

Weather Observation Station 5

Query the two cities in **STATION** with the shortest and longest *CITY* names, as well as their respective lengths (i.e.: number of characters in the name). If there is more than one smallest or largest city, choose the one that comes first when ordered alphabetically.

Input Format

The **STATION** table is described as follows:

STATION	
Field	Type
ID	NUMBER
CITY	VARCHAR2(21)
STATE	VARCHAR2(2)
LAT_N	NUMBER
LONG_W	NUMBER

where *LAT_N* is the northern latitude and *LONG_W* is the western longitude.

Sample Input

Let's say that *CITY* only has four entries: *DEF*, *ABC*, *PQRS* and *WXY*

Sample Output

ABC 3 PQRS 4

Explanation

When ordered alphabetically, the *CITY* names are listed as *ABC*, *DEF*, *PQRS*, and *WXY*, with the respective lengths **3**, **3**, **4**, and **3**. The longest-named city is obviously *PQRS*, but there are **3** options for shortest-named city; we choose *ABC*, because it comes first alphabetically.

Note

You can write two separate queries to get the desired output. It need not be a single query.

Solution :-

```
select CITY,LENGTH(CITY) from STATION order by Length(CITY) asc, CITY limit 1;  
select CITY,LENGTH(CITY) from STATION order by Length(CITY) desc, CITY limit 1;
```