

Cost

	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h
a	0	4	10	4	10	8	20	17
b	4	0	2	8	10	4	16	5
c	10	2	0	18	20	10	26	5
d	4	8	18	0	2	4	8	17
e	10	10	20	2	0	2	2	13
f	8	4	10	4	2	0	4	5
g	20	16	26	8	2	4	0	13
h	17	5	5	17	13	5	13	0

Cost Matrix (Distance is Squared for Comfort)

Algo: MST_Prim(G, w, r)

{ G: Graph

w: Cost

r: Root

for each $u \in G.V$

$u.key = \infty$;

$u.parent = NIL$;

$r.key = 0$;

$Q = G.V$

while $Q \neq \emptyset$

{ $u = Extract-Min(Q)$;

for each $v \in G.adj[u]$

{ if $v \in Q$ and $w(u, v) < v.key$

{ $v.parent = u$; $v.key = w(u, v)$;

Here Root & is Vertex a

Initially

	Key	Parent
a	∞	NIL
b	∞	NIL
c	∞	NIL
d	∞	NIL
e	∞	NIL
f	∞	NIL
g	∞	NIL
h	∞	NIL

→ Root & = a

Now $[a \cdot \text{key} = 0]$

$$Q = G \cdot V$$

$$= \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}$$

→ $Q \neq \text{empty}$

$\therefore u = \text{Extract Min}(Q)$

i.e. Find a Vertex with Min key value

Here it is Vertex 'a' and delete from Q.

$\therefore u = a$ and $Q = \{b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}$

→ for each adjacent v of u, if $v \in Q$ and $w(u, v) < v \cdot \text{key}$ then $v \cdot \text{Parent} = u$ and $v \cdot \text{key} = w(u, v)$

→ Initially all key's other than

'a' have value ∞

\therefore if stmt will be true for all Vertices adjacent to 'a'.

Vertex	Old Key	New Key	old π	New π
b	∞	4	-	a
c	∞	10	-	a
d	∞	4	-	a
e	∞	10	-	a
f	∞	8	-	a
g	∞	20	-	a
h	∞	17	-	a

Here → NIL : Edge selected (arb)

★ $Q = \{b, c, d, e, f, g, h\} \neq \text{empty}$

→ Extract from Q vertex with Min. key value

There are two b, d.

Let's select $v = b$.

Delete it from Q.

∴ $Q = \{c, d, e, f, g, h\}$

Vertex	Old key	New key	Old π	New π
c	10	2	a	b
d	4	4	a	a
e	10	10	a	a
f	8	4	a	b
g	20	16	a	b
h	17	5	a	b

Left Edge selected: (b, c)

$Q = \{c, d, e, f, g, h\} \neq \text{empty}$

\therefore Find a vertex with Min. key value. Here it's 'c'

$\therefore \text{re} = 'c'$

Delete it from Q .

$\therefore Q = \{d, e, f, g, h\}$

Vertex	old key	New key	old π	New π
d	4	4	a	a
e	10	10	a	a
f	4	4	b	b
g	16	16	b	b
h	5	5	b	b

Now $Q = \{d, e, f, g, h\} \neq \text{empty}$

\therefore find a vertex with Min. key

There are two 'd', 'e' with key 4.

Here let's select 'd'

\therefore Next edge selected will be (a, d)
because parent of 'd' is 'a'.

$$\therefore u = \{d\}$$

delete it from Q

$$\therefore Q = \{e, f, g, h\}$$

★ Vertex | Old key | New key | Old π | New π

Vertex	Old key	New key	Old π	New π
e	10	2	a	d
f	4	4	b	b
g	16	8	b	d
h	5	5	b	b

★ $Q = \{e, f, g, h\}$ Empty

∴ Delete vertex with Min. key.

Here it is e, $\therefore u = \{e\}$

∴ Delete it from Q

$$\therefore Q = \{f, g, h\}$$

★ Next edge selected is
(d, e).

Vertex	Old key	New key	Old	New
f	4	2	b	e
g	8	2	d	e
h	5	5	b	b

★ Edge: (e, f)

★ There are Two Vertices f and g with same minimum key value. $Q = \{f, g, h\} \neq \text{empty}$

We will select $u = 'f' \Rightarrow Q = \{g, h\}$

Vertex	Old key	New key	Old	New
g	2	2	e	e
h	5	5	b	b

★ $Q = \{g, h\} \neq \text{empty}$ Selected edge: (e, g)

∴ Delete $u = 'g'$ (Min key = 2)

$$\therefore Q = \{h\}$$

Vertex	Old key	New key	Old	New
h	5	5	b	b

★ $Q = \{h\} \neq \text{empty}$

Delete h $\Rightarrow Q = \emptyset$

Selected Edge: (b, h).

Selected Edges

(a,b)

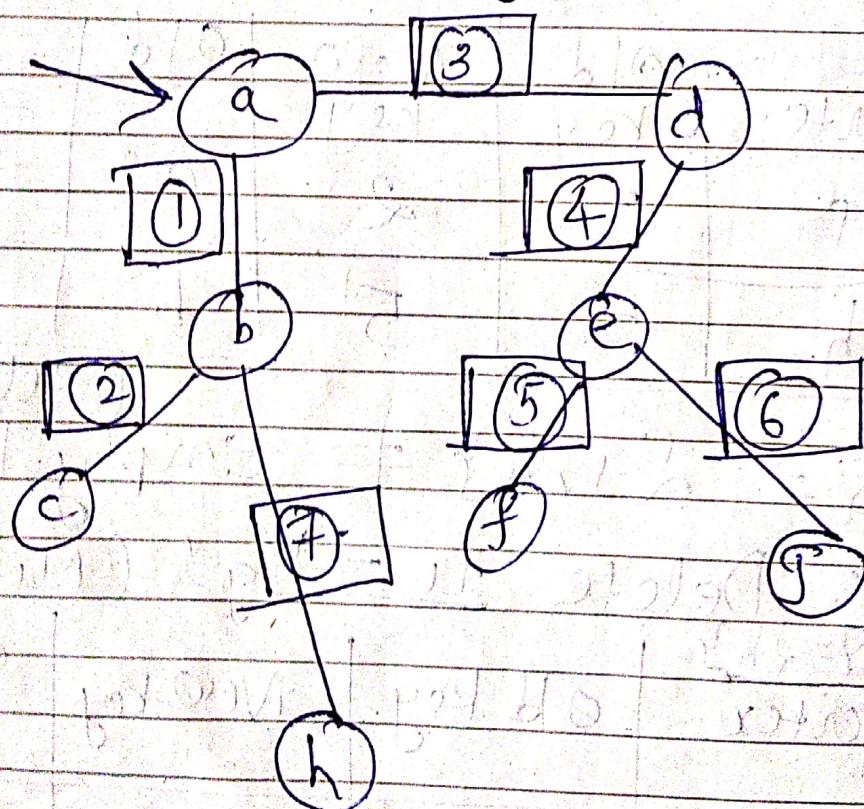
(b,c)

(a,d)

(d,e) → (e,f)

(e,f) ←

(b,h)

Min. Spanning Tree

Cost of MST = $\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{4} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}$

$\rightarrow + \sqrt{5}$

Square root because we did Square

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 2 + 1.41 + 2 + 1.41 + 1.41 + 1.41 \\
 &+ 2.24 = 11.88
 \end{aligned}$$