<u>Principles of Object Oriented Programming – Assignment 3</u> Bonus Method Description

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Description:

The Method shuffles the board to a solvable permutation of the bricks by mimicking a movement (As A user would move) of bricks across the board in the following manner:

- 1. Calls the shuffle board method with a number of wanted brick movement to make, In order to make sure the board is appropriately shuffled, the number of wanted movement as we defined is: 10,000 times the squared board size.
- 2. Randomizes a neighboring brick to the current empty brick on board by randomizing a movement offset from the empty brick. (-boardSize UP, +boardSize-DOWN, -1 -LEFT, +1-RIGHT).
- 3. Checks (By using the helper method isLegalBoardPlace) that the neighboring brick that has been randomized is in a legal board place (within the board size limitations, 0 to squared board size).
- 4. Checks (By using the helper method canMove) that the neighboring brick that has been randomized can be legally moved to the empty bricks place.
- 5. If the checks have been failed, randomizes another neighboring brick by iteration until a legal neighboring brick has been found.
- 6. If both checks passed, swaps the empty bricks place with the neighboring brick place.
- 7. Updates the empty bricks current index and decreases the shuffle moves remaining to make.
- 8. Iterates the entire process until all wanted shuffle moves have been made.
- 9. The board is now shuffled and solvable always. (If the end-user tracks back the shuffle movements made it will solve the board).

Note: No moves are made by "Picking" a brick and replacing it with another, all moves are made by sliding the bricks to an open spot (in a legal In-Game move).

Method call – Calls the method with 10,000 times square board size wanted brick moves.

```
if(shuffleMethod =="Auto shuffle") //Dynamic shuffle
    shuffleBoard(10000*squareBoardSize);
else systemShuffle(); //Shuffle from list of boards loaded from boards.csv
```

Method operation – Randomizes a neighboring brick to the empty brick and swapping with the empty spot If both checks for a legal board position and a legal board move has passed.

```
/*
 * A dynamic shuffle method, locates a neighboring brick to the empty index and randomizes a move over the board by iteration.
 * @param shuffleMoves - the number of moves over the board that should be made.
 */
private void shuffleBoard(int shuffleMoves)
{
   Random rand = new Random();
   int[] neighborOffsets = { -boardSize, +boardSize, -1, +1 }; //Possible moves set - up down left right
   while (shuffleMoves > 0) {
      int neighborBrick;
      do
      {
            neighborBrick = emptyBrickIndex + neighborOffsets[rand.nextInt(4)];
      }
      while (!isLegalBoardPlace(neighborBrick) || !canMove(neighborBrick, emptyBrickIndex));
      Collections.swap(PuzzlePanel.bricks, neighborBrick, emptyBrickIndex);
      emptyBrickIndex= neighborBrick;
      shuffleMoves--;
   }
}
```

Legal Randomized Brick spot checks – checks that the neighboring brick randomizes is within board size limits and that that it can be moved to the empty spot

```
/*
  * Checks that a place is within the limits of the board.
  *@param place - that place to check if is part of the board.
  *@return True if the place is a legal place in the board False otherwise.
  */
private boolean isLegalBoardPlace(int place)
{
    return ((place>=0) && (place<squareBoardSize));
}</pre>
```