

27. a. Consider the following transaction table:

Trans ID	Itemsets
11	(B,D) (B,E) (D,E) (B,D,E)
12	(A,B) (A,C) (A,E) (B,C) (B,E) (C,E) (A,B,C) (A,B,E) (A,C,E) (B,C,E)
13	(B,C) (B,D) (B,E) (C,D) (C,E) (D,E) (B,C,D) (B,C,E) (B,D,E) (C,D,E)

- (i) Calculate the frequent itemset with minimum support of 67% using Apriori algorithm. 5 4 2 4
- (ii) Calculate the confidence value for the rule "IF B THEN C" and derive possible association rules from the above frequent itemset. 5 4 2 4

(OR)

- b.i. Explain about the procedure to convert horizontal frequent itemset to vertical frequent itemset with example. 5 3 2 3
- ii. Compare strong and weak association rules with example. 5 3 2 3
28. a. Construct the decision tree for the given table using ID₃ algorithm. Write the stepwise procedure used to construct tree structure. 10 4 3 3

Instance	Classification	a ₁	a ₂
1	+	T	T
2	+	T	T
3	-	T	F
4	+	F	F
5	-	F	T
6	-	F	T

(OR)

- b.i. Explain about ensemble method in data mining with examples. 5 3 3 1
- ii. List out various classifier evaluation metrics in detail. 5 3 3 1
29. a. Consider the following sample data, to calculate two cluster values using K-means algorithm [Euclidean distance function]. 10 3 4 2

Height (H)	185	170	168	179	182	188	180	180	183	180	180	177
Weight (W)	72	56	60	68	72	77	71	70	84	88	67	76

(OR)

- b. Explain about the following clustering techniques in detail
- (i) DBSCAN 5 3 4 3
- (ii) BIRCH 5 3 4 3
30. a. Explain about various outlier detection approaches with example. 10 3 5 3
- (OR)
- b. Explain about the following
- (i) Recommender system in data mining 5 3 6 3
- (ii) Intrusion detection using data mining 5 3 6 3

* * * * *

Reg. No.																			
----------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2022
Fifth & Sixth Semester

18CSE355T – DATA MINING AND ANALYTICS

(For the candidates admitted from the academic year 2018-2019 to 2019-2020)

Note:

- (i) **Part - A** should be answered in OMR sheet within first 40 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed over to hall invigilator at the end of 40th minute.
- (ii) **Part - B** should be answered in answer booklet.

Time: 2½ Hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART – A (25 × 1 = 25 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

- | | Marks | BL | CO | PO |
|---|-------|----|----|----|
| 1. Select the most appropriate way of handling missing data
(A) Data integration (B) Data reduction
(C) Use of global constant (D) Data cube technique | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2. _____ used to measure the linear relationship between the objects.
(A) Mean value (B) Standard deviation
(C) Covariance (D) Correlation | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 3. A E-commerce company wants to segment their customers into distinct groups to promote offers, select appropriate method
(A) Unsupervised learning (B) Supervised learning
(C) Data transformation (D) Reinforcement learning | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 4. Data visualization techniques are used to _____.
(A) Calculate accuracy (B) Detect outliers
(C) Improve training accuracy (D) Integrate data | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 5. Maximizing intra-class similarity and minimizing inter-class similarity are the objectives of _____.
(A) Classification (B) Outlier analysis
(C) Clustering (D) Sequence pattern | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 6. In _____ ensemble method, each new model is influenced by the performance of those built previously.
(A) Bagging (B) Boosting
(C) Stacking (D) Learning | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 7. _____ used to minimize the misclassification error in decision tree
(A) Boosting (B) Overfitting
(C) Pruning (D) Bagging | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| 8. How do you calculate confidence (X→Y)?
(A) Support (X∩Y)/ support(X) (B) Support (X∪Y)/ support(X)
(C) Support (X∩Y)/ support(Y) (D) Support (X∪Y)/ support(Y) | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |

9. _____ algorithm used to identify the frequent pattern by mining the conditional frequent pattern trees. 1 2 2 2
(A) Apriori algorithm (B) Naïve bayes algorithm
(C) FP growth algorithm (D) Clustering algorithm
10. For a given scenario, 22 out of 100 people are predicted as positive of having a tumor, although they don't have a tumor. This is considered as _____. 1 2 2 2
(A) True Positive (TP) (B) True Negative (TN)
(C) False Negative (FN) (D) False Positive (FP)
11. _____ used to measure the fraction of positive patterns that are classified correctly. 1 2 2 1
(A) Error rate (B) Precision
(C) Recall (D) F-measure
12. _____ is a statistical classifier, which has comparable performance with decision tree. 1 2 3 1
(A) Rule based classifier (B) Naive Bays classifier
(C) Sequential classifier (D) Entropy based classifier
13. In web mining, _____ is used to know the order in which urls tend to be accessed. 1 2 3 2
(A) Clustering (B) Associations
(C) Classifications (D) Sequential analysis
14. Which one of the clustering technique needs the merging approach? 1 1 4 2
(A) Partitioned (B) Naive Bayes
(C) Hierarchical (D) Decision tree
15. _____ used to handle the classification problems 1 2 3 2
(A) Linear regression (B) Logistic regression
(C) k-means (D) Preprocessing techniques
16. _____ algorithm extracts rules directly from training data 1 2 3 1
(A) k-means (B) Partition around medoids (PAM)
(C) Sequential covering (D) Frequent pattern
17. _____ example for partitioning based clustering algorithm 1 2 4 2
(A) DBSCAN (B) DIANA
(C) Optics (D) k-medoids
18. Decompose data object into several levels of nested partitioning called _____. 1 2 4 3
(A) Boosting (B) Dendrogram
(C) Tree pruning (D) Histogram
19. _____ method used to identify clustering structure through ordering points 1 4 4 4
(A) Birch (B) Optics
(C) Agnes (D) Clarans

20. CF-Tree used under _____ type of clustering. 1 3 4 4
(A) Density based (B) Grid based
(C) Hierarchical based (D) Model based
21. Speech recognition technique with single background noise, is an example for _____. 1 2 5 4
(A) Global outliers (B) Collective outliers
(C) Contextual outliers (D) Large outliers
22. Select the type of outlier deviates significantly from most of other dataset 1 2 5 4
(A) Graph based outlier (B) Proximity based outlier
(C) Grid based outlier (D) Mean based outlier
23. Item based recommendation system using _____ to predict user preferences. 1 2 5 3
(A) Likes and dislikes measure (B) Mean adjusted matrix
(C) k-medoids (D) Recall value
24. _____ type of attacks can be identified using datamining intrusion detection 1 2 5 3
(A) Information attacks (B) Denial of service (DOS) attacks
(C) Password attacks (D) SQL injection attacks
25. Which is used to perform inference on the current data to make predictions? 1 2 5 4
(A) Data mining (B) Data pattern
(C) Predictive (D) Descriptive

PART – B (5 × 10 = 50 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

Marks BL CO PO

26. a. Explain about various stages of KDD process in detail with proper diagram. 10 3 1 3

(OR)

- b.i. Consider the following shopping mall customers details dataset.

S.No	Name	Occupation	Branch	Date	Price
1	Ramesh	Govt	DD	11-Jan	
2	Vivek	Self	CC	12-Jan	2500
3	Kiran				
4	Suresh	Private	FF	14-Jul	-300
5	Hemanth	Business	KK	14-Jan	1100
6	Sai	Govt	VV	12-Feb	500

- (i) How to handle negative, missing value in the above table and fill the missing value using the measure of central tendency? 5 3 1 3
- (ii) Explain about need for Data-pre-processing and data quality in mining operations. 5 3 1 3