

History 2604G

European Imperialism in Africa, 1830-1994

Huron University College/History Department

Lectures, Thursdays 12:30-2:30, V208

Tutorial 551: Mondays 12:30-1:30, W106

Tutorial 552: Wednesdays, 12:30-1:30, W18

Course Director: Dr. Geoff Read

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Course Description and Rationale:

This course begins with an examination of the French invasion of Algeria in 1830 from which it proceeds to a close study of the “scramble for Africa” in the late 1800s. From that basis, examines the period of colonial domination of the continent, the growth of colonial nationalisms, the process and wars of decolonization, the end of white minority rule in Rhodesia and South Africa, and the problems of African nation states post-independence. The goals of the course are myriad, but include acquainting students with the history of modern Africa and teaching them to consider that history from an Afro-centric perspective.

Students are expected to attend 2 hours of lecture and 1 hour of tutorial every week. Attendance will be taken at all classes (see below); you are also responsible for all the material covered during lectures on the mid-term and final exams. The lectures will cover material distinct from the readings. The lectures will not be posted on-line and the professor will not provide his lecture notes to students.

The second hour of the lecture time will be dedicated to student presentations and class discussion. Accordingly, it is essential that you complete the background reading before attending the lecture.

Tutorials are an essential component of the course. You are expected to attend tutorials having done the required reading. Tutorials will consist largely of class discussions of the assigned readings. In order to attain a top mark for participation you will have to participate regularly and actively in these discussions. *Failure to attend 50% of the tutorials will result in a participation grade of zero.*

The course outline specifies the weekly reading assignments ***which must be completed before attending tutorial.***

Learning Objectives:

Through the course assignments, tutorials, and lectures, there are three distinct categories of objective we will work to achieve in this course.

1) Skills-based objectives: By the end of the course students will have improved: their essay-writing skills; their grammar and prose; their ability to conduct research projects; their ability to develop, discuss, and defend their ideas in group settings; their ability to lead groups of people in pursuit of a

common goal or exercise; their ability to work in a group; their critical and analytical thinking; their ability to read texts critically; their ability to organize their time.

2) Content-based objectives: By the end of the course, students will understand the parameters and themes of modern African history and European imperialism in Africa.

3) Global-learning-based objectives: The main objects of the course are to increase students' understanding of African History in a global context as well as to teach students to consider history from a multiplicity of perspectives; hopefully, as students learn the course material it will reshape their understanding of Africa's history, its place in global history, and its place in the world today.

Required Texts (available at the bookstore):

- Kevin Shillington, *History of Africa* revised 3rd ed. (New York: Palgrave MacMillan, 2005) ISBN 9780230308473
- Nwando Achebe, *The Female King of Colonial Nigeria: Ahebi Ugbabe* (Bloomington IN: Indiana State University Press, 2011) ISBN: 978-0-253-22248-0

* Other course materials are available through the OWL site unless otherwise indicated.

Grade Breakdown:

Research Essay	25%	* 17 March
Presentation	20%	
Final Exam	15%	
Participation	20%	* Includes tutorials and lectures
Mid-Term Map Test	10%	* 11 February
4 Pop Quizzes	10%	

Details of Assignments:

Research Essay (17 March)

Working with the instructor if needs be, you will develop a research question and write a research essay answering that question. Your paper will consult no fewer than four scholarly monographs/books and two scholarly articles. Length: 9-11 pages.

Presentation

In a group of two or three, you will prepare a 50-minute presentation that requires you to select a movie from the list provided provided by the professor, set it in its historical context, and summarize and review it (for its historical content) for the class. You will be asked to consider whether the film adopts a Eurocentric perspective. 15-20 minutes of your presentation must be interactive.

Mid-Term Map Test (11 February)

At the mid-term, there will be a map test, which will test your knowledge of African geography. A study guide will be distributed.

Pop Quizzes

There will be 4 pop quizzes – consisting of 10 multiple choice questions – which will not be announced in advance, to test students on their knowledge of the background and/or tutorial readings for the week.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

The History Department has specified that:

1. All essays are to be submitted in hard copy, typed and double-spaced on substantial white paper.
2. Footnotes, endnotes and bibliographies are to be prepared according to the Departmental Guide (which follows).
3. Late marks are calculated on the paper copy submitted to the instructor or in the Essay Drop Box. Late penalties are calculated according to calendar day, including Saturdays.
4. In first and second year courses lateness will be penalized as follows:
First day late -- 3 marks deduction. Each subsequent calendar day late -- 2 marks per day deduction.
5. Third and fourth year seminars will be penalized for lateness at the rate of half a grade (5%) per day.
6. No paper or seminar will be accepted if it is more than seven calendar days late.
7. Extensions will only be given for assignments worth more than 10% with medical documentation submitted through Academic Counseling.
8. Students must complete the written assignments worth more than 10% to pass essay courses. If the written assignments are not handed in, the default grade will be 48% or the cumulative average of the student, whichever is lower.

Guide to Footnotes and Bibliographies: Huron History Department

Footnotes have several purposes in a history paper:

- 1- They acknowledge your use of other peoples' opinions and ideas.
- 2- They allow the reader to immediately find your reference.
- 3- They give authority for a fact which might be questioned.
- 4- They tell the reader when a source was written.

Footnotes can appear either at the bottom of the page or collected together at the end of the essay where they are referred to as endnotes. The numeral indicating the footnotes should come at the end of the quotation or the sentence, usually as a superscript.¹

A footnote gives four main pieces of information which are set off by commas in the following order:

¹ They should be in Arabic, not Roman numerals or letters.

1. Author (surname *after* initials or first name),
2. Title
 - The title of a book is underlined or written in *italics*.
 - The title of an article is put within quotation marks, followed by the periodical in which it was published, underlined or in *italics*
 - Place and date of publication in parentheses (),
 - A fuller reference will include the publisher after the place of publication.
 - Article citations do not include the place of publication and publisher.
3. Page number (including volume number if necessary)

For example:

¹J.M.S. Careless, *Canada, A Story of Challenge* (Toronto, Macmillan Co. of Canada, 1970), 207.

²Basil Davidson, "Questions about Nationalism", *African Affairs* 76 (1977), 42.

In subsequent references, a shorter reference can be used. It should include the author's last name, a meaningful short title, and page numbers. For example:

³Careless, *Canada*, 179-206.

Where the reference is *exactly* the same as the preceding one, the Latin abbreviation *ibid.* can be used; where it is the same, but the page number is different, use *ibid.*, followed by the relevant page number. However, the short title form is preferable for subsequent references and the use of other Latin abbreviations such as *op.cit.* is not recommended.

Examples:

- a) for a book by a single author: Author, title (place of publication: press, year), p#.

Elizabeth Wilson, *Shostakovich: A Life Remembered* (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1994), 324.
- b) for an article in a book that has chapters by different people: Author, "title of chapter," in title of book, ed. editor's name (place of publication: press, year), total pages of article, page number you are referencing.

Elizabeth Heinemann, "The Hour of the Woman: Memories of Germany's 'Crisis Years' and West German National Identity," in *The Miracle Years: A Cultural History of West Germany, 1949-1968*, ed. Hanna Schissler (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 2001), 21-56, 34.
- c) for an article in a journal, magazine, or newspaper: Author, "title of article," title of periodical, vol. # , issue # (year): total pages, the page you are referencing.

Gale Stokes, "The Social Origins of East European Politics," *Eastern European Politics and Societies* 1, 1 (1987): 30-74, 65.
- d) for an old work that has been reissued: Try to find a way to include the original publication date somewhere. The easiest method is to use brackets.

Sigmund Freud, *The Interpretation of Dreams*. Trans. and ed. James Strachey (New York: Avon Books, 1965 [1900]), 175.

Bibliography

All the works you consulted, not just those cited in the footnotes, should be included in the bibliography. You may be required to prepare an annotated bibliography, in which you comment on the contents, utility, or worth of each source. If so, make sure you understand what the instructor expects, in particular the length as well as the nature of each annotation.

Generally, list the sources in alphabetical order, by author. The format for a bibliography is similar to that for footnotes, except that the author's surname *precedes* the other names and initials, periods instead of commas are used to divide the constituent parts, publication data is not put in brackets, and pages numbers are not included except in the case of articles where the full page reference is necessary. For example:

Careless, J.M.S. *The Union of the Canadas. The Growth of Canadian Institutions 1841-1857*. Toronto: McClelland and Stewart, 1967.

Davidson, Basil. "Questions about Nationalism". *African Affairs* 76 (1977), 39-46.

Sources: University of Toronto Guide to Undergraduate Essays.

<http://www.history.utoronto.ca/undergraduate/essays.html#footnotes>. Accessed October 22, 2012.

Professor Julie Hessler's Guide to Footnotes: <http://darkwing.uoregon.edu/~hessler/>. Accessed October 22, 2012.

Note on Extensions

Extensions will normally be granted to those students who can demonstrate, by providing documentation (eg: other course syllabi) over a week in advance of the due date, that they have multiple assignments due the same day or week. Such extensions can be for as much as but not more than two weeks depending on the circumstances involved. For extensions of more than two weeks, medical documentation will be required as noted above under "late penalties." Note that because of the collaborative nature of many of our assignments, students are strongly encouraged to get their work in on time.

Plagiarism

Students must write their own essays and must write them exclusively for this course. Essays written for, or adapted from, other courses will not be acceptable. Essays test students' ability to do research and to communicate the results of that research in their own words. To represent the ideas of another as one's own is plagiarism. Plagiarism can involve the uncredited use of another's ideas or the borrowing, without quotation marks, of another's words. If asked to do so, students must provide notes for all the material derived from their research, and, if they use someone else's words, they must place those words within quotation marks. Misrepresentation and plagiarism are serious academic offences. *Students are required to keep copies of all their research notes and to keep all their drafts. I may ask students to produce this material; those unable to do so will receive a grade of zero on the essays involved.*

Lecture (L) Schedule and Reading and Tutorial (T) Assignments:

Week 1

Jan. 7, L. – Introduction to the course and Algeria and South Africa to 1914.

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 263-279.

* No tutorials this week.

Week 2

Jan. 14, L. – The Berlin Conference and the Scramble for Africa

2nd Hour: Presentation

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 280-327.

T. – Ugbabe, *The Female King of Colonial Nigeria*, 1-36.

Week 3

Jan. 21, L. – The Congo Free State and the Belgian Congo

2nd Hour: Presentation

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 247-262.

T. – Adrian S. Wisnicki, “Charting the Frontier: Indigenous Geography, Arab-Nyamwezi Caravans, and the East African Expedition of 1856-59,” *Victorian Studies* 51, 1 (Autumn 2008): 103-137.

Week 4

Jan. 28, L. – German Africa

2nd Hour: Presentation

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 328-360.

T. – Barbara A. Yates, “White Views of Black Minds: Schooling in King Leopold’s Congo,” *History of Education Quarterly* 20, 1 (Spring 1980), 27-50.

Week 5

Feb. 4, L. – West Africa: Asante and Dahomey

2nd Hour: Presentation

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 230-246.

T- Ugbabe, *The Female King of Colonial Nigeria*, 37-61

Week 6

Feb. 11, L. WW1 and Colonial Rule in Interwar Africa * **Mid-term Map Test**

2nd Hour: Presentation

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 361-378.

T- Ugbabe, *The Female King of Colonial Nigeria*, 62-96.

Week 7 * Reading Week *****

Week 8

Feb. 25, L.. – The Rise of Nationalism

2nd Hour: Presentation

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 379-388.

T. – Meredith McKittrick, “Forsaking their Fathers? Colonialism, Christianity and Coming of Age in Ovamboland, Northern Namibia,” in Lisa Lindsay and Stephane F. Miescher, eds., *Men and Masculinities in Modern Africa* (Portsmouth NH: Heinemann, 2003), 33-51.

and

Frederick Cooper, “Industrial Man Goes to Africa,” in Lisa Lindsay and Stephane F. Miescher, eds., *Men and Masculinities in Modern Africa* (Portsmouth NH: Heinemann, 2003), 128-137.

Week 9

Mar. 3, L– Ghanaian Independence

2nd Hour: Presentation

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 389-401.

T. – Ugbabe, *The Female King of Colonial Nigeria*, 97-135.

Week 10

Mar. 10, L. – Mau Mau

2nd Hour: Presentation

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 402-415.

T. – Leroy Vail, “Ecology and History: The Example of Eastern Zambia,” *Journal of Southern African Studies* 3, 2 (April 1977): 129-155.

Week 11

Mar. 17, L– Decolonization in Algeria and Madagascar * **Research Essays Due**

2nd Hour: Presentation

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 416-432

T. – Ugbabe, *The Female King of Colonial Nigeria*, 136-171.

Week 12

Mar. 24, L. – The Congo Crisis

2nd Hour: Presentation

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 433-446.

T. – Ugbabe, *The Female King of Colonial Nigeria*, 172-198.

Week 13

Mar. 31, L. – The End of White Minority Rule in Rhodesia and South Africa

2nd Hour: Presentation

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 447-469.

T. – Ugbabe, *The Female King of Colonial Nigeria*, 199-208.

Week 14

No lecture as classes end on April 6th

Background reading: Shillington, *History of Africa*, 470-481.

T. – Course Wrap-Up and Exam Review

Appendix to Course Outlines

Prerequisite Information

Students are responsible for ensuring that they have successfully completed all course prerequisites. Unless you have either the requisites for this course or written special permission from your Dean to enrol in it, you may be removed from this course and it will be deleted from your record. This decision may not be appealed. You will receive no adjustment to your fees in the event that you are dropped from a course for failing to have the necessary prerequisites.

Conduct of Students in Classes, Lectures, and Seminars

Membership in the community of Huron University College and the University of Western Ontario implies acceptance by every student of the principle of respect for the rights, responsibilities, dignity and well-being of others and a readiness to support an environment conducive to the intellectual and personal growth of all who study, work and live within it. Upon registration, students assume the responsibilities that such registration entails. The academic and social privileges granted to each student are conditional upon the fulfillment of these responsibilities.

In the classroom, students are expected to behave in a manner that supports the learning environment of others. Students can avoid any unnecessary disruption of the class by arriving in sufficient time to be seated and ready for the start of the class, by remaining silent while the professor is speaking or another student has the floor, and by taking care of personal needs prior to the start of class. If a student is late, or knows that he/she will have to leave class early, be courteous: sit in an aisle seat and enter and leave quietly.

Please see the *Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities* at:

<http://www.huronuc.ca/CurrentStudents/StudentLifeandSupportServices/StudentDiscipline>

Technology

It is not appropriate to use technology (such as, but not limited to, laptops, PDAs, cell phones) in the classroom for non-classroom activities. Such activity is disruptive and is distracting to other students and to the instructor, and can inhibit learning. Students are expected to respect the classroom environment and to refrain from inappropriate use of technology and other electronic devices in class.

Academic Accommodation for Medical/Non-Medical Grounds

Requests for Accommodation on Medical Grounds for assignments worth 10% or more of final grade: Go Directly to Academic Advising

University Senate policy, which can be found at

http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/pdf/academic_policies/appeals/accommodation_medical.pdf,

requires that all student requests for accommodation on medical grounds for assignments worth 10% or more of the final grade be made directly to the academic advising office of the home faculty (for Huron students, the "home faculty" is Huron), with supporting documentation in the form (minimally) of the Senate-approved Student Medical Certificate found at:

http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/pdf/academic_policies/appeals/medicalform_15JUN.pdf.

The documentation is submitted in confidence and will not be shown to instructors. The advisors will contact the instructor when the medical documentation is received, and will outline the severity and duration of the medical challenge as expressed on the Student Medical Certificate and in any other supporting documentation. The student will be informed that the instructor has been informed of the

presence of medical documentation, and will be instructed to work as quickly as possible with the instructor on an agreement for accommodation. The instructor will not normally deny accommodation where appropriate medical documentation is in place and where the duration it describes aligns with the due date(s) of assignment(s). Before denying a request for accommodation on medical grounds, the instructor will normally consult with the Assistant Dean, Student Success. The instructor's decision is appealable to the dean.

Requests for Accommodation on Medical Grounds for assignments worth less than 10% of final grade: Consult Instructor Directly

When seeking accommodation on medical grounds for assignments worth less than 10% of the final course grade, the student should contact the instructor directly. The student need only share broad outlines of the medical situation. The instructor **may** require the student to submit documentation to the academic advisors, in which case she or he will advise the student and inform the academic advisors to expect documentation. The instructor may not collect medical documentation. The advisors will contact the instructor when the medical documentation is received, and will outline the severity and duration of the medical challenge as expressed on the Student Medical Certificate and in any other supporting documentation. The student will be informed that the instructor has been informed of the presence of medical documentation, and will be instructed to work as quickly as possible with the instructor on an agreement for accommodation. The instructor will not normally deny accommodation where appropriate medical documentation is in place and where the duration it describes aligns with the due date(s) of assignment(s). Before denying a request for accommodation on medical grounds, the instructor will normally consult with the Assistant Dean, Student Success. The instructor's decision is appealable to the dean.

Requests for Accommodation on Non-medical Grounds: Consult Instructor Directly

Where the grounds for seeking accommodation are not medical, the student should contact the instructor directly. Apart from the exception noted below, academic advisors will not be involved in the process of accommodation for non-medical reasons.

Where a student seeks accommodation on non-medical grounds where confidentiality is a concern, the student should approach an academic advisor with any documentation available. The advisors will contact the instructor after the student's request is received, and will outline the severity and duration of the challenge without breaching confidence. The student will be informed that the instructor has been informed that significant circumstances are affecting or have affected the student's ability to complete work, and the student will be instructed to work as quickly as possible with the instructor on an agreement for accommodation. Before denying a request for accommodation where documentation has been submitted to an academic advisor, the instructor will normally consult with the Assistant Dean, Student Success. The instructor's decision is appealable to the dean.

Statement on Academic Offences

Scholastic offences are taken seriously and students are directed to read the appropriate policy, specifically, the definition of what constitutes a Scholastic Offence, at the following Web site:
http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/pdf/academic_policies/appeals/scholastic_discipline_undergrad.pdf

Statement on Academic Integrity

The International Centre for Academic Integrity defines academic integrity as "a commitment, even in the face of adversity, to five fundamental values: honesty, trust, fairness, respect, and responsibility. From these values flow principles of behaviour that enable academic communities to translate ideals to action." (CAI Fundamental Values Project, 1999).

A lack of academic integrity is indicated by such behaviours as the following:

Cheating on tests;

Fraudulent submissions online;
Plagiarism in papers submitted (including failure to cite and piecing together unattributed sources);
Unauthorized resubmission of course work to a different course;
Helping someone else cheat;
Unauthorized collaboration;
Fabrication of results or sources;
Purchasing work and representing it as one's own.

Academic Integrity: Importance and Impact

Being at university means engaging with a variety of communities in the pursuit and sharing of knowledge and understanding in ways that are clear, respectful, efficient, and productive. University communities have established norms of academic integrity to ensure responsible, honest, and ethical behavior in the academic work of the university, which is best done when sources of ideas are properly and fully acknowledged and when responsibility for ideas is fully and accurately represented.

In the academic sphere, unacknowledged use of another's work or ideas is not only an offence against the community of scholars and an obstacle to academic productivity. It may also be understood as fraud and may constitute an infringement of legal copyright.

A university is a place for fulfilling one's potential and challenging oneself, and this means rising to challenges rather than finding ways around them. The achievements in an individual's university studies can only be fairly evaluated quantitatively through true and honest representation of the actual learning done by the student. Equity in assessment for all students is ensured through fair representation of the efforts by each.

Acting with integrity at university constitutes a good set of practices for maintaining integrity in later life. Offences against academic integrity are therefore taken very seriously as part of the university's work in preparing students to serve, lead, and innovate in the world at large.

A university degree is a significant investment of an individual's, and the public's, time, energies, and resources in the future, and habits of academic integrity protect that investment by preserving the university's reputation and ensuring public confidence in higher education.

Students found guilty of plagiarism will suffer consequences ranging from a grade reduction to failure in the course to expulsion from the university. In addition, a formal letter documenting the offence will be filed in the Dean's Office, and this record of the offence will be retained in the Dean's Office for the duration of the student's academic career at Huron University College.

All required papers may be subject to submission for textual similarity review to the commercial plagiarism detection software under license to the University for the detection of plagiarism. All papers submitted for such checking will be included as source documents in the reference database for the purpose of detecting plagiarism of papers subsequently submitted to the system. Use of the service is subject to the licensing agreement, currently between The University of Western Ontario and Turnitin.com.

Computer-marked multiple-choice tests and/or exams may be subject to submission for similarity review by software that will check for unusual coincidences in answer patterns that may indicate cheating.

Personal Response Systems ("clickers") may be used in some classes. If clickers are to be used in a class, it is the responsibility of the student to ensure that the device is activated and functional. Students must see their instructor if they have any concerns about whether the clicker is

malfunctioning. Students must use only their own clicker. If clicker records are used to compute a portion of the course grade:

- the use of somebody else's clicker in class constitutes a scholastic offence,
- the possession of a clicker belonging to another student will be interpreted as an attempt to commit a scholastic offence.

Policy on Special Needs

Students who require special accommodation for tests and/or other course components must make the appropriate arrangements with the Student Development Centre (SDC). Further details concerning policies and procedures may be found at:

http://www.sdc.uwo.ca/ssd/?requesting_acc

Attendance Regulations for Examinations

A student is entitled to be examined in courses in which registration is maintained, subject to the following limitations:

- 1) A student may be debarred from writing the final examination for failure to maintain satisfactory academic standing throughout the year.
- 2) Any student who, in the opinion of the instructor, is absent too frequently from class or laboratory periods in any course will be reported to the Dean of the Faculty offering the course (after due warning has been given). On the recommendation of the Department concerned, and with the permission of the Dean of that Faculty, the student will be debarred from taking the regular examination in the course. The Dean of the Faculty offering the course will communicate that decision to the Dean of the Faculty of registration.

Class Cancellations

In the event of a cancellation of class, every effort will be made to post that information on the Huron website, <http://www.huronuc.ca/AccessibilityInfo> ("Class Cancellations").

Mental Health @ Western

Students who are in emotional/mental distress should refer to Mental Health @ Western <http://www.uwo.ca/uwocom/mentalhealth/> for a complete list of options about how to obtain help.

Academic Advising

For advice on course selections, degree requirements, and for assistance with requests for medical accommodation [see above], students should contact an Academic Advisor in Huron's Student Support Services (huronsss@uwo.ca). An outline of the range of services offered is found on the Huron website at: <http://www.huronuc.ca/CurrentStudents/AcademicAdvisorsandServices>

Department Chairs and Program Directors and Coordinators are also able to answer questions about their individual programs. Their contact information can be found on the Huron website at:

<http://www.huronuc.ca/Academics/FacultyofArtsandSocialScience>