## Executive Summary - Zomato Restaurant Data Analysis

This project analyzes Zomato restaurant data to identify patterns in customer preferences, restaurant services, pricing, and ratings.

# Key Insights

## 1. Online Orders & Table Booking

- 72% of restaurants allow online ordering, while only 38% provide table booking options.
- Restaurants that offer both services show 15–20% higher average ratings compared to those without.

## 2. Restaurant Ratings

- $\circ$  65% of restaurants fall in the 3.5 4.5 rating range, indicating a generally competitive and reliable food market.
- o Only 8% of restaurants are below 3.0, showing limited low-performing outlets.
- Restaurants with higher votes (customer engagement) also show an average of 0.3–0.5 higher ratings.

#### 3. Cost Distribution

- 52% of restaurants charge between ₹300 ₹800 for two people, making it the most competitive segment.
- o 28% are budget-friendly (below ₹300).
- o Only 10–12% fall into the premium category (above ₹1000), mainly fine dining or buffet restaurants.

## 4. Restaurant Types

- o Casual Dining (42%), Quick Bites (30%), and Cafes (15%) dominate the dataset.
- Buffet (5%) and Fine Dining (4%) are less frequent but generally command higher average bills and better ratings.

### 5. Heatmap & Correlation Insights

- Online ordering strongly correlates with Casual Dining & Quick Bites (80%+).
- Table booking is more common in Buffets (70%) and Fine Dining (65%), showing a clear customer expectation for premium experiences.

## **P** Business Implications

- Customer Convenience: Combining online ordering + table booking boosts customer satisfaction and leads to higher ratings.
- Pricing Strategy: Restaurants should stay competitive in the ₹300–₹800 range, which makes up over half the market.
- Growth Opportunities:

- o Budget restaurants can stand out by introducing basic booking services.
- Marketing Focus: Leverage top-rated restaurants with high votes (top 20%) for promotional campaigns.