# Physics 370 Homework #12

# 5 problems Due by Friday, December 2

### > 1.

From the experimental evidence that the force between nucleons has a range of about 1 fm, obtain a rough value (in  $MeV/c^2$  for the mass of the particle exchanged to convey the force, the pion.

# > 2.

- (a) Show that  $\Psi_1(x,t) = Ae^{ikx-i\omega t}$  is a solution of both the Klein-Gordon and the Schrodinger equation.
- (b) Show that  $\Psi_2(x,t) = Ae^{ikx}e^{i\omega t}$  is a solution of the Klein-Gordon but not of the Schrodinger equation.
- (c) Compare the time dependence of  $|\Psi|^2$  for  $\Psi_1$  and  $\Psi = \Psi_1 + \Psi_2$ .

## > 3.

Trying to pull two quarks apart would produce more quarks in groups, or hadrons? Suppose that when the separation reaches 1 fm (the radius of a nucleon), the lightest hadron (a  $\pi^0$ ) is created. How much force is involved?

#### > 4.

Draw a Feynman diagram for the interaction

$$\tau^+ \to e^+ + \nu_e + \bar{\nu_\tau}$$

Prove that the interaction satisfies charge, energy, strangeness, lepton and baryon conservation.

#### **⊳** 5.

Show that the presence of a positive cosmological constant  $\Omega_{\Lambda}$  in Friedmann equation must, as R becomes very large, lead to an exponential expansion of the universe.