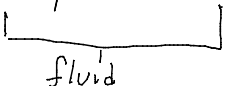
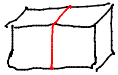


Solid	Liquid	Gas
• fixed volume	fixed volume	not fixed volume
• fixed shape	not fixed shape	not fixed shape
<div style="text-align: center;">  </div>		

Density (or mass density)

$$\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}} \quad \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \quad \rho = \frac{M}{V}$$

e.g.



$$M = 2 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0.02 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\rho = \frac{2}{0.02} = 100 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\frac{1 \text{ kg}}{0.01 \text{ m}^3}$$



What is density of half?

A) 50 kg/m^3

B) 100 kg/m^3

C) 200 kg/m^3

$$= 100 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

Density is a property of material -

e.g. Pure Water at 4°C

$$\rho = 1 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

oil $\rho = 900 \text{ kg/m}^3$

rock $\rho \approx 2500 \text{ kg/m}^3$

steel $\rho = 8000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

styrofoam $\rho = 40 \text{ kg/m}^3$

gases can change density to expand to fill containers

air $\rho = 1.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Pressure $P = \frac{F}{A}$ (applied perpendicular to surface)

Units $1 \frac{N}{m^2} = 1 \text{ Pascal (Pa)}$
(1 PSI = 7000 Pa)

Fluids exert a pressure in all directions

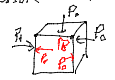
e.g. air is pushing on every surface

$$P_0 = 1.01 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa} = 1 \text{ atm}$$

atmospheric pressure

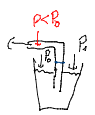
e.g. my head has $A = 0.03 m^2$
 $F = PA = (1.01 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa})(0.03 m^2)$
 $= 3000 \text{ N}$ (30 mg weight)

Fortunately, my body has an internal pressure which balances this

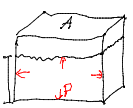


When I go in airplane
 air pressure drops
 my internal pressure is too large
 ears pop to rebalance

Suction: remove air from one side allowing external pressure to work without obstruction

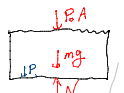


straw: get the air in the straw out of the way so atmosphere can push drink into your mouth



What is pressure on the bottom of tank?

Force diagram for water



$$N = P_0 A + mg$$

$$P A = P_0 A + \rho A h g$$

$$P = P_0 + \rho g h$$

force of tank of water: N
 force of water on tank: PA
 = due to $N3L$

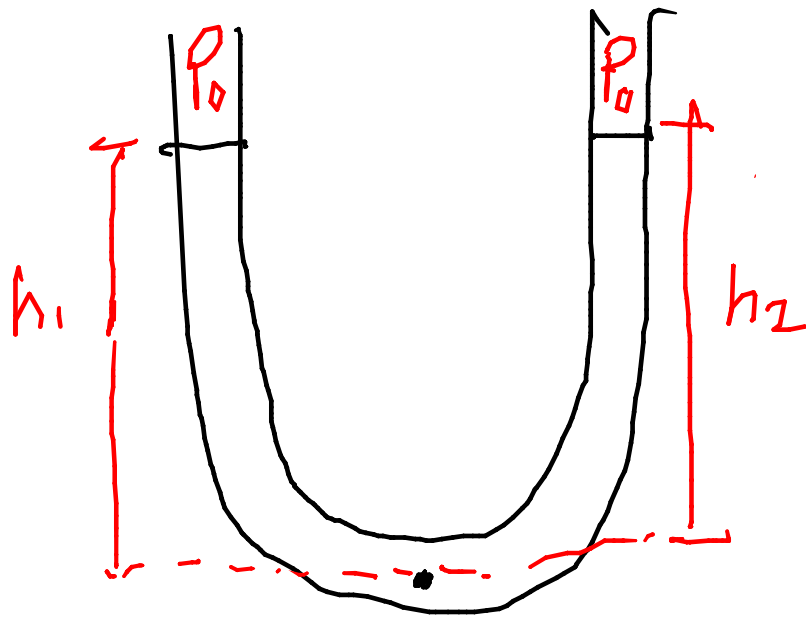
Pressure in any fluid

$$P = P_0 + \rho_{\text{fluid}} g h$$



absolute pressure

$P - P_{\text{atm}} = \text{gauge pressure}$
 (e.g. fill up tires)



$$P = P_0 + \rho g h_1 = P_0 + \rho g h_2$$

$$h_1 = h_2$$