

Resource link	Description
<a href="#">Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS)</a>	A relational database service supporting multiple engines like MySQL, PostgreSQL, and Microsoft SQL Server with automated maintenance and backups
<a href="#">Amazon RDS Security</a>	Detailed information about security configurations in Amazon RDS
<a href="#">Amazon Aurora</a>	A cloud-native database offering superior performance and availability over traditional databases while maintaining MySQL and PostgreSQL compatibility
<a href="#">AWS Database Migration Service (AWS DMS)</a>	A service that provides seamless database migration between source and target databases while keeping the source database operational
<a href="#">Amazon DynamoDB</a>	A NoSQL database service providing single-digit millisecond performance at any scale with built-in security
<a href="#">Amazon ElastiCache</a>	An in-memory caching service that supports Redis, Valkey, or Memcached to improve application performance through faster data retrieval

<a href="#"><u>Amazon DocumentDB</u></a>	A MongoDB-compatible document database service designed for mission-critical workloads with automatic scaling
<a href="#"><u>Amazon Backup</u></a>	A centralized service for automating and managing data backups across AWS services and on-premises resources
<a href="#"><u>Amazon Neptune</u></a>	A graph database service optimized for storing and querying highly connected data relationships
<a href="#"><u>What Is a Relational Database?</u></a>	A structured database using tables with predefined schemas, supporting complex queries and transactions through SQL for consistent data relationships
<a href="#"><u>What Is a NoSQL Database?</u></a>	A nonrelational database offering flexible schemas and high scalability for varied data types, optimized for specific data models and patterns
<a href="#"><u>What Is an In-Memory Caching Service?</u></a>	A high-speed data storage layer using RAM instead of disk storage, delivering microsecond latency for frequently accessed data
<a href="#"><u>AWS Shared Responsibility Model</u></a>	AWS is responsible for security <b>of</b> the cloud (infrastructure, hardware, networking, facilities) while customers are responsible for security <b>in</b> the cloud (data, configuration, access management).