```
Public class Main {
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Arraylist my Data = new Arraylist (7); yang dinamai my Data, torus kapasitas
my Data, add Front (1887)
   my Data add Front (10);
my Data add Front (20);
my Data add Front (30);
my Data add Front (30);
   my Data addfront (30); 1 -
    my Data. addBack (100); - nambahin angka 100 ke bagian belakang Array List
    my Data, add At Index (1, 200); Typata, ur utonny a jadi 201 30 20 10 100
    my Data. add Atladex (1,200); I nambakin angka 200 di index ke-1 dan angka my Data. add Back (1000); I nambakin angka 200 di index ke-1 dan angka my Data. add Back (1000); I nambakin angka 1000 ke bagian belakang (30 200 20 gg 10 100 1000) my Data. add Front (88); + (188) 20 200 20 gg 10 100 1000)
    myData. addFront (88); + (88)30 200 20 99 10 100 1000)
    myDala, addft Index (5, 111); + (88 30 200 20 39 (11) 10 100 1000)
    myData remove front (); - menghapus elemen pertama (30 200 20 99 111 10 200 1000
    on yData remove Back (); + menghapus elemen terakhir (30 200 20 99 111 10 100)
    my Data, remove From Index (2); + menghapus elemen di index re-2 (30 200 99 111 10 100)
     Sostem. out. println ( my Data); (30 200 99 111 10 100)
     Linkedlist Lour ata = new Linkedlist (); or membrat objet dari class Linkedlist yang Your Data : new Linkedlist (); or dinamai your Data.
     YourData. addFront (1); Inambahin angka 1 dan 2 ke bagian depan LinkedList yourData. AddFront (2); Inanti hasil viulannya kyk gini (21)
     Your Data. addBack (3); Inambahin angka 3 dan 5 ke bagian belakang
      Your Data. add Back (s); In anti hasil urutannya (2135)
      Your Data, add At Index (1,10); + nombahin angka 10 di index re-1 (2 10 1 3 5)
      Your Data remove Front (); + ngehapus elemen pertama (10135)
      Your Data. remove Back (); - ngehapus elemen teraktir (1013)
      Your Data remove From Index (1); - ngehapus index ke-1 (10 3)
       system. out. println (your Data); (10 3)
   Array List G < String. > outData = new Array List & String > (7) di generic, jadi bisa pake String.
   our Data add Front ("One"); ] nambahin text one, two, three, four, tive he bagian depan
   our Data. addfront ("Three"); dengan urutan jadinya kyk gini I
    our Data add Front ("Four");
                                     (Five, Four, Three, Two, One)
    our Data . add Front ("Five");
    our Data. remove Front (); - nochapus elemen pertama (Four Three Two One)
     our Daya. Iemove Back (); - ngehapus elemen terakhir (Four Three Two)
    outData. remove from Index (1); Ingehapus index Ke-1 (Four Two)
    System. out. println (our Data); (Four Two)
    Array List 6 ( Double 7 this Data = new Array List G ( Double > (7) " di generic. Jadi bisa pake double.
    this Data. addition (3.56); ] hambahin desimal 3.56,3.81,2.76,3.30, 3.68 ke banan
    this Data. addfront (2.76); depan dengan urutan jadinya kyk giniz
     this Data. additions (3.30); (3.68 3.30 2.76 3.81 3.56)
     this Data. addfront (3.68);
    thicoata. removeFront(); - ng shapus elemen pertama (3.30 2.76 3.81 3.56)
     this Data. remove Back (); angel apus elemen teraphir (3.30 2.76 3.81)
     this Data . remive from Index (0) = no chapus index ke-1 (3.30 3.81)
     System out frintln (thisData); (3.3 3.81)
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