy into mechanical energy is

   (A) Electric generator   (B) Electric motor

   (C) Galvanometer   (D) Voltmeter

2. A mirror forms an erect and enlarged image of an object. Then the type of the mirror and the nature of the image respectively are

   (A) convex mirror and virtual image

   (B) concave mirror and real image

   (C) plane mirror and real image

   (D) concave mirror and virtual image

3. The power plant that generates electricity without using the turbines is

   (A) Thermal power plant   (B) Hydro power plant

   (C) Solar power plant   (D) Nuclear power plant

4. Imagine, you are holding a straight current carrying conductor as per the right hand thumb rule. If the thumb is upward, then the direction of the field lines of the magnetic field is

(A) downward (B) upward

(C) anti-clockwise (D) clockwise

II. **Answer the following questions :** 2 × 1 = 2

5. Draw the symbol diagram of rheostat used in electric circuit.

6. Observe the figure and mention the direction of the force acting on the current carrying conductor *AB*. Name the rule that helped you to find the direction of the force.
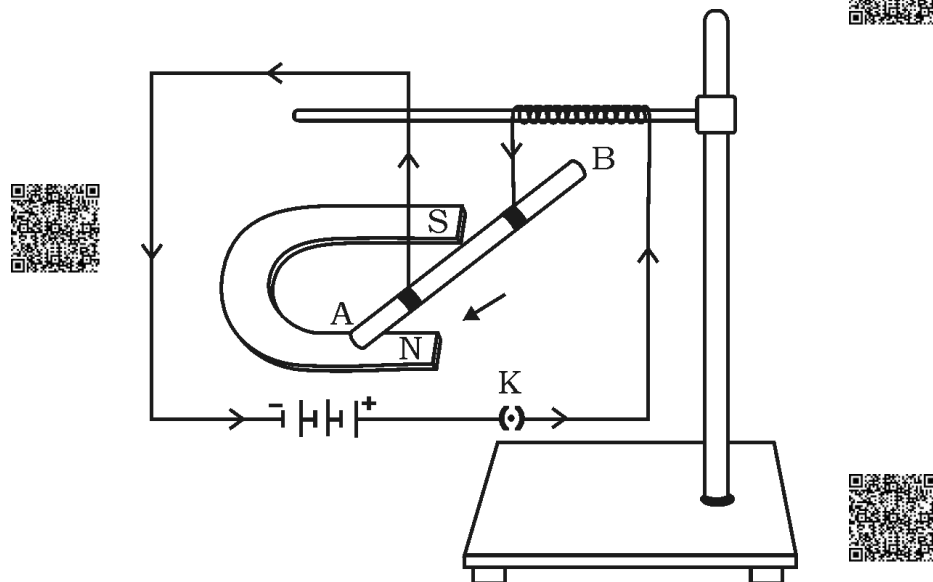
III. Answer the following questions : **2 × 2 = 4**

7. Name any two fossil fuels and mention any two disadvantages of using fossil fuels.

8. 1000 J of heat is produced each 2 seconds in a 5 Ω resistor. Find the potential difference across the resistor.

OR

A wire of given material having length 'l' and area of cross-section 'A' has a resistance of '4 Ω'. Find the resistance of another wire of the same material having length '$\dfrac{l}{2}$' and area of cross-section '2A'.

IV. Answer the following questions : **3 × 3 = 9**

9. What is meant by the 'aperture' of a spherical mirror ? Mention the four uses of a concave mirror.

OR

a) What is meant by the power of a lens ? Write the formula used to find the power of a lens. What is the SI unit of power of a lens ?

b) If the focal lengths of two lenses 'A' and 'B' are + 0·50 m and – 0·40 m respectively. Mention the types of these lenses in the same order.

10. Observe the given diagram :

Coil-1   Coil-2
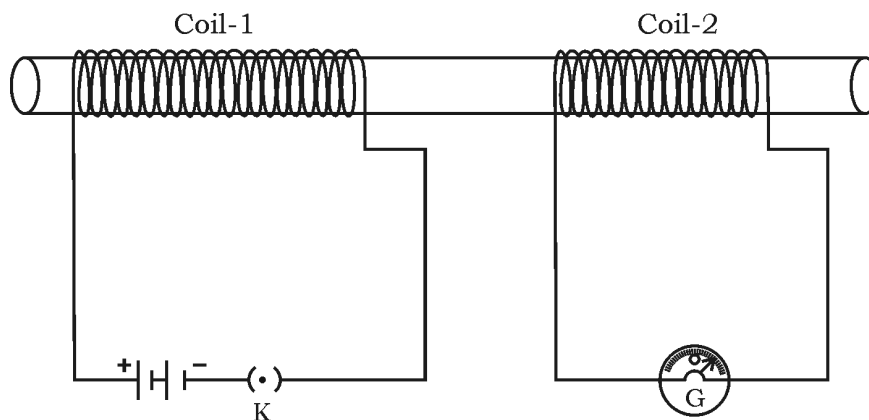
Explain the experiment related to this diagram. What conclusions can be drawn from this experiment ?

11. Draw the ray diagram for the image formation by a convex lens, when the object is placed at $2F_1$. With the help of the ray diagram mention the position and the nature of the image formed.

[F_1 : Principal focus of the lens]

OR

Draw the ray diagram for the image formation in a convex lens when the object is placed beyond $2F_1$. With the help of the ray diagram mention the position and the nature of the image formed.

[F_1 : Principal focus of the lens]

V. **Answer the following question :** **1 × 4 = 4**

12. a) A bread-toaster rated 350 W is used for 15 hours a day. An electric iron box rated 250 W is used for 5 hours a day. Calculate the cost of using these appliances for 30 days, if the cost of 1 kWh is Rs. 4.

b) In which method the resistors R_1 and R_2 could be connected so that the equivalent resistance of that electric circuit becomes low ? What is the change in the value of current in the circuit by this type of connection ?

VI. **Answer the following question :** **1 × 5 = 5**

13. a) How does the lens of human eye accommodate to see the nearby objects and the distant objects ? Explain.

b) Explain the formation of rainbow in the nature.

PART – B

(CHEMISTRY)

VII. *Four* alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet. $2 \times 1 = 2$

14. Mendeleev's periodic table is constructed on the basis of

 (A) Atomic number

 (B) Electronic configuration of an atom

 (C) Atomic size

 (D) Atomic mass.

15. Chips manufacturers, flush bags of chips with nitrogen gas because, to

 (A) prevent corrosion of chips

 (B) prevent chips from getting oxidised

 (C) make chips undergo rancidity

 (D) prevent the chips from getting reduced.

VIII. Answer the following questions :   **4 × 1 = 4**

16. Name the product produced when calcium oxide reacts with water.

17. Name the ions responsible for acidic and basic natures of the substances.

18. Why are detergents more suitable for cleansing clothes in hard water ?

19. Ionic compounds have high melting point and boiling point. Why ?

IX. Answer the following questions :   **3 × 2 = 6**

20. In a homologous series, the first member of hydrocarbon group has the molecular formula CH_4. Then find out the molecular formula of the fourth member and write two types of structural formula of it.

21. What are alloys ? Name the constituent elements present in bronze and solder metal.

OR

What are ores ? Write the respective methods used to convert sulphide and carbonate ores of metals into their oxides.

22. Add same amount of barium chloride solution to a test tube containing 5 ml of sodium sulphate solution. Then

   i) Which insoluble white precipitate is formed ?

   ii) Name the ions responsible for the formation of white precipitate.

   iii) Mention the type of chemical reaction that took place here.

X. Answer the following questions : **3 × 3 = 9**

23. Draw the diagram of arrangement of the apparatus used to show the action of steam on metal. Label the following parts :

   i) Metal sample

   ii) Delivery tube.

24. The elements are arranged in the increasing order of their atomic masses in the below given table. Observe it and answer the following questions :
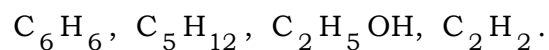
| Sa | Re | Ga | Ma | Pa | Dha | Ni | | |
| H | Li | Be | B | C | N | O | F | Na |

i) Name the elements that belong to the same group.

ii) State the law that helps to group these elements.

iii) Write two limitations of the same law.

25. a) Identify unsaturated hydrocarbons in the following carbon compounds and write their structural formula.

$$C_6H_6, \ C_5H_{12}, \ C_2H_5OH, \ C_2H_2.$$

b) Write the difference between esterification and saponification.

OR

a) Write electron dot structure of oxygen molecule.

b) Carbon atom does not form C^{4-} anion and C^{4+} cation. Why ?

XI. Answer the following question : 1 × 4 = 4

26. a) Explain the manufacturing of bleaching powder. Write any two uses of it.

b) A strong solution of sodium hydroxide is added to the strong solution of hydrochloric acid. What is the nature of the salt solution formed here ? Write a balanced chemical equation for this reaction.

PART – C

(BIOLOGY)

XII. *Four* alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet. **2 × 1 = 2**

27. Producers of aquatic eco-system are

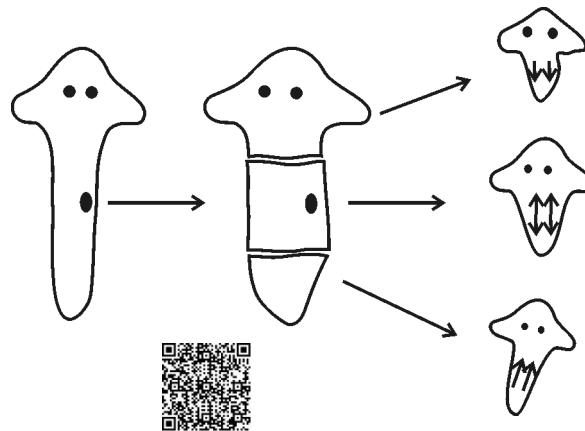   (A)   algae   (B)   small fishes

    (C)   larvae   (D)   protozoa.

28. Biological process that has been shown in the diagram is

    (A)   production of progenies by fragmentation method

    (B)   production of progenies by multiple fission method

    (C)   regeneration of tissues by development in specialised cells

    (D)   asexual reproduction by vegetative propagation.

XIII. Answer the following questions :   **2 × 1 = 2**

29. What is biological magnification ?

30. Mention the two importances of 'Recycling' in controlling environmental pollution.

XIV. Answer the following questions :   **3 × 2 = 6**

31. What needs of the local people are fulfilled by the forest ?

32. Draw the diagram showing the structure of nephron and label 'glomerulus'.

33. Student 'A' tells to Student 'B' that the wing of bird and arm of human are analogous organs. Student 'B' replies both of them are homologous organs. Whose answer is correct ? Justify your answer with suitable reasons.

XV. Answer the following questions :   **3 × 3 = 9**

34. Draw the diagram showing the structure of the human brain and label the following parts :

   i) Mid-brain

   ii) Pons.

35. Round, green colour seeds producing pea plant (*RR yy*) is crossed with wrinkled, yellow colour seeds producing pea plant (*rr YY*). Show the result of F_2 generation with the help of a checker board and mention the ratio of varieties of plants.

OR

How are the traits of organisms classified as 'dominant' and 'recessive' traits ? The experiences of an individual acquired during its life-time cannot be passed on to its progeny. Why ?

36. "Reaching to sexual maturation is an essential event with respect to mammals like humans." Substantiate this statement.

XVI. Answer the following questions : 2 × 4 = 8

37. a) As the growth advances in a climbing plant (creeper) that appears as the plant is moving towards a particular direction. How ?

    b) Explain the necessity of chemical communication in animals.

38. a) Compare the functions of xylem tissue with that of phloem tissue.

    b) Explain the process of exchange of gases that take place through stomata in plants.

OR

a)   How is the structure of human heart supportive in transporting oxygenated blood and deoxygenated blood ? Explain.

b)   In humans, how is the digested food absorbed by the blood ? Mention the function of blood in transporting necessary materials.