

A* Search Algorithm code:

```
astar.py X
astar.py > ...
1  import math
2  import heapq
3
4  # Define the Cell class
5  class Cell:
6      def __init__(self):
7          self.parent_i = 0 # Parent cell's row index
8          self.parent_j = 0 # Parent cell's column index
9          self.f = float('inf') # Total cost of the cell (g + h)
10         self.g = float('inf') # Cost from start to this cell
11         self.h = 0 # Heuristic cost from this cell to destination
12
13     # Define the size of the grid
14     ROW = 9
15     COL = 10
16
17     # Check if a cell is valid (within the grid)
18     def is_valid(row, col):
19         return (row >= 0) and (row < ROW) and (col >= 0) and (col < COL)
20
21     # Check if a cell is unblocked
22     def is_unblocked(grid, row, col):
23         return grid[row][col] == 1
24
25     # Check if a cell is the destination
26     def is_destination(row, col, dest):
27         return row == dest[0] and col == dest[1]
28
29     # Calculate the heuristic value of a cell (Euclidean distance to destination)
30     def calculate_h_value(row, col, dest):
31         return ((row - dest[0]) ** 2 + (col - dest[1]) ** 2) ** 0.5
32
33     # Trace the path from source to destination
34     def trace_path(cell_details, dest):
35         print("The Path is ")
36         path = []
37         row = dest[0]
38         col = dest[1]
39         # Trace the path using parent cells
40         while not (cell_details[row][col].parent_i == row and cell_details[row][col].parent_j == col):
41             path.append((row, col))
42             temp_row = cell_details[row][col].parent_i
43             temp_col = cell_details[row][col].parent_j
44             row = temp_row
45             col = temp_col
46
47         # Add the source cell to the path
48         path.append((row, col))
49         # Reverse the path to get the path from source to destination
50         path.reverse()
51
52         # Print the path
53         for i in path:
54             print("->", i, end=" ")
55         print()
56
57     # Implement the A* search algorithm
58     def a_star_search(grid, src, dest):
59         # Check if the source and destination are valid
60         if not is_valid(src[0], src[1]) or not is_valid(dest[0], dest[1]):
61             print("Source or destination is invalid")
62             return
63
64         # Check if the source and destination are unblocked
65         if not is_unblocked(grid, src[0], src[1]) or not is_unblocked(grid, dest[0], dest[1]):
66             print("Source or the destination is blocked")
67             return
68
69         # Check if we are already at the destination
70         if is_destination(src[0], src[1], dest):
71             print("Source and destination are the same")
72             return
```

```

71     if is_destination(src[0], src[1], dest):
72         print("We are already at the destination")
73         return
74
75     # Initialize the closed list (visited cells)
76     closed_list = [[False for _ in range(COL)] for _ in range(ROW)]
77     # Initialize the details of each cell
78     cell_details = [[Cell() for _ in range(COL)] for _ in range(ROW)]
79
80     # Initialize the start cell details
81     i = src[0]
82     j = src[1]
83     cell_details[i][j].f = 0
84     cell_details[i][j].g = 0
85     cell_details[i][j].h = 0
86     cell_details[i][j].parent_i = i
87     cell_details[i][j].parent_j = j
88
89     # Initialize the open list (cells to be visited) with the start cell
90     open_list = []
91     heapq.heappush(open_list, (0.0, i, j))
92
93     # Initialize the flag for whether destination is found
94     found_dest = False
95
96     # Main loop of A* search algorithm
97     while len(open_list) > 0:
98         # Pop the cell with the smallest f value from the open list
99         p = heapq.heappop(open_list)
100
101         # Mark the cell as visited
102         i = p[1]
103         j = p[2]
104         closed_list[i][j] = True
105
106         # For each direction, check the successors
107         directions = [(0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0), (1, 1), (1, -1), (-1, 1), (-1, -1)]
108         for dir in directions:
109             new_i = i + dir[0]
110             new_j = j + dir[1]
111
112             # If the successor is valid, unblocked, and not visited
113             if is_valid(new_i, new_j) and is_unblocked(grid, new_i, new_j) and not closed_list[new_i][new_j]:
114                 # If the successor is the destination
115                 if is_destination(new_i, new_j, dest):
116                     # Set the parent of the destination cell
117                     cell_details[new_i][new_j].parent_i = i
118                     cell_details[new_i][new_j].parent_j = j
119                     print("The destination cell is found")
120                     # Trace and print the path from source to destination
121                     trace_path(cell_details, dest)
122                     found_dest = True
123                     return
124                 else:
125                     # Calculate the new f, g, and h values
126                     g_new = cell_details[i][j].g + 1.0
127                     h_new = calculate_h_value(new_i, new_j, dest)
128                     f_new = g_new + h_new
129
130                     # If the cell is not in the open list or the new f value is smaller
131                     if cell_details[new_i][new_j].f == float('inf') or cell_details[new_i][new_j].f > f_new:
132                         # Add the cell to the open list
133                         heapq.heappush(open_list, (f_new, new_i, new_j))
134                         # Update the cell details
135                         cell_details[new_i][new_j].f = f_new
136                         cell_details[new_i][new_j].g = g_new
137                         cell_details[new_i][new_j].h = h_new
138                         cell_details[new_i][new_j].parent_i = i
139                         cell_details[new_i][new_j].parent_j = j
140
141     # If the destination is not found after visiting all cells

```

```
astar.py x
astar.py > ...
59 def a_star_search(grid, src, dest):
141     # If the destination is not found after visiting all cells
142     if not found_dest:
143         print("Failed to find the destination cell")
144
145 def main():
146     # Define the grid (1 for unblocked, 0 for blocked)
147     grid = [
148         [1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1],
149         [1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1],
150         [1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1],
151         [0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1],
152         [1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0],
153         [1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0],
154         [1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1],
155         [1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1],
156         [1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1]
157     ]
158
159     # Define the source and destination
160     src = [8, 0]
161     dest = [0, 0]
162
163     # Run the A* search algorithm
164     a_star_search(grid, src, dest)
165
166 if __name__ == "__main__":
167     main()
168
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\abhib\Desktop\AI> & C:/Users/abhib/Desktop/ml_project/env/python.exe c:/Users/abhib/Desktop/AI/astar.py
The destination cell is found
The Path is
-> (8, 0) -> (7, 0) -> (6, 0) -> (5, 0) -> (4, 1) -> (3, 2) -> (2, 1) -> (1, 0) -> (0, 0)
PS C:\Users\abhib\Desktop\AI>
```