

```
1. public static void collectionMystery4 (ArrayList<Integer> v) {
    for (int i = 1; i < v.size(); i += 2) {
        if (v.get(i-1) >= v.get(i)) {
            v.remove(i);
            v.add(0,0);
        }
    }
    System.out.println(v);
}
```

A) {10, 20, 10, 5} \rightarrow 1) $v.get(0) > v.get(1)$
 $10 > 20$ salah. berarti tetap.
 2) $v.get(2) > v.get(3)$
 $10 > 5$ benar.
 Jadi, 5nya diremove
 trus tambah 0 di index 0.
 jawaban: {0, 10, 20, 10}

B) {8, 2, 9, 7, -1, 55} \rightarrow 1) $v.get(0) > v.get(1)$
 $8 > 2$ benar. jd, 2-nya diremove
 trus tambah 0 di index 0.
 2) $v.get(2) > v.get(3)$
 $9 > 7$ benar. 7 diremove, 0 di index 0.
 3) $v.get(4) > v.get(5)$
 $-1 > 55$ salah. jd, tetap.
 jawaban: {0, 0, 8, 9, -1, 55}

C) {0, 16, 9, 1, 64, 25, 25, 14, 0} \rightarrow 1) $v.get(0) > v.get(1)$
 $0 > 16$ salah. jd, tetap.
 2) $v.get(2) > v.get(3)$
 $9 > 1$ benar. 1 diremove, tambahin 0.
 3) $v.get(4) > v.get(5)$
 $64 > 25$ benar. 25 remove, tambahin 0.
 4) $v.get(6) > v.get(7)$
 $25 > 14$ benar. 14 diremove, tambahin 0 di index 0.
 jawaban: {0, 0, 0, 0, 16, 9, 64, 25, 0}

2. public static void collectionMystery9 (Queue <Integer> queue, int p) {
Stack <Integer> stack = new Stack <Integer> ();
int count = 0;
int size = queue.size();

for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
int element = queue.remove();
if (element < p) {
queue.add(element);
} else {
count++;
stack.push(count);
stack.push(element);
}
}
while (!stack.isEmpty()) {
queue.add(stack.pop());
}
System.out.println(queue);
}

B {67, 29, 115, 84, 33, 71, 90} p = 50

i	Count	queue	stack
0	1	29, 115, 84, 33, 71, 90	1, 67
1	1	115, 84, 33, 71, 90, 29	1, 67
2	2	84, 33, 71, 90, 29	1, 67, 2, 115
3	3	33, 71, 90, 29	1, 67, 2, 115, 3, 84
4	3	71, 90, 29, 33	1, 67, 2, 115, 3, 84
5	4	90, 29, 33	1, 67, 2, 115, 3, 84, 4, 71
6	5	29, 33	1, 67, 2, 115, 3, 84, 4, 71, 5, 90

penjelasan cara sama seperti yang A, lanjut ke while

A {1, 2, 3, 4, 5} p = 4

i	Count	queue	stack
0	0	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 1	
1	0	3, 4, 5, 1, 2	
2	0	4, 5, 1, 2, 3	
3	1	5, 1, 2, 3	1, 4
4	2	1, 2, 3	1, 4, 2, 5

ini belum
selesai,
masih lanjut
ke while.

itr 0 → index 0 (1) di remove, lalu di cek

1 < 4 → benar! jadi kita add (paling belakang)

itr 1 → index yg paling depan di remove, lalu di cek

2 < 4 → benar. jadi kita add

itr 2 → yg paling depan (3) di remove, hrs ke di cek

3 < 4 → benar, jadi kita add

itr 3 → (4) di remove, lalu cek 4 < 4 → salah! jadi

kita ke else. count-nya nambah, push count sama
elemen juga.

itr 4 → (5) di remove, cek 5 < 4 → salah! (else)

tambah count, matikan count sama elemen plg depan
ke stack.

while

i	queue	stack
0	29, 33, 90	1, 67, 2, 115, 3, 84, 4, 71, 5
1	29, 33, 90, 5	1, 67, 2, 115, 3, 84, 4, 71
2	29, 33, 90, 5, 71	1, 67, 2, 115, 3, 84, 4
3	29, 33, 90, 5, 71, 4	1, 67, 2, 115, 3, 84
4	29, 33, 90, 5, 71, 4, 84	1, 67, 2, 115, 3
5	29, 33, 90, 5, 71, 4, 84, 3	1, 67, 2, 115
6	29, 33, 90, 5, 71, 4, 84, 3, 115	1, 67, 2
7	29, 33, 90, 5, 71, 4, 84, 3, 115, 2	1, 67
8	29, 33, 90, 5, 71, 4, 84, 3, 115, 2, 67	1
9	29, 33, 90, 5, 71, 4, 84, 3, 115, 2, 67, 1	0

jawaban 3

{29, 33, 90, 5, 71, 4, 84, 3, 115, 2, 67, 1}

while

i	stack	queue
0	1, 4, 2	1, 2, 3, 5
1	1, 4	1, 2, 3, 5, 2
2	1	1, 2, 3, 5, 2, 4
3	0	1, 2, 3, 5, 2, 4, 1

itr 0 → kalo stacknya gk empty,
index paling blkg dari stack
Pindah ke queue plg belakang.

[lanjut terus, sampe
stack-nya empty].

jawaban: {1, 2, 3, 5, 2, 4, 1}