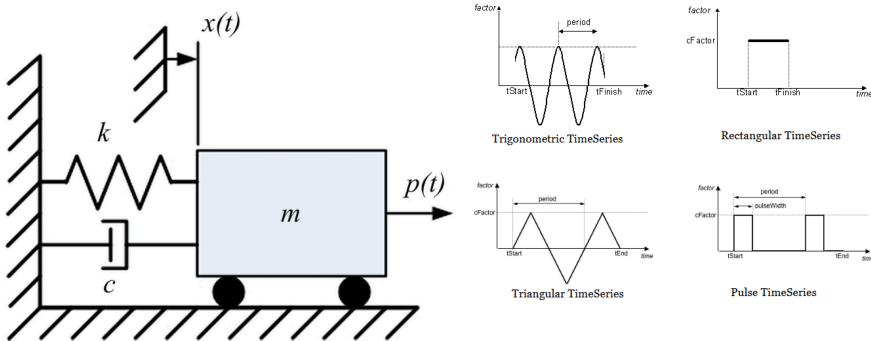


```
In [2]: # #####
# # IN THE NAME OF ALLAH #
# # [1] FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF ELASTIC SPRING #
# # [2] FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF INELASTIC SPRING #
# # [3] FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF INELASTIC SPRING WITH TRIGONOMETRIC LOADING #
# # [4] FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF INELASTIC SPRING WITH TRIANGULAR LOADING #
# # [5] FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF INELASTIC SPRING WITH RECTANGULAR LOADING #
# # [6] FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF INELASTIC SPRING WITH PULSE LOADING #
# #-----#
# # THIS PROGRAM WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEI (QASHQAI) #
# # EMAIL: solar.d.ghashghaei@gmail.com #
# #####
```

```
In [3]: # Load the image
def PLOT_IMAGE(image):
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import matplotlib.image as mpimg
    image = mpimg.imread(image_path)

    # Display the image
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
    plt.imshow(image)
    plt.axis('off') # Hide axes
    plt.show()

image_path = 'OPENSEES_FREE_VIBRATION.png'
PLOT_IMAGE(image_path)
```



```
In [4]: def PLOT_4_CHART():
# Plot the results
plt.figure(figsize=(18, 20))
# Displacement
plt.subplot(4, 1, 1)
plt.plot(time_undamped, displacement_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, displacement_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Displacement ')
plt.title('Displacement Time History')
plt.legend()
# Velocity
plt.subplot(4, 1, 2)
plt.plot(time_undamped, velocity_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, velocity_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Velocity')
plt.title('Velocity Time History')
plt.legend()
# Acceleration
plt.subplot(4, 1, 3)
plt.plot(time_undamped, acceleration_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, acceleration_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Acceleration')
plt.title('Acceleration Time History')
plt.legend()
# Spring Force
plt.subplot(4, 1, 4)
plt.plot(time_undamped, spring_force_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, spring_force_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Spring Force')
plt.title('Spring Force Time History')
plt.legend()
# Display the plot
plt.show()
```

```
In [5]: # #####
# # IN THE NAME OF ALLAH #
# # FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF ELASTIC SPRING #
# #-----#
# # THIS PROGRAM WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEI (QASHQAI) #
# # EMAIL: solar.d.ghashghaei@gmail.com #
# #####

import openseespy.opensees as ops
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set up variables
e = 210.0e3 # Modulus of elasticity (Young's modulus)
A = 0.25 # Cross-sectional area of the element
l = 1000.0 # Length of the element
k = (e*A)/l # Truss Axial Stiffness
m = 50.0 # Mass of the node
u0 = 0.001 # Initial displacement applied to the node
damping_ratio = 0.02 # Damping ratio
```

```

# Set analysis parameters
duration = 50.0 # [s] 50 Seconds
dt = 0.01 # time step

# Function to perform transient analysis
def perform_analysis(damping=False):
    # Set up the model
    ops.wipe()
    ops.model('basic', '-ndm', 2, '-ndf', 3)

    # Define nodes
    ops.node(1, 0, 0)
    ops.node(2, 1, 0)

    # Define boundary conditions
    ops.fix(1, 1, 1, 1)
    ops.fix(2, 0, 1, 1)

    # Define mass
    ops.mass(2, m, 0, 0)

    # Define material
    ops.uniaxialMaterial('Elastic', 1, e)

    # Define element
    ops.element('Truss', 1, 1, 2, A, 1)

    # Static analysis to apply initial displacement
    ops.timeSeries('Linear', 1)
    ops.pattern('Plain', 1, 1)
    ops.load(2, 1.0, 0, 0)

    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.system('BandGeneral')
    ops.algorithm('Newton')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('DisplacementControl', 2, 1, u0)
    ops.analysis('Static')
    ops.analyze(1)

    ops.setTime(0.0)

    # Wipe analysis and reset time
    ops.wipeAnalysis()
    ops.remove('LoadPattern', 1)
    ops.system('UmfPack')

    # Dynamic analysis
    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.system('UmfPack')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('Newmark', 0.5, 0.25)
    ops.algorithm('Newton')

    if damping:
        # Calculate Rayleigh damping factors
        omeg1 = np.sqrt(k / m)
        a0 = (2 * damping_ratio * omeg1) / omeg1
        a1 = (2 * damping_ratio) / omeg1
        # Apply Rayleigh damping
        ops.rayleigh(a0, a1, 0, 0)

    ops.analysis('Transient')
    ops.reactions('-dynamic', '-rayleigh')

    # Perform transient analysis and store results
    time = []
    displacement = []
    velocity = []
    acceleration = []
    spring_force = []

    stable = 0
    current_time = 0.0

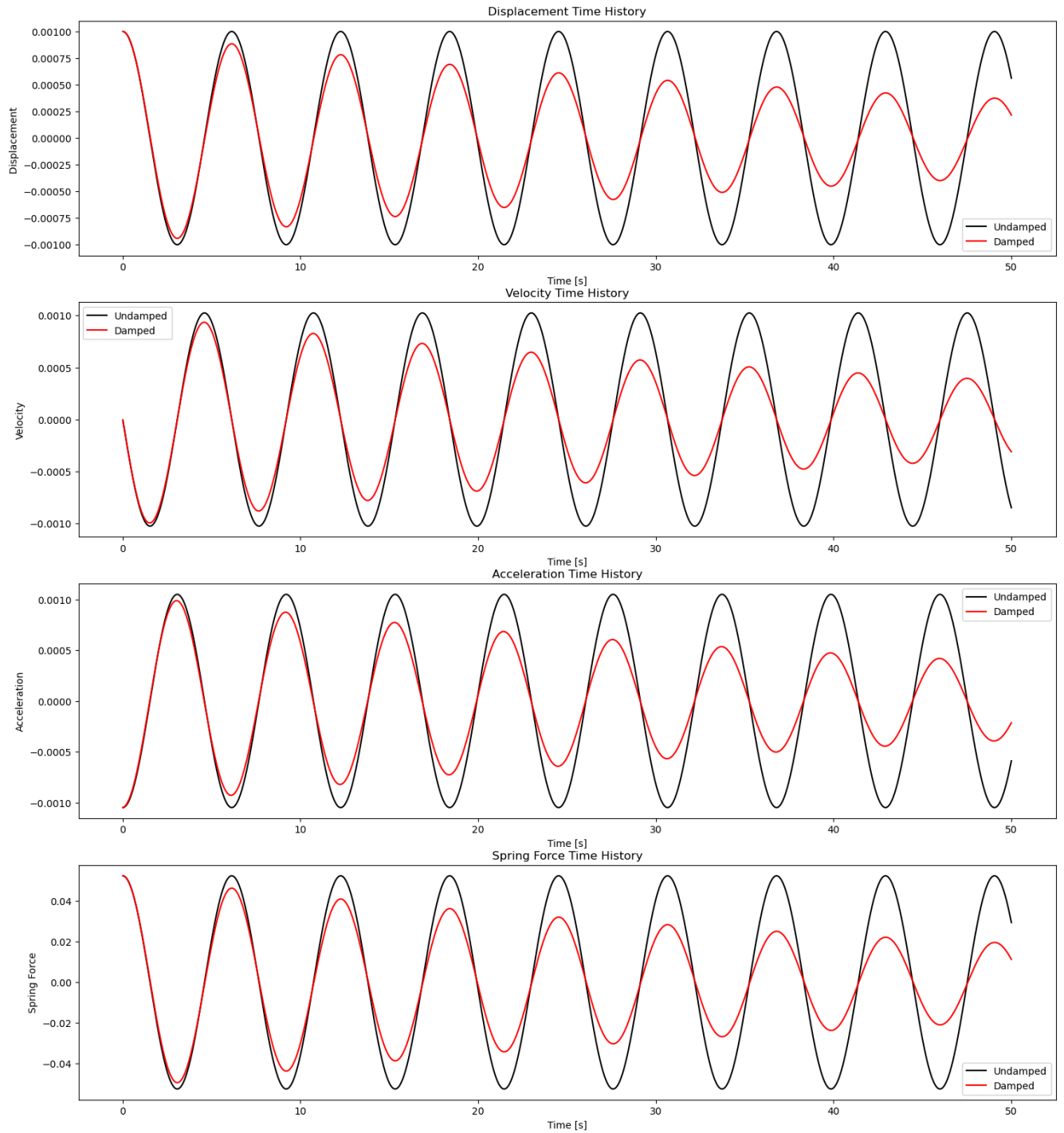
    while stable == 0 and current_time < duration:
        stable = ops.analyze(1, dt)
        current_time = ops.getTime()
        time.append(current_time)
        displacement.append(ops.nodeDisp(2, 1))
        velocity.append(ops.nodeVel(2, 1))
        acceleration.append(ops.nodeAccel(2, 1))
        spring_force.append(-ops.eleResponse(1, 'force')[0])

    return time, displacement, velocity, acceleration, spring_force

# Perform analyses
time_undamped, displacement_undamped, velocity_undamped, acceleration_undamped, spring_force_undamped = perform_analysis(damping=False)
time_damped, displacement_damped, velocity_damped, acceleration_damped, spring_force_damped = perform_analysis(damping=True)

### PLOT THE TIME HISTORY:
PLOT_4_CHART()

```



```
In [6]: #####
#
#          IN THE NAME OF ALLAH
#          FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF INELASTIC SPRING
#          -----
#          THIS PROGRAM WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEI (QASHQAI)
#          EMAIL: salar.d.ghashghaei@gmail.com
#          #####

import openseespy.opensees as ops
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set up variables
e = 210.0e3 # Modulus of elasticity (Young's modulus)
A = 0.25 # Cross-sectional area of the element
l = 1000.0 # Length of the element
k = (e*A)/l # Truss Axial Stiffness
m = 50.0 # Mass of the node
u0 = 0.001 # Initial displacement applied to the node
damping_ratio = 0.02 # Damping ratio

# Set analysis parameters
duration = 50.0 # [s] 50 Seconds
dt = 0.01

# Define ReinforcingSteel material properties
fy = 400.0 # Yield strength of steel
```

```

Es = 210.0e3 # Modulus of elasticity
fu = 600.0 # Ultimate strength
Esh = 20.0e3 # Hardening modulus
esh = 0.01 # Strain at start of hardening
esu = 0.1 # Ultimate strain

def perform_analysis(damping=False):
    # Set up the model
    ops.wipe()
    ops.model('basic', '-ndm', 2, '-ndf', 3)

    # Define nodes
    ops.node(1, 0, 0)
    ops.node(2, 1, 0)

    # Define boundary conditions
    ops.fix(1, 1, 1, 1)
    ops.fix(2, 0, 1, 1)

    # Define mass
    ops.mass(2, m, 0, 0)

    # Define material
    ops.uniaxialMaterial('ReinforcingSteel', 1, fy, Es, fu, Esh, esh, esu)

    # Define element
    ops.element('Truss', 1, 1, 2, A, 1)

    # Static analysis to apply initial displacement
    ops.timeSeries('Linear', 1)
    ops.pattern('Plain', 1, 1)
    ops.load(2, 1.0, 0, 0)

    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.algorithm('Linear')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('DisplacementControl', 2, 1, u0)
    ops.analysis('Static')
    ops.analyze(1)

    ops.setTime(0.0)

    # Wipe analysis and reset time
    ops.wipeAnalysis()
    ops.remove('LoadPattern', 1)
    ops.system('UmfPack')

    # Dynamic analysis
    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.system('UmfPack')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('Newmark', 0.5, 0.25)
    ops.algorithm('Newton')

    if damping:
        # Calculate Rayleigh damping factors
        Lambda01 = ops.eigen('-fullGenLapack', 1) # eigenvalue mode 1
        omegal = np.power(max(Lambda01), 0.5)
        a0 = (2 * damping_ratio * omegal) / omegal
        a1 = (2 * damping_ratio) / omegal
        # Apply Rayleigh damping
        ops.rayleigh(a0, a1, 0, 0)

    ops.analysis('Transient')

    # Perform transient analysis and store results
    time = []
    displacement = []
    velocity = []
    acceleration = []
    spring_force = []

    stable = 0
    current_time = 0.0

    while stable == 0 and current_time < duration:
        stable = ops.analyze(1, dt)
        current_time = ops.getTime()
        time.append(current_time)
        displacement.append(ops.nodeDisp(2, 1))
        velocity.append(ops.nodeVel(2, 1))
        acceleration.append(ops.nodeAccel(2, 1))
        spring_force.append(-ops.eleResponse(1, 'force')[0])

    return time, displacement, velocity, acceleration, spring_force

# Perform analysis
time_undamped, displacement_undamped, velocity_undamped, acceleration_undamped, spring_force_undamped = perform_analysis(damping=False)
time_damped, displacement_damped, velocity_damped, acceleration_damped, spring_force_damped = perform_analysis(damping=True)

def PLOT_4_CHART():
    # Plot the results
    plt.figure(figsize=(18, 20))

    # Displacement
    plt.subplot(4, 1, 1)
    plt.plot(time_undamped, displacement_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
    plt.plot(time_damped, displacement_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
    plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
    plt.ylabel('Displacement ')
    plt.title('Displacement Time History')
    plt.legend()

    # Velocity
    plt.subplot(4, 1, 2)
    plt.plot(time_undamped, velocity_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
    plt.plot(time_damped, velocity_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
    plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
    plt.ylabel('Velocity')
    plt.title('Velocity Time History')
    plt.legend()

    # Acceleration

```

```

plt.subplot(4, 1, 3)
plt.plot(time_undamped, acceleration_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, acceleration_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Acceleration')
plt.title('Acceleration Time History')
plt.legend()
# Spring Force
plt.subplot(4, 1, 4)
plt.plot(time_undamped, spring_force_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, spring_force_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Spring Force')
plt.title('Spring Force Time History')
plt.legend()
# Display the plot
plt.show()

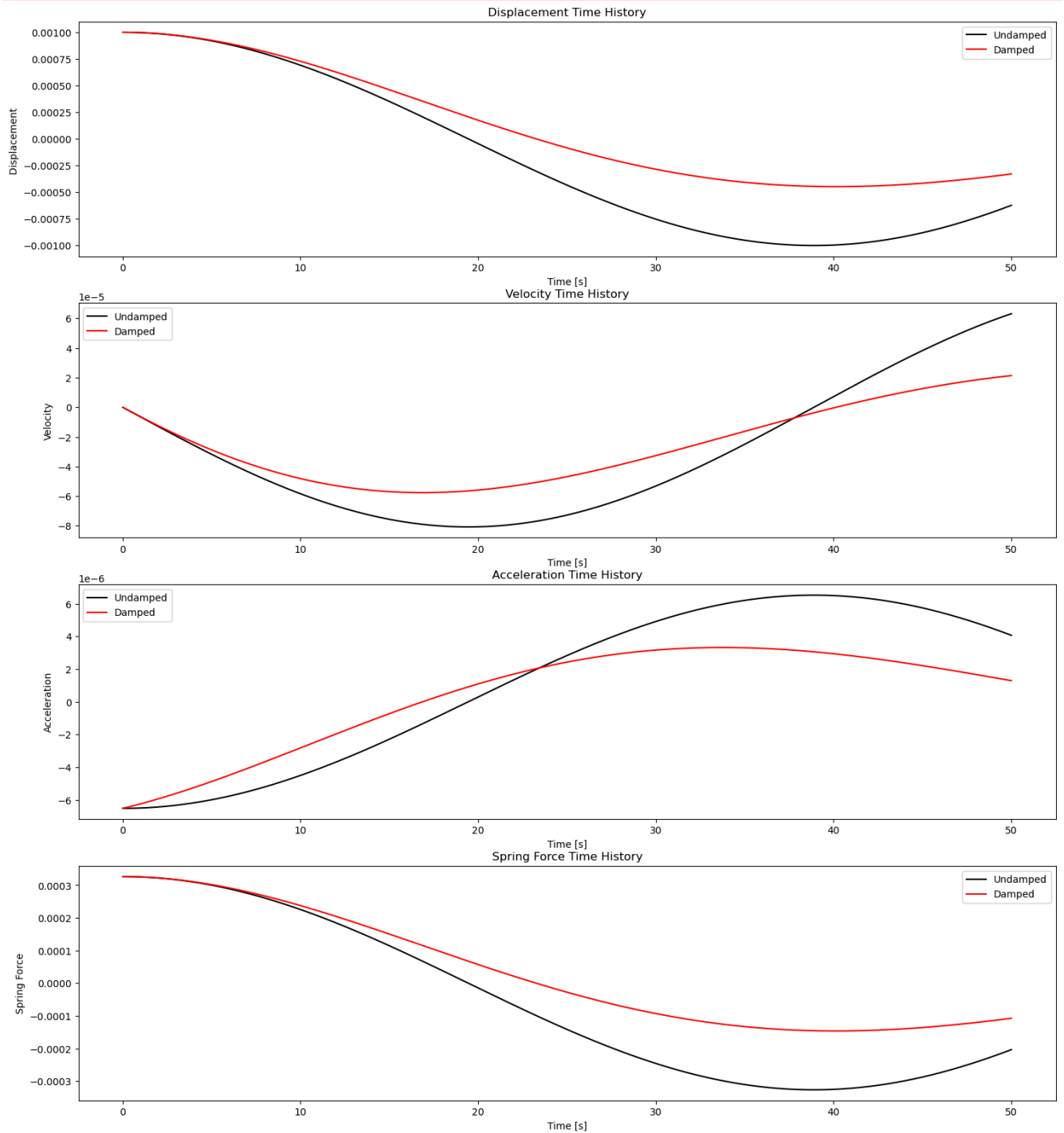
```

```

### PLOT THE TIME HISTORY:
PLOT_4_CHART()

```

WARNING analysis Static - no LinearSOE specified,  
ProfileSPDLinSOE default will be used  
WARNING analysis Static - no LinearSOE specified,  
ProfileSPDLinSOE default will be used  
WARNING - the 'fullGenLapack' eigen solver is VERY SLOW. Consider using the default eigen solver.



```

In [7]: # #####
# # IN THE NAME OF ALLAH #
# # FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF INELASTIC SPRING WITH TRIGONOMETRIC LOADING #
# #-----#
# # THIS PROGRAM WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEI (QASHQAI) #
# # EMAIL: salar.d.ghashghaei@gmail.com #
# #####

import openseespy.opensees as ops
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set up variables
e = 210.0e3 # Modulus of elasticity (Young's modulus)
A = 0.25 # Cross-sectional area of the element
l = 1000.0 # Length of the element
k = (e*A)/l # Truss Axial Stiffness
m = 50.0 # Mass of the node
u0 = 0.001 # Initial displacement applied to the node
damping_ratio = 0.02 # Damping ratio

# Set analysis parameters
duration = 50.0 # [s] 50 Seconds
dt = 0.01

# Define ReinforcingSteel material properties
fy = 400.0 # Yield strength of steel
Es = 210.0e3 # Modulus of elasticity
fu = 600.0 # Ultimate strength
Esh = 20.0e3 # Hardening modulus
esh = 0.01 # Strain at start of hardening
esu = 0.1 # Ultimate strain

# Trigonometric (Harmonic) Loading parameters
START_TIME = 2.0
END_TIME = 6.0
PERIOD = 1.2
LOAD_FACTOR = 2.0 # Amplitude Factor

def perform_analysis(damping=False):
    # Set up the model
    ops.wipe()
    ops.model('basic', '-ndm', 2, '-ndf', 3)

    # Define nodes
    ops.node(1, 0, 0)
    ops.node(2, 1, 0)

    # Define boundary conditions
    ops.fix(1, 1, 1, 1)
    ops.fix(2, 0, 1, 1)

    # Define mass
    ops.mass(2, m, 0, 0)

    # Define material
    ops.uniaxialMaterial('ReinforcingSteel', 1, fy, Es, fu, Esh, esh, esu)

    # Define element
    ops.element('Truss', 1, 1, 2, A, 1)

    # Static analysis to apply initial displacement
    ops.timeSeries('Linear', 1)
    ops.pattern('Plain', 1, 1)
    ops.load(2, 1.0, 0, 0)

    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.system('BandGeneral')
    ops.algorithm('Linear')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('DisplacementControl', 2, 1, u0)
    ops.analysis('Static')
    ops.analyze(1)

    ops.setTime(0.0)

    # Wipe analysis and reset time
    ops.wipeAnalysis()
    ops.remove('LoadPattern', 1)
    ops.system('UmfPack')
    # Define harmonic Loading
    ops.timeSeries('Trig', 2, START_TIME, END_TIME, PERIOD, '-factor', LOAD_FACTOR)
    ops.pattern('Plain', 2, 2)
    ops.load(2, 1.0, 0, 0)

    # Dynamic analysis
    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.system('UmfPack')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('Newmark', 0.5, 0.25)
    ops.algorithm('Newton')

    if damping:
        # Calculate Rayleigh damping factors
        Lambda01 = ops.eigen('-fullGenLapack', 1) # eigenValue mode 1
        omega1 = np.power(max(Lambda01), 0.5)
        a0 = (2 * damping_ratio * omega1) / omega1
        a1 = (2 * damping_ratio) / omega1
        # Apply Rayleigh damping
        ops.rayleigh(a0, a1, 0, 0)

    ops.analysis('Transient')

    # Perform transient analysis and store results
    time = []
    displacement = []
    velocity = []
    acceleration = []
    spring_force = []

```

```

stable = 0
current_time = 0.0

while stable == 0 and current_time < duration:
    stable = ops.analyze(1, dt)
    current_time = ops.getTime()
    time.append(current_time)
    displacement.append(ops.nodeDisp(2, 1))
    velocity.append(ops.nodeVel(2, 1))
    acceleration.append(ops.nodeAccel(2, 1))
    spring_force.append(-ops.eleResponse(1, 'force')[0])

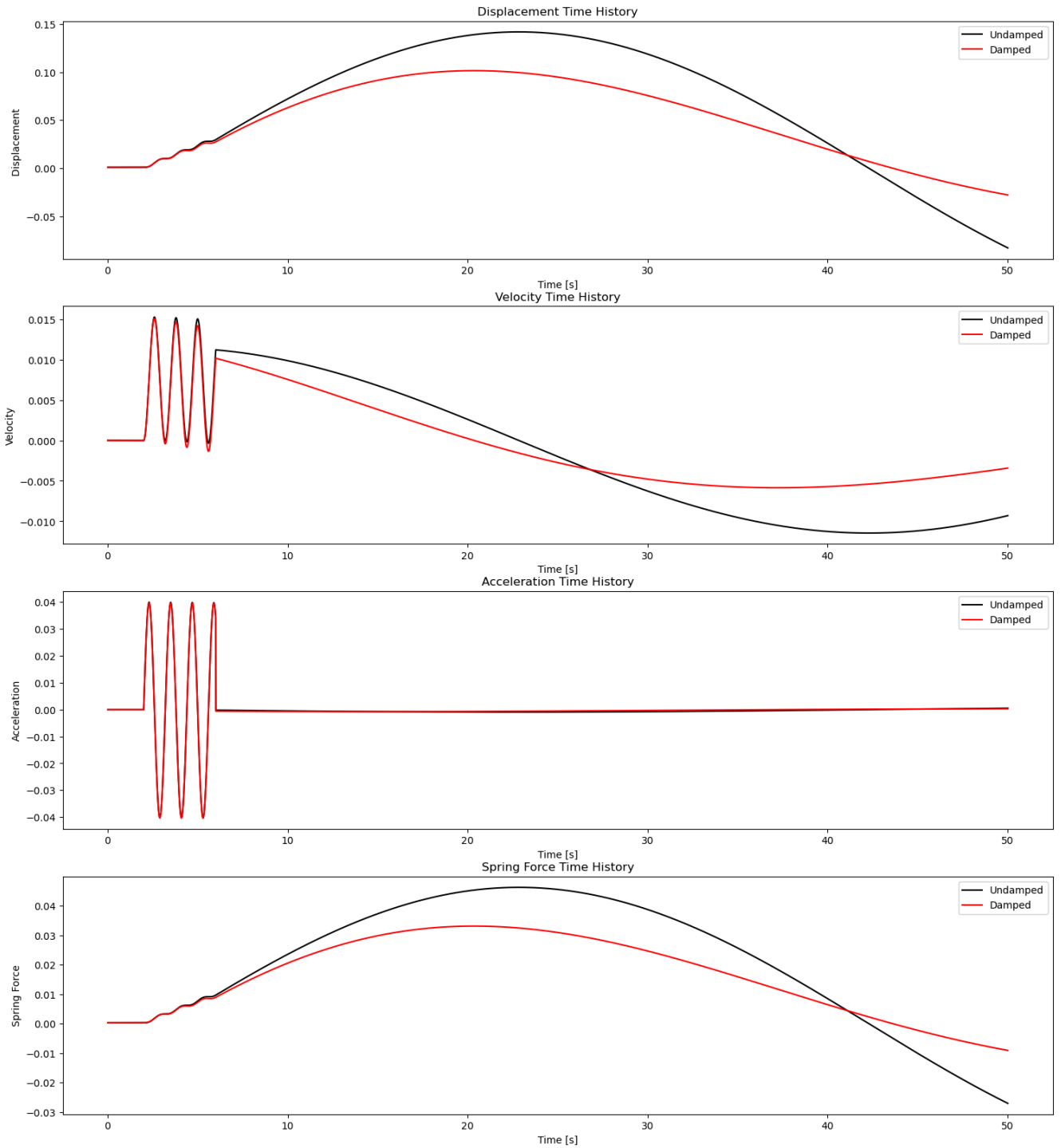
return time, displacement, velocity, acceleration, spring_force

# Perform analysis
time_undamped, displacement_undamped, velocity_undamped, acceleration_undamped, spring_force_undamped = perform_analysis(damping=False)
time_damped, displacement_damped, velocity_damped, acceleration_damped, spring_force_damped = perform_analysis(damping=True)

def PLOT_4_CHART():
    # Plot the results
    plt.figure(figsize=(18, 20))
    # Displacement
    plt.subplot(4, 1, 1)
    plt.plot(time_undamped, displacement_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
    plt.plot(time_damped, displacement_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
    plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
    plt.ylabel('Displacement ')
    plt.title('Displacement Time History')
    plt.legend()
    # Velocity
    plt.subplot(4, 1, 2)
    plt.plot(time_undamped, velocity_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
    plt.plot(time_damped, velocity_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
    plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
    plt.ylabel('Velocity')
    plt.title('Velocity Time History')
    plt.legend()
    # Acceleration
    plt.subplot(4, 1, 3)
    plt.plot(time_undamped, acceleration_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
    plt.plot(time_damped, acceleration_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
    plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
    plt.ylabel('Acceleration')
    plt.title('Acceleration Time History')
    plt.legend()
    # Spring Force
    plt.subplot(4, 1, 4)
    plt.plot(time_undamped, spring_force_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
    plt.plot(time_damped, spring_force_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
    plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
    plt.ylabel('Spring Force')
    plt.title('Spring Force Time History')
    plt.legend()
    # Display the plot
    plt.show()

### PLOT THE TIME HISTORY:
PLOT_4_CHART()

```



```
In [8]: # #####
# # IN THE NAME OF ALLAH #
# # FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF INELASTIC SPRING WITH TRIANGULAR LOADING #
# # -----#
# # THIS PROGRAM WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEE (QASHQAI) #
# # EMAIL: salar.d.ghashghaei@gmail.com #
# #####

import openseespy.opensees as ops
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set up variables
e = 210.0e3 # Modulus of elasticity (Young's modulus)
A = 0.25 # Cross-sectional area of the element
l = 1000.0 # Length of the element
k = (e*A)/l # Truss Axial Stiffness
m = 50.0 # Mass of the node
u0 = 0.001 # Initial displacement applied to the node
damping_ratio = 0.02 # Damping ratio

# Set analysis parameters
duration = 50.0 # [s] 50 Seconds
dt = 0.01

# Define ReinforcingSteel material properties
```



```

fy = 400.0 # Yield strength of steel
Es = 210.0e3 # Modulus of elasticity
fu = 600.0 # Ultimate strength
Esh = 20.0e3 # Hardening modulus
esh = 0.01 # Strain at start of hardening
esu = 0.1 # Ultimate strain

# Triangle Loading parameters
START_TIME = 2.0
END_TIME = 6.0
PERIOD = 1.2
LOAD_FACTOR = 2.0 # Amplitude Factor

def perform_analysis(damping=False):
    # Set up the model
    ops.wipe()
    ops.model('basic', '-ndm', 2, '-ndf', 3)

    # Define nodes
    ops.node(1, 0, 0)
    ops.node(2, 1, 0)

    # Define boundary conditions
    ops.fix(1, 1, 1, 1)
    ops.fix(2, 0, 1, 1)

    # Define mass
    ops.mass(2, m, 0, 0)

    # Define material
    ops.uniaxialMaterial('ReinforcingSteel', 1, fy, Es, fu, Esh, esh, esu)

    # Define element
    ops.element('Truss', 1, 1, 2, A, 1)

    # Static analysis to apply initial displacement
    ops.timeSeries('Linear', 1)
    ops.pattern('Plain', 1, 1)
    ops.load(2, 1.0, 0, 0)

    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.system('BandGeneral')
    ops.algorithm('Linear')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('DisplacementControl', 2, 1, u0)
    ops.analysis('Static')
    ops.analyze(1)

    ops.setTime(0.0)

    # Wipe analysis and reset time
    ops.wipeAnalysis()
    ops.remove('loadPattern', 1)
    ops.system('UmfPack')
    # Define triangle Loading
    ops.timeSeries('Triangle', 2, START_TIME, END_TIME, PERIOD, '-factor', LOAD_FACTOR)
    ops.pattern('Plain', 2, 2)
    ops.load(2, 1.0, 0, 0)

    # Dynamic analysis
    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.system('UmfPack')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('Newmark', 0.5, 0.25)
    ops.algorithm('Newton')

    if damping:
        # Calculate Rayleigh damping factors
        lambda01 = ops.eigen('-fullGenLapack', 1) # eigenvalue mode 1
        omega1 = np.power(max(lambda01), 0.5)
        a0 = (2 * damping_ratio * omega1) / omega1
        a1 = (2 * damping_ratio) / omega1
        # Apply Rayleigh damping
        ops.rayleigh(a0, a1, 0, 0)

    ops.analysis('Transient')

    # Perform transient analysis and store results
    time = []
    displacement = []
    velocity = []
    acceleration = []
    spring_force = []

    stable = 0
    current_time = 0.0

    while stable == 0 and current_time < duration:
        stable = ops.analyze(1, dt)
        current_time = ops.getTime()
        time.append(current_time)
        displacement.append(ops.nodeDisp(2, 1))
        velocity.append(ops.nodeVel(2, 1))
        acceleration.append(ops.nodeAccel(2, 1))
        spring_force.append(-ops.eleResponse(1, 'force')[0])

    return time, displacement, velocity, acceleration, spring_force

# Perform analysis
time_undamped, displacement_undamped, velocity_undamped, acceleration_undamped, spring_force_undamped = perform_analysis(damping=False)
time_damped, displacement_damped, velocity_damped, acceleration_damped, spring_force_damped = perform_analysis(damping=True)

def PLOT_4_CHART():
    # Plot the results
    plt.figure(figsize=(18, 20))
    # Displacement
    plt.subplot(4, 1, 1)
    plt.plot(time_undamped, displacement_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
    plt.plot(time_damped, displacement_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
    plt.xlabel('Time [s]')

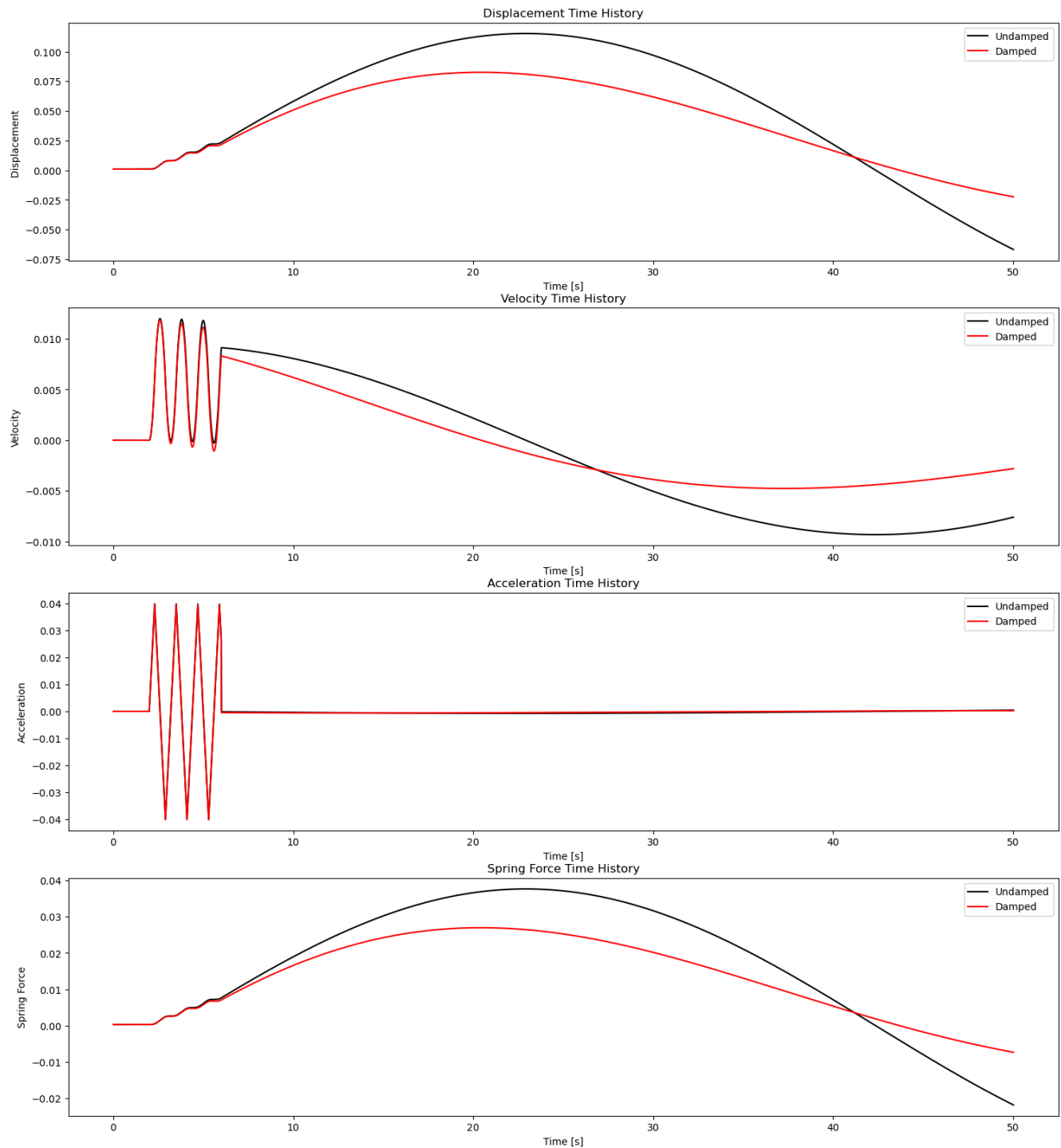
```

```

plt.ylabel('Displacement ')
plt.title('Displacement Time History')
plt.legend()
# Velocity
plt.subplot(4, 1, 2)
plt.plot(time_undamped, velocity_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, velocity_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Velocity')
plt.title('Velocity Time History')
plt.legend()
# Acceleration
plt.subplot(4, 1, 3)
plt.plot(time_undamped, acceleration_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, acceleration_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Acceleration')
plt.title('Acceleration Time History')
plt.legend()
# Spring Force
plt.subplot(4, 1, 4)
plt.plot(time_undamped, spring_force_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, spring_force_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Spring Force')
plt.title('Spring Force Time History')
plt.legend()
# Display the plot
plt.show()

### PLOT THE TIME HISTORY:
PLOT_4_CHART()

```



```
In [9]: # #####
# # IN THE NAME OF ALLAH #
# # FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF INELASTIC SPRING WITH RECTANGULAR LOADING #
# # -----#
# # THIS PROGRAM WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEE (QASHQAI) #
# # EMAIL: salar.d.ghashghaei@gmail.com #
# #####

import openseespy.opensees as ops
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set up variables
e = 210.0e3 # Modulus of elasticity (Young's modulus)
A = 0.25 # Cross-sectional area of the element
l = 1000.0 # Length of the element
k = (e*A)/l # Truss Axial Stiffness
m = 50.0 # Mass of the node
u0 = 0.001 # Initial displacement applied to the node
damping_ratio = 0.02 # Damping ratio

# Set analysis parameters
duration = 50.0 # [s] 50 Seconds
dt = 0.01

# Define ReinforcingSteel material properties
```

```

fy = 400.0 # Yield strength of steel
Es = 210.0e3 # Modulus of elasticity
fu = 600.0 # Ultimate strength
Esh = 20.0e3 # Hardening modulus
esh = 0.01 # Strain at start of hardening
esu = 0.1 # Ultimate strain

# Rectangular Loading parameters
START_TIME = 2.0
END_TIME = 6.0
PERIOD = 1.2
LOAD_FACTOR = 2.0 # Amplitude Factor

def perform_analysis(damping=False):
    # Set up the model
    ops.wipe()
    ops.model('basic', '-ndm', 2, '-ndf', 3)

    # Define nodes
    ops.node(1, 0, 0)
    ops.node(2, 1, 0)

    # Define boundary conditions
    ops.fix(1, 1, 1, 1)
    ops.fix(2, 0, 1, 1)

    # Define mass
    ops.mass(2, m, 0, 0)

    # Define material
    ops.uniaxialMaterial('ReinforcingSteel', 1, fy, Es, fu, Esh, esh, esu)

    # Define element
    ops.element('Truss', 1, 1, 2, A, 1)

    # Static analysis to apply initial displacement
    ops.timeSeries('Linear', 1)
    ops.pattern('Plain', 1, 1)
    ops.load(2, 1.0, 0, 0)

    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.system('BandGeneral')
    ops.algorithm('Linear')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('DisplacementControl', 2, 1, u0)
    ops.analysis('Static')
    ops.analyze(1)

    ops.setTime(0.0)

    # Wipe analysis and reset time
    ops.wipeAnalysis()
    ops.remove('loadPattern', 1)
    ops.system('UmfPack')
    # Define rectangular Loading
    ops.timeSeries('Rectangular', 2, START_TIME, END_TIME, '-factor', LOAD_FACTOR)
    ops.pattern('Plain', 2, 2)
    ops.load(2, 1.0, 0, 0)

    # Dynamic analysis
    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.system('UmfPack')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('Newmark', 0.5, 0.25)
    ops.algorithm('Newton')

    if damping:
        # Calculate Rayleigh damping factors
        lambda01 = ops.eigen('-fullGenLapack', 1) # eigenvalue mode 1
        omega1 = np.power(max(lambda01), 0.5)
        a0 = (2 * damping_ratio * omega1) / omega1
        a1 = (2 * damping_ratio) / omega1
        # Apply Rayleigh damping
        ops.rayleigh(a0, a1, 0, 0)

    ops.analysis('Transient')

    # Perform transient analysis and store results
    time = []
    displacement = []
    velocity = []
    acceleration = []
    spring_force = []

    stable = 0
    current_time = 0.0

    while stable == 0 and current_time < duration:
        stable = ops.analyze(1, dt)
        current_time = ops.getTime()
        time.append(current_time)
        displacement.append(ops.nodeDisp(2, 1))
        velocity.append(ops.nodeVel(2, 1))
        acceleration.append(ops.nodeAccel(2, 1))
        spring_force.append(-ops.eleResponse(1, 'force')[0])

    return time, displacement, velocity, acceleration, spring_force

# Perform analysis
time_undamped, displacement_undamped, velocity_undamped, acceleration_undamped, spring_force_undamped = perform_analysis(damping=False)
time_damped, displacement_damped, velocity_damped, acceleration_damped, spring_force_damped = perform_analysis(damping=True)

def PLOT_4_CHART():
    # Plot the results
    plt.figure(figsize=(18, 20))
    # Displacement
    plt.subplot(4, 1, 1)
    plt.plot(time_undamped, displacement_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
    plt.plot(time_damped, displacement_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
    plt.xlabel('Time [s]')

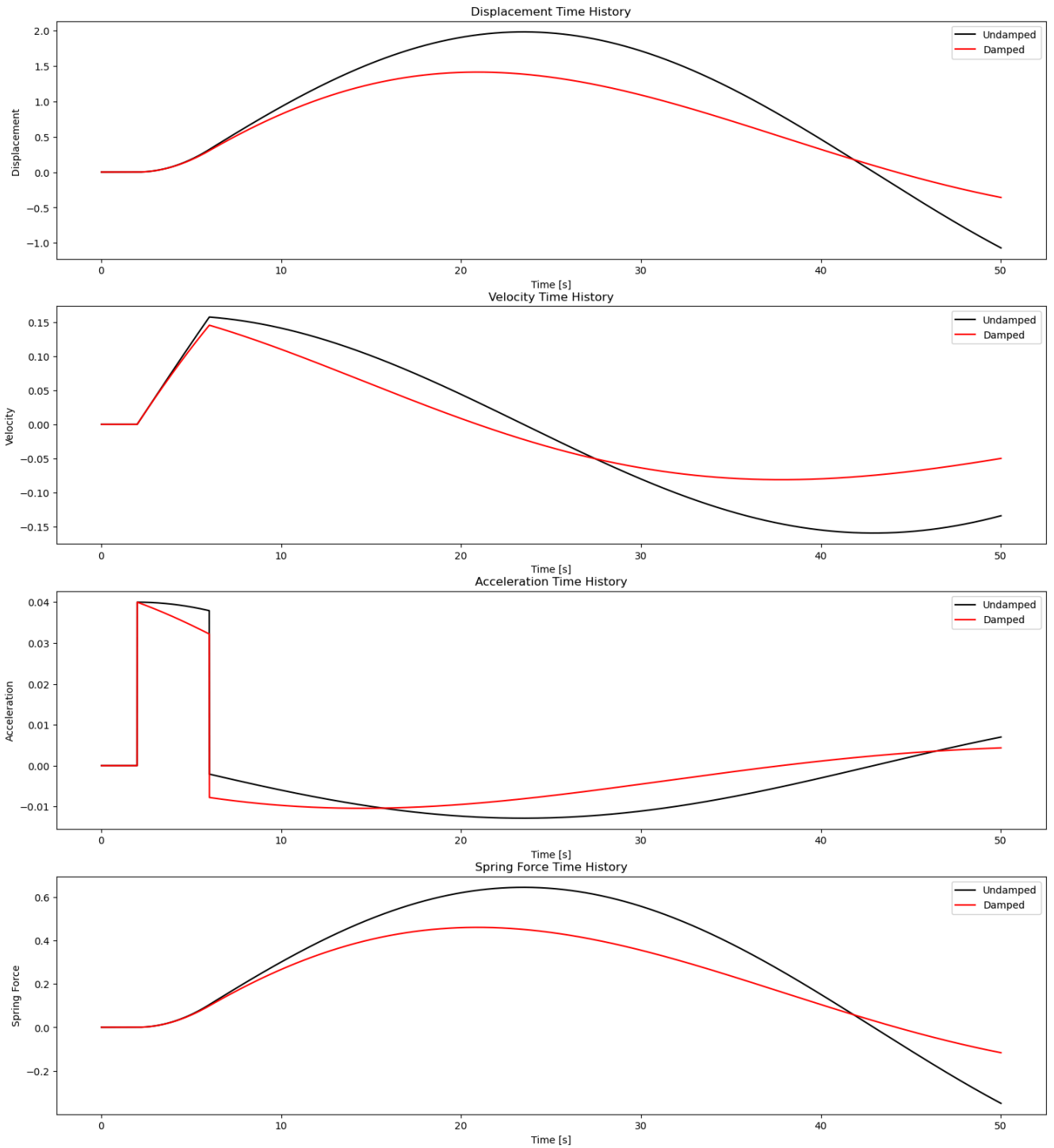
```

```

plt.ylabel('Displacement ')
plt.title('Displacement Time History')
plt.legend()
# Velocity
plt.subplot(4, 1, 2)
plt.plot(time_undamped, velocity_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, velocity_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Velocity')
plt.title('Velocity Time History')
plt.legend()
# Acceleration
plt.subplot(4, 1, 3)
plt.plot(time_undamped, acceleration_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, acceleration_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Acceleration')
plt.title('Acceleration Time History')
plt.legend()
# Spring Force
plt.subplot(4, 1, 4)
plt.plot(time_undamped, spring_force_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, spring_force_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Spring Force')
plt.title('Spring Force Time History')
plt.legend()
# Display the plot
plt.show()

### PLOT THE TIME HISTORY:
PLOT_4_CHART()

```



```
In [10]: # #####
# # IN THE NAME OF ALLAH #
# # FREE VIBRATION ANALYSIS OF INELASTIC SPRING WITH PULSE LOADING #
# #-----#
# # THIS PROGRAM WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEI (QASHQAI) #
# # EMAIL: solar.d.ghashghaei@gmail.com #
# #####

import openseespy.opensees as ops
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set up variables
k = 1250.0 # Stiffness of the spring
e = 210.0e3 # Modulus of elasticity (Young's modulus)
A = 0.25 # Cross-sectional area of the element
l = 1000.0 # Length of the element
k = (e*A)/l # Truss Axial Stiffness
m = 50.0 # Mass of the node
u0 = 0.001 # Initial displacement applied to the node
damping_ratio = 0.02 # Damping ratio

# Set analysis parameters
duration = 50.0 # [s] 50 Seconds
dt = 0.01
```

```

# Define ReinforcingSteel material properties
fy = 400.0 # Yield strength of steel
Es = 210.0e3 # Modulus of elasticity
fu = 600.0 # Ultimate strength
Esh = 20.0e3 # Hardening modulus
esh = 0.01 # Strain at start of hardening
esu = 0.1 # Ultimate strain

# Pulse Loading parameters
START_TIME = 2.0
END_TIME = 6.0
PERIOD = 1.2
LOAD_FACTOR = 2.0 # Amplitude Factor
PULSEWIDTH = 2.5 # Pulse width as a fraction of the period

def perform_analysis(damping=False):
    # Set up the model
    ops.wipe()
    ops.model('basic', '-ndm', 2, '-ndf', 3)

    # Define nodes
    ops.node(1, 0, 0)
    ops.node(2, 1, 0)

    # Define boundary conditions
    ops.fix(1, 1, 1, 1)
    ops.fix(2, 0, 1, 1)

    # Define mass
    ops.mass(2, m, 0, 0)

    # Define material
    ops.uniaxialMaterial('ReinforcingSteel', 1, fy, Es, fu, Esh, esh, esu)

    # Define element
    ops.element('Truss', 1, 1, 2, A, 1)

    # Static analysis to apply initial displacement
    ops.timeSeries('Linear', 1)
    ops.pattern('Plain', 1, 1)
    ops.load(2, 1.0, 0, 0)

    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.system('BandGeneral')
    ops.algorithm('Linear')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('DisplacementControl', 2, 1, u0)
    ops.analysis('Static')
    ops.analyze(1)

    ops.setTime(0.0)

    # Wipe analysis and reset time
    ops.wipeAnalysis()
    ops.remove('loadPattern', 1)
    ops.system('UmfPack')
    # Define pulse loading
    #ops.timeSeries('Pulse', 2, START_TIME, END_TIME, PERIOD, '-width', PULSEWIDTH, '-factor', LOAD_FACTOR)
    ops.timeSeries('Rectangular', 2, 0.0, 2.0, '-factor', 2.0)
    ops.pattern('Plain', 2, 2)
    ops.load(2, 1.0, 0, 0)

    # Dynamic analysis
    ops.constraints('Plain')
    ops.numberer('Plain')
    ops.system('UmfPack')
    ops.test('NormDispIncr', 1.0e-8, 10)
    ops.integrator('Newmark', 0.5, 0.25)
    ops.algorithm('Newton')

    if damping:
        # Calculate Rayleigh damping factors
        Lambda01 = ops.eigen('-fullGenLapack', 1) # eigenvalue mode 1
        omegal = np.power(max(Lambda01), 0.5)
        a0 = (2 * damping_ratio * omegal) / omegal
        a1 = (2 * damping_ratio) / omegal
        # Apply Rayleigh damping
        ops.rayleigh(a0, a1, 0, 0)

    ops.analysis('Transient')

    # Perform transient analysis and store results
    time = []
    displacement = []
    velocity = []
    acceleration = []
    spring_force = []

    stable = 0
    current_time = 0.0

    while stable == 0 and current_time < duration:
        stable = ops.analyze(1, dt)
        current_time = ops.getTime()
        time.append(current_time)
        displacement.append(ops.nodeDisp(2, 1))
        velocity.append(ops.nodeVel(2, 1))
        acceleration.append(ops.nodeAccel(2, 1))
        spring_force.append(-ops.eleResponse(1, 'force')[0])

    return time, displacement, velocity, acceleration, spring_force

# Perform analyses
time_undamped, displacement_undamped, velocity_undamped, acceleration_undamped, spring_force_undamped = perform_analysis(damping=False)
time_damped, displacement_damped, velocity_damped, acceleration_damped, spring_force_damped = perform_analysis(damping=True)

def PLOT_4_CHART():
    # Plot the results
    plt.figure(figsize=(18, 20))
    # Displacement
    plt.subplot(4, 1, 1)

```

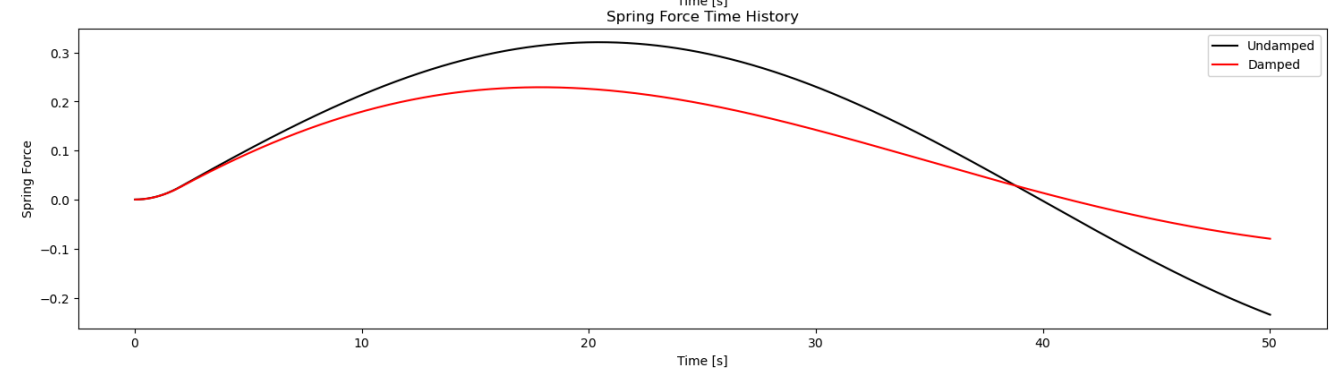
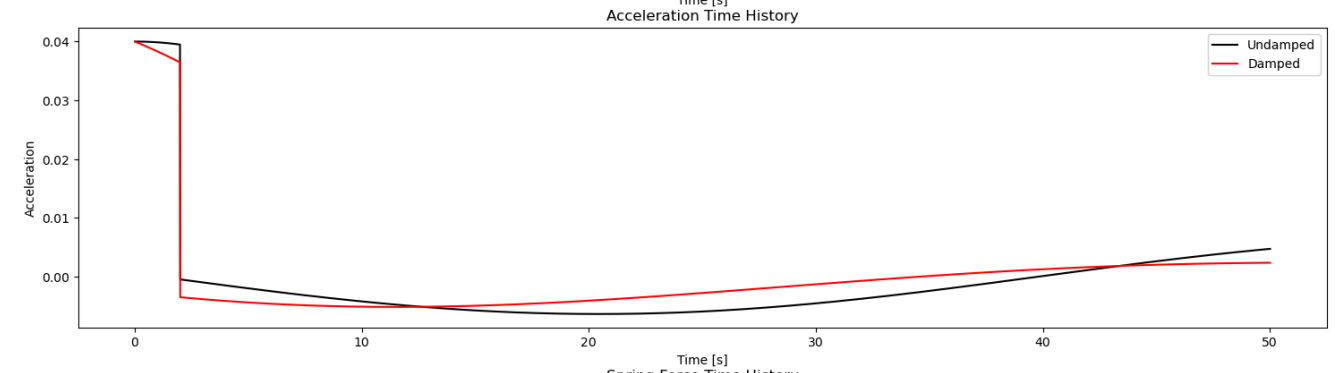
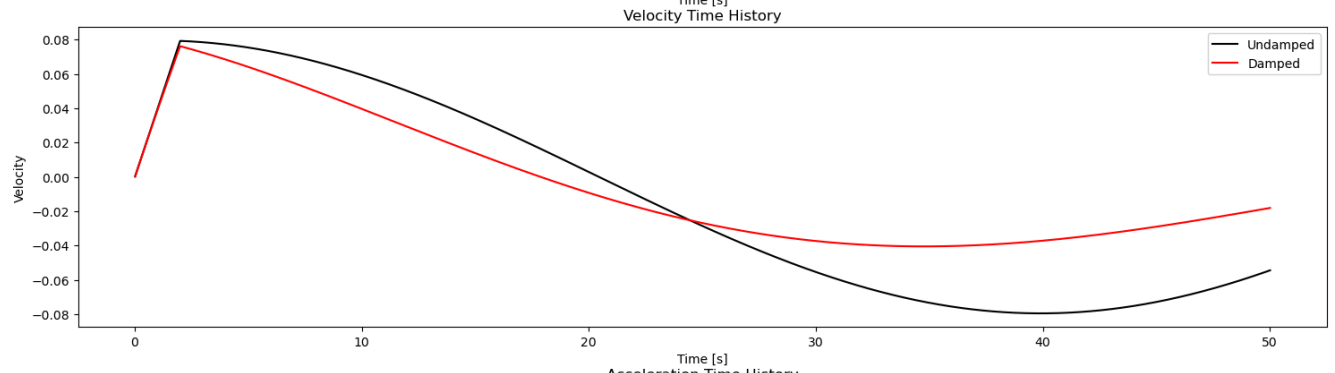
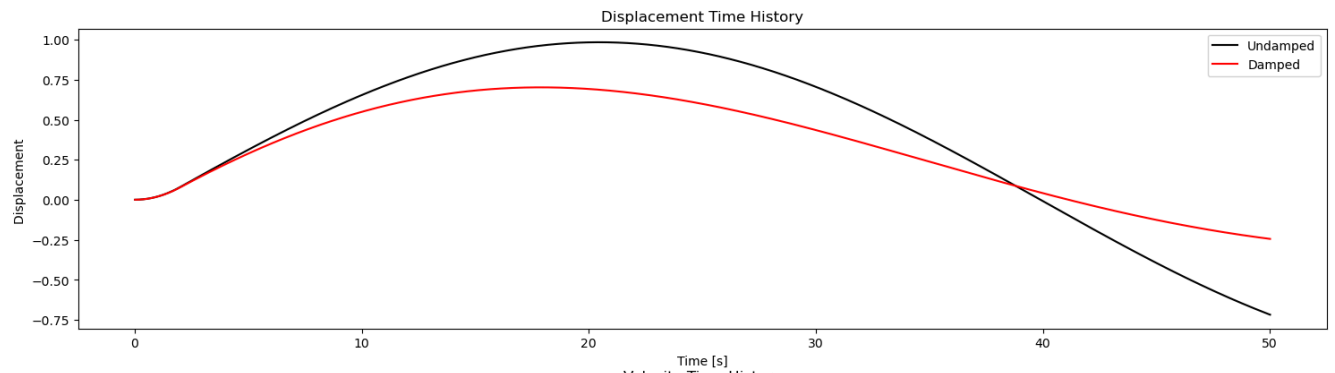
```

plt.plot(time_undamped, displacement_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, displacement_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Displacement ')
plt.title('Displacement Time History')
plt.legend()
# Velocity
plt.subplot(4, 1, 2)
plt.plot(time_undamped, velocity_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, velocity_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Velocity')
plt.title('Velocity Time History')
plt.legend()
# Acceleration
plt.subplot(4, 1, 3)
plt.plot(time_undamped, acceleration_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, acceleration_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Acceleration')
plt.title('Acceleration Time History')
plt.legend()
# Spring Force
plt.subplot(4, 1, 4)
plt.plot(time_undamped, spring_force_undamped, label='Undamped', color='black')
plt.plot(time_damped, spring_force_damped, label='Damped', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Spring Force')
plt.title('Spring Force Time History')
plt.legend()
# Display the plot
plt.show()

### PLOT THE TIME HISTORY:
PLOT_4_CHART()

```





In [ ]:

In [ ]: