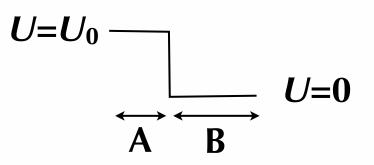
1. The energy of a harmonic oscillator is ____ function of the number *n* of antinodes in its wavefunction.



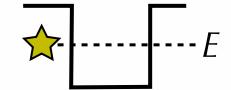
- A) an exponential B) a linear C) a quadratic
- 2. A particle with energy $E>U_0$ flies through this potential. In which region will it have the larger kinetic energy?



- B) B
- C) Both the same

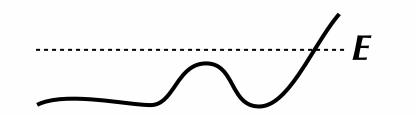


3. True or false: an electron trapped in this finite square well has a certain probability of being found at the position of the star.



- B) false A) true
- 4. t^2e^{ikx} is an eigenfunction of which of these operators?
- A) x
- B) $-i\hbar d/dx$ C) $i\hbar d/dt$

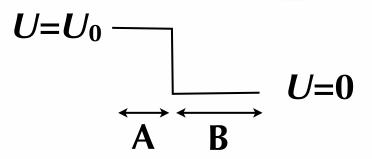
5. An electron in this potential with the energy given would be in a ____ state.



- A) bound B) unbound C) could be either
- 6. True or false: an unbound state has quantized energy levels.
- B) false A) true

- 1. The energy of a harmonic oscillator is a ____ function of the number *n* of antinodes.
- Quiz #6

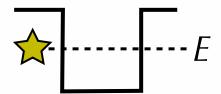
- A) exponential
- B) linear
- C) quadratic
- 2. A particle with energy $E>U_0$ flies through this potential. In which region will it have the larger kinetic energy?
- A) A
- B) B
- C) Both the same



3. True or false: an electron trapped in this finite square well has a certain probability of being found at the position of the star.

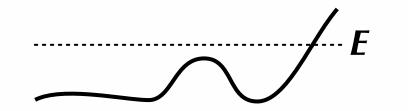


B) false



- 4. t^2e^{ikx} is an eigenfunction of which of these operators?
- A) x
- B) $-i\hbar d/dx$
- C) ih d/dt

5. An electron in this potential with the energy given would be in a ____ state.



- A) bound B) unbound C) could be either
- 6. True or false: an unbound state has quantized energy levels.
- A) true
- B) false