

SQL Exercise 1

1. Create the table SEMP with the following structure:-

EMPNO	CHAR(4)
EMPNAME	CHAR(20)
BASIC	FLOAT
DEPTNO	CHAR(2)
DEPTHEAD	CHAR(4)

```
mysql> create table SEMP (Empno char(4), Empname char(20), Basic float,  
    Deptno char(2), Depthead char(4));  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
```

2. Create the table SDEPT with the following structure:-

DEPTNO	CHAR(2)
DEPTNAME	CHAR(15)

```
mysql> create table SDEPT (Deptno char(2), Deptname char(15));  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

3. Insert into the SDEPT table the following values:-

10, Development
20, Training

```
mysql> insert into SDEPT(Deptno, Deptname) values  
    -> (10,'Development'),  
    -> (20, 'Training');  
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.00 sec)  
Records: 2  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

4. Insert into the SEMP table the following values:-

0001, SUNIL, 6000, 10
0002, HIREN, 8000, 20
0003, ALI, 4000, 10, 0001
0004, GEORGE, 6000, 0002

```
mysql> insert into SEMP (Empno, Empname, Basic, Deptno, Depthead) values
-> (0001, 'SUNIL', 6000, 10, null),
-> (0002, 'HIREN', 8000, 20, null),
-> (0003, 'ALI', 4000, 10, 0001),
-> (0004, 'GEORGE', 6000, 0002, null);
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Create S, P, J, SPJ tables as specified below and insert a few rows in each table:-

Supplier Table –

```
mysql> create table Supplier(`S#` varchar(10), Sname varchar(10), Status int, City
varchar(20) );
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

```
mysql> insert into Supplier(`S#`, Sname, Status, City) values
```

```
-> ("S1", "Supplier1", 10, "Mumbai"),
-> ("S2", "Supplier2", 20, "Thane"),
-> ("S3", "Supplier3", 30, "Panvel");
```

Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)

Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> select * from supplier;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| S# | Sname | Status | City |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| S1 | Supplier1 | 10 | Mumbai |
| S2 | Supplier2 | 20 | Thane |
| S3 | Supplier3 | 30 | Panvel |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

Parts Table –

```
mysql> create table Parts(`P#` varchar(10), Pname varchar(10), Color varchar(10),  
Weight int, City varchar(20) );
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

```
mysql> insert into Supplier(`S#`, Sname,Status, City) values
```

```
-> ("P1", "Part1", "Red", 13, "London"),
```

```
-> ("P2", "Part2", "Green", 12, "Paris"),
```

```
-> ("P3", "Part3", "Blue", 11, "UK");
```

Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)

Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> select * from parts;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| P#  | Pname | Color | Weight | City  |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| P1  | Part1 | Red   | 13     | London |  
| P2  | Part2 | Green | 12     | Paris  |  
| P3  | Part3 | Blue  | 11     | UK     |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Projects Table –

```
mysql> create table Projects(`J#` varchar(10), Jname varchar(10), City varchar(20) );
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

```
mysql> insert into Projects(`J#`, Jname, City) values
```

```
-> ("J1", "Project1", "Athens"),
```

```
-> ("J2", "Project2", "Athens"),
```

```
-> ("J3", "Project3", "London");
```

Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)

Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> select * from projects;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+  
| J#  | Jname  | City  |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| J1  | Project1 | Athens |  
| J2  | Project2 | Athens |  
| J3  | Project3 | London |  
+-----+-----+-----+
```

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

SPJ Table –

```
mysql> create table SPJ(`S#` varchar(20), `P#`  
varchar(20), `J#` varchar(20), Qty int);  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into SPJ(`S#`, `P#`, `J#`, Qty)  
values
```

```
-> ("S1", "P1", "J1", 200)  
-> ("S2", "P2", "J2", 200),  
-> ("S3", "P3", "J3", 300);
```

```
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
Records: 2 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from SPJ;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| S# | P# | J# | Qty |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| S1 | P1 | J1 | 200 |  
| S2 | P2 | J2 | 200 |  
| S3 | P3 | J3 | 300 |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Write the SELECT queries to do the following:-

5. Display all the data from the S table.

```
mysql> select * from supplier;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| S# | Sname | Status | City |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| S1 | Supplier1 | 10 | Mumbai |  
| S2 | Supplier2 | 20 | Thane |  
| S3 | Supplier3 | 30 | Panvel |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Display only the S# and SNAME fields from the S table.

```
mysql> select `S#`, Sname from Supplier;
+-----+-----+
| S# | Sname |
+-----+-----+
| S1 | Supplier1 |
| S2 | Supplier2 |
| S3 | Supplier3 |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

7. Display the PNAME and COLOR from the P table for the CITY="London".

```
mysql> select Pname, Color from Parts
-> where City = "London";
+-----+-----+
| Pname | Color |
+-----+-----+
| Part1 | Red |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Display all the Suppliers from London.

```
mysql> select * from Supplier
-> where city = "Mumbai";
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| S# | Sname | Status | City |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| S1 | Supplier1 | 10 | Mumbai |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Display all the Suppliers from Mumbai or Thane.

```
mysql> select * from Supplier
-> where city in ("Mumbai", "Thane");
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| S# | Sname   | Status | City |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| S1 | Supplier1 | 10 | Mumbai |
| S2 | Supplier2 | 20 | Thane |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

10. Display all the Projects in Athens.

```
mysql> select * from projects
-> where city = "Athens";
+-----+-----+-----+
| J# | Jname   | City |
+-----+-----+-----+
| J1 | Project1 | Athens |
| J2 | Project2 | Athens |
+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

11. Display all the Partnames with the weight between 12 and 14 (inclusive of both).

```
mysql> select Pname,weight from parts
-> where weight between 12 and 14;
+-----+-----+
| Pname | weight |
+-----+-----+
| Part1 | 13 |
| Part2 | 12 |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

12. Display all the Suppliers with a Status greater than or equal to 20.

```
mysql> select * from supplier
-> where status >= 20;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| S#  | Sname  | Status | City  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| S2  | Supplier2 | 20 | Thane |
| S3  | Supplier3 | 30 | Panvel |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

13. Display all the Suppliers except the Suppliers from Thane.

```
mysql> select * from supplier
-> where city != "Thane";
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| S#  | Sname  | Status | City  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| S1  | Supplier1 | 10 | Mumbai |
| S3  | Supplier3 | 30 | Panvel |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

14. Display only the Cities from where the Suppliers come from.

```
mysql> select city from supplier;
+-----+
| city  |
+-----+
| Mumbai |
| Thane  |
| Panvel |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

15. Assuming that the Part Weight is in GRAMS, display the same inMILLIGRAMS and KILOGRAMS.

```
mysql> select Pname, weight as weight_in_g,  
-> (weight * 1000) as weight_in_mg,  
-> (weight / 1000) as weight_in_kg from parts;
```

Pname	weight_in_g	weight_in_mg	weight_in_kg
Part1	13	13000	0.0130
Part2	12	12000	0.0120
Part3	11	11000	0.0110

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)