

Truth Table and K-Maps for g, l, e pins

Page No. :

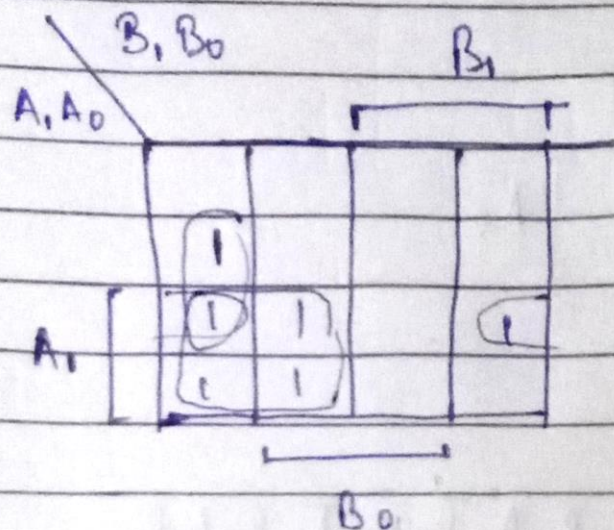
Date :

Truth table for 2-bit Bit comparator.

A ₁	A ₀	B ₁	B ₀	g	e	l
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	0	0	1
1	1	0	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	0	1	0

k-Maps

For

g.

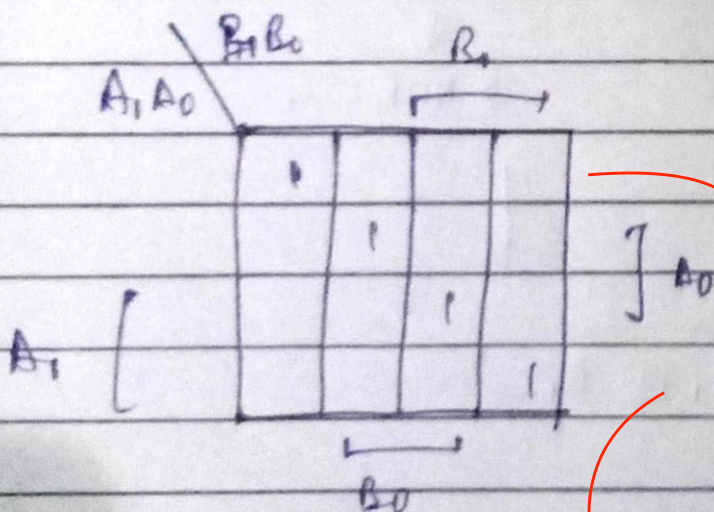
~~$$g := A_1 \bar{B}_1 + A_0 \bar{B}_1 \bar{B}_0 + A_0 A_1 \bar{B}_0 B_1$$~~

$$g := A_1 \bar{B}_1 + A_0 \bar{A}_1 \bar{B}_0 \bar{B}_1 + A_0 A_1 \bar{B}_0 B_1$$

$$= A_1 \bar{B}_1 + A_0 \bar{B}_0 (A_1 \oplus B_1)$$

$$A_1' B_1' + A_1 B_1 = ((A_1' + B_1') \cdot (A_1 + B_1))'$$

$$= (A_1 \oplus B_1)' = A_1 \text{ XNOR } B_1$$

For e

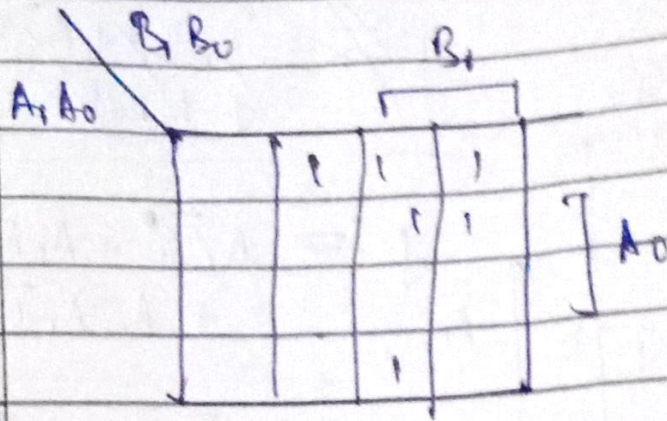
$$e = A_0 A_1' B_0' B_1' + A_0' A_1 B_0' B_1' + A_0' A_1' B_0 B_1' + A_0' A_1' B_0' B_1$$

This can be further reduced to
 $(A_0 \text{ XNOR } B_0) \cdot (A_1 \text{ XNOR } B_1)$

(similar to the above proof)

$$(A_1 \oplus B_1) \cdot (A_0 \oplus B_0)$$

For L₁

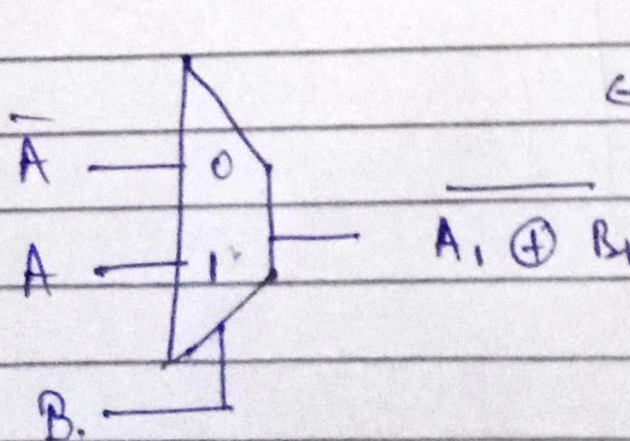


$$L_1 = \overline{A_1} B_1 + \overline{A_0} B_0 \overline{A_1} \overline{B_1} + \overline{A_0} B_0 A_1 B_1$$

$$= A_1' B_1 + A_0' B_0 (A_1' B_1' + A_1 B_1)$$

$$= \overline{A_1} B_1 + \overline{A_0} B_0 (A_1 \oplus B_1)$$

↓
XNOR



$A_1' B_1' + A_1 B_1 = A_1 \text{ XNOR } B_1$
(derived above)

XNOR gate using 2x1 MUX