

## Pseudocode

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18M18CS089

{ 1, 1, 0, 0, 0 },  
{ 0, 1, 0, 0, 1 },  
{ 1, 0, 0, 1, 1 },  
{ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 },  
{ 1, 0, 1, 0, 1 }

Total 5 islands.

// Implementation using Disjoint Sets.

class Disjoint Union Sets.

{

vector<int> rank, parent;

int n;

public :

Disjoint Union Sets (int n)

{

rank.resize(n);

parent.resize(n);

this->n = n;

makeSet();

}

```
void makeset ( )
```

```
{  
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)  
        parent[i]=i;  
}
```

```
int find (int x)
```

```
{  
    if (parent[x] != x)  
    {  
        return find (parent[x]);  
    }  
    return x;  
}
```

```
void Union (int x, int y)
```

```
{  
    int xRoot = find(x);  
    int yRoot = find(y);  
    if (xRoot == yRoot)  
        return;  
    if (rank[xRoot] < rank[yRoot])  
        parent[xRoot] = yRoot;  
    else if (rank[yRoot] < rank[xRoot])  
        parent[yRoot] = xRoot;  
    else {  
        parent[yRoot] = xRoot;  
        rank[xRoot] = rank[xRoot] + 1;  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```



```
int countIslands (vector<vector<int>>> a)
```

```
{ int n = a.size();
```

```
int m = a[0].size();
```

```
DisjointUnionSets *dus = new DisjointUnionSets (n*m);
```

```
for (int j=0; j<n; j++)
```

```
{ for (int k=0; k<m; k++)
```

```
{ if (a[j][k] == 0)
```

```
continue;
```

// Check all 8 neighbours and do a Union with neighbour set if neighbour is also 1.

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
int *c = new int [n*m];
```

```
int numberOfIslands = 0;
```

```
for (int j=0; j<n; j++)
```

```
{ for (int k=0; k<m; k++)
```

```
{ if (a[j][k] == 1)
```

```
{ int x = dus->find (j*m+k);
```

```
if (c[x] == 0)
```

```
{ numberOfIslands++;
```

```
c[x]++;
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{ c[x]++;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
return numberOfIslands;
```