

Physics 112, Fall 2017: Holzapfel

Problem Set 6 (6 problems). Due Monday, October 16, 5PM

Problem 1: Centrifuge

Kittel 5.1

Problem 2: Active Transport

Kittel 5.4

Problem 3: Carbon monoxide poisoning

Kittel 5.8

Problem 4: Concentration Fluctuations

Kittel 5.10

Problem 5: Ascent of sap in trees

Kittel 5.12

Problem 6: Another derivation of the chemical potential of an ideal gas

We found in class and it is shown in the textbook that the chemical potential of an ideal gas is

$$\mu = \tau \log \frac{n}{n_Q}. \quad (1)$$

This was derived by differentiating the free energy, according to the equation

$$\mu = \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial N} \right)_{\tau, V}. \quad (2)$$

But we also found that

$$\mu = -\tau \left(\frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial N} \right)_{U, V}. \quad (3)$$

Starting from the entropy of an ideal gas of indistinguishable particles (The Sackur-Tetrode equation) show that one reproduces equation (1) for the chemical potential of an ideal gas.