

Making sense of the lecture question :

Total 5 questions with 4 options each. What is the probability of 3 correct answers.

Soln:

Let A_i be the event of correctly answering the question i .

Thus;

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Final event : } & (A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3 \cap A_4^c \cap A_5^c) C_1 \\ & \cup (A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3^c \cap A_4^c \cap A_5) C_2 \\ & \cup (A_1^c \cap A_2^c \cap A_3 \cap A_4 \cap A_5) C_3 \\ & \vdots \end{aligned}$$

where C_i : i th configuration. Total configurations are

$$\boxed{{}^5C_3}$$

for, C_1 :

$$\begin{aligned} P(C_1) &= P(A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3 \cap A_4^c \cap A_5^c) \\ &= P(A_1) P(A_2) P(A_3) P(A_4^c) P(A_5^c) \\ &= p \cdot p \cdot p \cdot (1-p) \cdot (1-p) \\ &= p^3 \cdot (1-p)^2 = (0.25)^3 (0.75)^2 \end{aligned}$$

Since.

C_i s are independent events.

Similarly; $P(C_2) = P(C_3) = \dots P(C_{10}) \left\{ \binom{5}{3} = 10 \right\}$

Since, C_1, C_2, \dots, C_{10} are disjoint events.

$$P(\text{Required}) = \sum_{i=1}^{10} P(C_i)$$

$$= \binom{5}{3} \cdot (0.25)^3 (0.75)^2$$