Java Assignment 2

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Q1 Write a Java program that declares two arrays named 'even' and 'odd'. Accept numbers from the user and move them to respective arrays depending on whether they are even or odd.

```
Code:
// UserInput.java
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
public class UserInput {
  // Method to get an array input from the user
  public static double[] inputArray(int size) throws IOException {
     // Create a BufferedReader to read user input
     BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
     // Prompt the user to enter the array elements
     System.out.println("Enter the array elements separated by spaces: ");
     // Read the array input as a string
     String array = br.readLine();
     // Initialize an array to store the input elements
     double[] arrayInput = new double[size];
```

```
// Split the input string and convert each element to double
     String[] input = array.trim().split("\\s+");
     // Populate the array with the converted elements
     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
       arrayInput[i] = Double.parseDouble(input[i]);
     }
     // Return the array containing user-input elements
     return arrayInput;
  }
}
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class OddEven {
  public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
     // Create a Scanner object to read user input
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     // Declare arrays for even and odd numbers
     double[] even;
     int j = 0;
     int k = 0;
     double[] odd;
     // Prompt the user to enter the number of elements
     System.out.println("Enter the number of elements to enter:");
     // Read the size from user input
```

```
int size = sc.nextInt();
// Initialize arrays for even and odd numbers based on the user-defined size
even = new double[size];
odd = new double[size];
// Get the array input from the user using the UserInput class
double[] array = UserInput.inputArray(size);
// Close the Scanner to avoid resource leaks
sc.close();
// Separate even and odd numbers into their respective arrays
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
   if (array[i] \% 2 == 0) {
     even[j] = array[i];
     j++;
   } else {
     odd[k] = array[i];
     k++;
   }
 }
System.out.println("Even numbers:");
System.out.print(Arrays.toString(even));
System.out.println("Odd numbers:");
System.out.print(Arrays.toString(odd));
// Method to print elements of an array
public static void print(double[] array, int size) {
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
   System.out.println(array[i]);
 }
```

}

```
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of elements to enter:

6
Enter the array elements separated by spaces:
5 9 3 4 8 8
Even elements:
[4.0, 8.0, 8.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
Odd elements:
[5.0, 9.0, 3.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
```

Q2 Implement a Java function that finds two neighbouring numbers in an array with the smallest distance to each. The function should return the index of the 1st number.

Code:

```
// Neighbours.java
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package Assignment 2;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Neighbours {
  public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
     // Create a Scanner object to read user input
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     // Prompt the user to enter the size of the array
     System.out.println("Enter the size of the array: ");
     // Read the size of the array from user input
     int size = sc.nextInt();
```

```
// Get the array input from the user using the UserInput class
  double[] array = UserInput.inputArray(size);
  sc.close();
  // Find and print the index of the nearest neighbours in the array
  System.out.println("Index of Nearest Neighbours: " + findNearestNeighbours(array));
}
// Method to find the index of nearest neighbours in the array
public static int findNearestNeighbours(double[] arr) {
  double minDistance = Double.MAX VALUE;
  int index = -1;
  // Iterate through the array and calculate distances between adjacent elements
  for (int i = 0; i < arr.length - 1; i++) {
     double distance = Math.abs(arr[i] - arr[i + 1]);
     // Update the index if the current distance is smaller than the minimum distance
     if (distance < minDistance) {</pre>
       minDistance = distance;
       index = i;
  // Return the index of the nearest neighbours
  return index;
}
```

Output:

}

```
Enter the size of the array:
8
Enter the array elements separated by spaces:
4 8 14 77 90 105 104 55
Index of Nearest Neighbours: 5
```

Q3 Write a Java program to convert an array into ArrayList and vice versa. Code: // ArrayAndArrayList.java //Sahil Goyal //AIML-B1 //2022-26 //22070126094 package Assignment 2; import java.io.IOException; import java.util.*; public class ArrayAndArrayList { public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException { // Create a Scanner object to read user input Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in); // Prompt the user to enter the size of the array System.out.println("Enter the size of array: "); // Read the size from user input int size = sc.nextInt(); // Get the primitive double array from user input using UserInput class double[] array = UserInput.inputArray(size); // Close the Scanner to avoid resource leaks sc.close();

```
// Print the primitive double array using Arrays.toString
    System.out.println(Arrays.toString(array));
    // Convert the primitive double array to an ArrayList<Double>
    System.out.println("Primitive array to ArrayList: ");
    List<Double> arrlist = Arrays.asList(Arrays.stream(array).boxed().toArray(Double[]::new));
    // Print the elements of the ArrayList using a for-each loop
    for (Double element : arrlist) {
       System.out.println(element);
     }
    // Convert ArrayList to array
    System.out.println("ArrayList to array: ");
    double[] arr = arrlist.stream().mapToDouble(Double::doubleValue).toArray();
    System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));
  }
}
Output:
Enter the size of array:
Enter the array elements separated by spaces:
[12.0, 56.0, 34.0, 47.0, 11.0, 95.0]
Primitive array to ArrayList:
12.0
56.0
34.0
47.0
11.0
```

Check my repo for all the assignments organized:

[12.0, 56.0, 34.0, 47.0, 11.0, 95.0]

ArrayList to array:

https://github.com/sahilgoyal7214/programming-in-java/tree/main/Assignment_2