```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <climits>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
struct Edge
    int src, dest, weight;
};
class Graph
{
    int V;
    vector<Edge> edges;
public:
    Graph(int vertices) : V(vertices) {}
    void addEdge(int src, int dest, int weight)
        Edge edge = {src, dest, weight};
        edges.push_back(edge);
    }
    void BellmanFord()
        sort(edges.begin(), edges.end(), [](Edge a, Edge b)
              { return a.src < b.src; });
        vector<pair<int, int>> load(V + 1, make_pair(INT_MAX, -1));
        load[1].first = 0;
        bool changes = true;
        for (int i = 0; i < (V - 1) \&\& changes; ++i)
        {
             changes = false;
             for (auto &e : edges)
                 if (load[e.src].first + e.weight < load[e.dest].first)</pre>
                 {
                      changes = true;
                     load[e.dest].first = load[e.src].first + e.weight;
                     load[e.dest].second = e.src;
                 }
             }
        }
        for (int i = 1; i \leq V; ++i)
             \texttt{cout} \; \ll \; \texttt{i} \; \ll \; \texttt{"} \; \texttt{"} \; \ll \; \texttt{load[i].second} \; \ll \; \texttt{endl;}
        int last = V;
        vector<int> path;
        while (last \neq -1)
             path.push_back(last);
             last = load[last].second;
        for (auto i : path)
             cout << i << " ← ";
    }
};
```

```
int main()
{
     int V, E;
     cout << "Enter Number of Vertices and Edges in Graph : ";</pre>
     cin >> V >> E;
    Graph graph(V);
    cout << "Edge : src dest weight" << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 1; i \leq E; ++i)
     {
         int s, d, w;
         // cout << "Edge " << i << " : ";
         cin >> s >> d >> w;
         graph.addEdge(s, d, w);
     graph.BellmanFord();
     cout << endl;</pre>
    return 1;
}
   • • •
   // Output
   PS D:\Coding\Data Analysis And Algorithm> cd "d:\Coding\Data Analysis And Algorithm\8_Practi
   Enter Number of Vertices and Edges in Graph : 7 10
   Edge : src dest weight
   1 2 6
   1 3 5
   1 4 5
   2 5 -1
   3 5 1
   3 2 -2
   4 3 -2
   4 6 -1
   5 7 3
   6 7 3
   1:0-1
   2:13
   3:34
   4:51
   5:02
   6:44
   7:35
   7 \leftarrow 5 \leftarrow 2 \leftarrow 3 \leftarrow 4 \leftarrow 1
```

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
struct Element
{
    int val = 0;
    string ele = "EX";
    struct Element *prev = nullptr;
};
class LCSP
{
    string X, Y;
    int xlen, ylen;
public:
    LCSP(string x, string y) : X(x), Y(y)
    {
        xlen = X.length();
        ylen = Y.length();
    }
    void longestCommonSubSeq()
    {
        vector<vector<Element>> Matrix(xlen + 1, vector<Element>(ylen + 1));
        Element *max = &Matrix[0][0];
        string result;
        for (int i = 1; i \leq xlen; ++i)
        {
            for (int j = 1; j \leq ylen; ++j)
                if (X[i - 1] = Y[j - 1])
                {
                     Matrix[i][j].val = 1 + Matrix[i - 1][j - 1].val;
                     Matrix[i][j].ele = X[i - 1];
                    Matrix[i][j].prev = &Matrix[i - 1][j - 1];
                }
                else if (Matrix[i - 1][j].val < Matrix[i][j - 1].val)</pre>
                {
                     Matrix[i][j].val = Matrix[i][j - 1].val;
                     Matrix[i][j].ele = Matrix[i][j - 1].ele;
                    Matrix[i][j].prev = &Matrix[i][j - 1];
                }
                else
                {
                     Matrix[i][j].val = Matrix[i - 1][j].val;
                     Matrix[i][j].ele = Matrix[i - 1][j].ele;
                    Matrix[i][j].prev = &Matrix[i - 1][j];
                }
                if (max→val < Matrix[i][j].val)</pre>
                {
                    max = \&Matrix[i][j];
                }
```

```
}
           for (int i = 0; i \leq xlen; ++i)
                for (int j = 0; j \leq ylen; ++j)
                     cout << Matrix[i][j].ele << "\t";</pre>
                cout << endl;</pre>
           cout << endl</pre>
                  << endl;
           while (max\rightarrowele \neq "EX")
           {
                if (result.empty() || result.back() \neq max\rightarrowele[0])
                {
                     result += max→ele;
                max = max \rightarrow prev;
           }
           reverse(result.begin(), result.end());
           int length = result.size();
           cout << "Longest Common Subsequence: " << result << endl;</pre>
           cout << "Length of LCS: " << length << endl;</pre>
     }
};
int main()
     LCSP saharsh("EXPONENTIAL", "POLYNOMIAL");
     saharsh.longestCommonSubSeq();
     return 0;
}
. . .
PS D:\Coding\Data Analysis And Algorithm> cd "d:\Coding\Data Analysis And Algorithm\9_Practical\" ; if ($?) { g++ LC
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```

}

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
#include <map>
using namespace std;
struct Edge
{
    int src, dest;
};
class Graph
{
    int V;
    vector<Edge> edges;
public:
    Graph(int vertices) : V(vertices) {}
    void addEdge(int src, int dest)
    {
        Edge edge = {src, dest};
        edges.push_back(edge);
    }
    void BFS(int start)
        map<int, bool> visited;
        queue<int> container;
        container.push(start);
        visited[start] = true;
        while (!container.empty())
        {
            int u = container.front();
            container.pop();
            cout << u << " ";
            for (const auto &edge : edges)
            {
                if (edge.src = u && !visited[edge.dest])
                {
                     container.push(edge.dest);
                    visited[edge.dest] = true;
                }
            }
        }
    }
};
```

```
int main()
{
    int V, E;
    cout << "Enter Number of Vertices and Edges in Graph : ";</pre>
    cin >> V >> E;
    Graph graph(V);
    cout << "Edge : src dest" << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 1; i \leq E; ++i)
    {
         int s, d;
         cin >> s >> d;
         graph.addEdge(s, d);
    }
    int startVertex;
    cout << "Enter the starting vertex for BFS: ";</pre>
    cin >> startVertex;
    cout << "BFS traversal starting from vertex " << startVertex << ": ";</pre>
    graph.BFS(startVertex);
    cout << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
}
• • •
//output
PS D:\Coding\Data Analysis And Algorithm\10_practical> cd "d:\Coding\Data Analysis And Al
Enter Number of Vertices and Edges in Graph : 4 7
Edge : src dest
1 2
1 4
2 1
2 3
3 1
3 4
Enter the starting vertex for BFS: 1
BFS traversal starting from vertex 1: 1 2 4 3
```