

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n!}{i! (n-i)!} \left(\frac{\lambda}{n}\right)^i \left(1 - \frac{\lambda}{n}\right)^{n-i}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n(n-1) \cdots (n-i+1)}{i!} \frac{\lambda^i}{n^i} \frac{(1 - \lambda/n)^n}{(1 - \lambda/n)^i}$$

$$= \frac{\lambda^i}{i!} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n(n-1) \cdots (n-i+1)}{n^i} \right) \frac{(1 - \lambda/n)^n}{(1 - \lambda/n)^i}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^i}{i!} = P(X=i)$$

$$\phi_x(t) = e^{\lambda(e^t - 1)}$$

$$\phi'_x(t) = e^{\lambda(e^t - 1)} \underline{\lambda e^t}$$

$$\phi''_x(t) = e^{\lambda(e^t - 1)} \lambda e^t + (\lambda e^t)^2 e^{\lambda(e^t - 1)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi''_x(0) &= 1 \lambda + \lambda^2 \cdot 1 = \lambda^2 + \lambda \\ &= E(X^2) \end{aligned}$$