The GeneSurrounder package Vignette

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Availability

The GeneSurrounder package and its documentation are available on GitHub at https://github.com/sahildshah1.

Introduction

The GeneSurrounder package implements the method we previously developed [1] to identify disease-associated genes from expression data and an independent network model of cellular interactions. We developed GeneSurrounder to find the genes with neighbors on the network that are differentially expressed (with the magnitude of the differential expression decreasing with distance from the putative disease gene) and have correlated expression with the putative disease gene. Since the differential expression of the neighbors of a putative disease gene does not depend on their association with that gene, our algorithm consists of two tests that are run independently of each other (Table ??, Table ??). Their results are then combined to determine if the putative disease gene is a central candidate disease gene.

Example

In order to illustrate our method, we apply our algorithm to one study of high-vs-low grade ovarian cancer from the publicly available and curated collection curatedOvarianData (GEO accession GSE14764) [2]. We have constructed the global network model from KEGG pathways [3].

Load Data Set

Our algorithm uses the correlation between the expression of the genes, their differential expression, and their distances on the global network.

```
> load("../../data/CurOvGradeKEGGnets.RData")
> load("../../data/largestCompKEGGigraph.RData")
>
```

Source Functions

The functions that implement our method have to be sourced. The Observed.SI, Resample.SI,SumAbsCor functions implement the *Sphere of Influence* procedure and the Resample.DecayDE, Observed.DecayDE functions implement the *Decay of Differential Expression* procedure. The geneNIDG function calls these functions.

```
> library(pcaPP)
> library(igraph) # load largestCompKEGGigraph
> library(limma) #calcGeneStats()
> library(metap) #pFisher sumlog()
> source("../../R/calcCorMatrix.R")
> source("../../R/calcGeneTStats.R")
> source("../../R/calcAllPairsDistances.R")
> source("../../R/Observed.SI.R")
> source("../../R/Resample.SI.R")
> source("../../R/SumAbsCor.R")
> source("../../R/Resample.DecayDE.R")
> source("../../R/Observed.DecayDE.R")
> source("../../R/geneNIDG.R")
```

Apply Functions to Data

The correlation between the expression of the genes is calculated.

The observed and resampled differential expression of the genes is calculated.

The distances on the global network are calculated.

```
> CompKEGG_ShortestDistMatrix <-
+ calcAllPairsDistances(network = largestCompKEGGigraph,
+ directionPaths="all",
+ weightVector = NULL,</pre>
```

```
+ networkName = "largestCompKEGGigraph")
>
```

In this example, MCM2 (KEGG ID: hsa:4171) is the candidate disease gene.

```
> genes.assayedETnetwork <- intersect(
+          rownames(CurOv_RankCorMatrix_GSE14764_eset),
+          rownames(CompKEGG_ShortestDistMatrix))
> gene.id <- "hsa:4171"
>
```

The Sphere of Influence and Decay of Differential Procedures are run.

The evidence from both procedures is combined.

Description of the Output

Our method outputs a data frame.

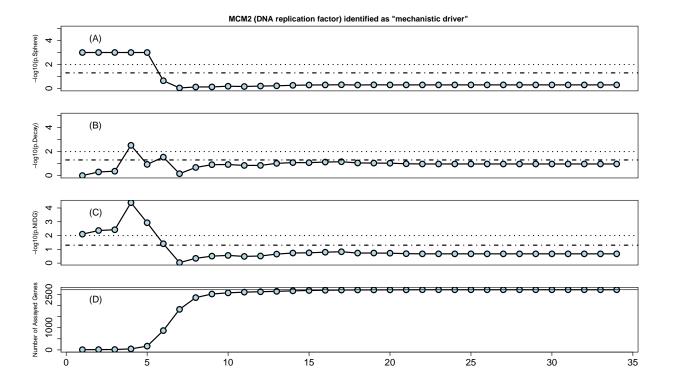
```
> str(geneNIDG.hsa4171)
```

```
'data.frame':
                   34 obs. of 8 variables:
$ gene.id
                : Factor w/ 1 level "hsa:4171": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ radius
                : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
                       9 14 17 46 169 ...
$ size
                : num
$ observed.tau_b: num NaN -0.0156 -0.046 -0.4233 -0.0916 ...
$ p.Decay
                       1 0.502 0.433 0.003 0.117 0.029 0.7 0.211 0.124 0.12 ...
                : num
$ observed.cor
                       3.29 6.2 7.45 14.36 39.42 ...
               : num
$ p.Sphere
                : num 0.001 0.000999 0.000999 0.000999 ...
$ p.Fisher
                : num 7.91e-03 4.31e-03 3.78e-03 4.11e-05 1.18e-03 ...
```

```
>
>
```

We plot the results against every radius.

```
> source("../../R/plotRadiusVS.R")
> plotRadiusVS(geneNIDG.hsa4171)
>
```



References

- [1] Sahil Shah and Rosemary Braun. Network-based identification of candidate disease genes in expression data. *Forthcoming*, 2017.
- [2] Benjamin Frederick Ganzfried, Markus Riester, Benjamin Haibe-Kains, Thomas Risch, Svitlana Tyekucheva, Ina Jazic, Xin Victoria Wang, Mahnaz Ahmadifar, Michael J. Birrer, Giovanni Parmigiani, Curtis Huttenhower, and Levi Waldron. curatedOvarianData: Clinically annotated data for the ovarian cancer transcriptome. *Database*, 2013:1–10, 2013.
- [3] Minoru Kanehisa, Michihiro Araki, Susumu Goto, Masahiro Hattori, Mika Hirakawa, Masumi Itoh, Toshiaki Katayama, Shuichi Kawashima, Shujiro Okuda, Toshiaki Tokimatsu, and Yoshihiro Yamanishi. KEGG for linking genomes to life and the environment. *Nucleic Acids Research*, 36(SUPPL. 1):480–484, 2008.