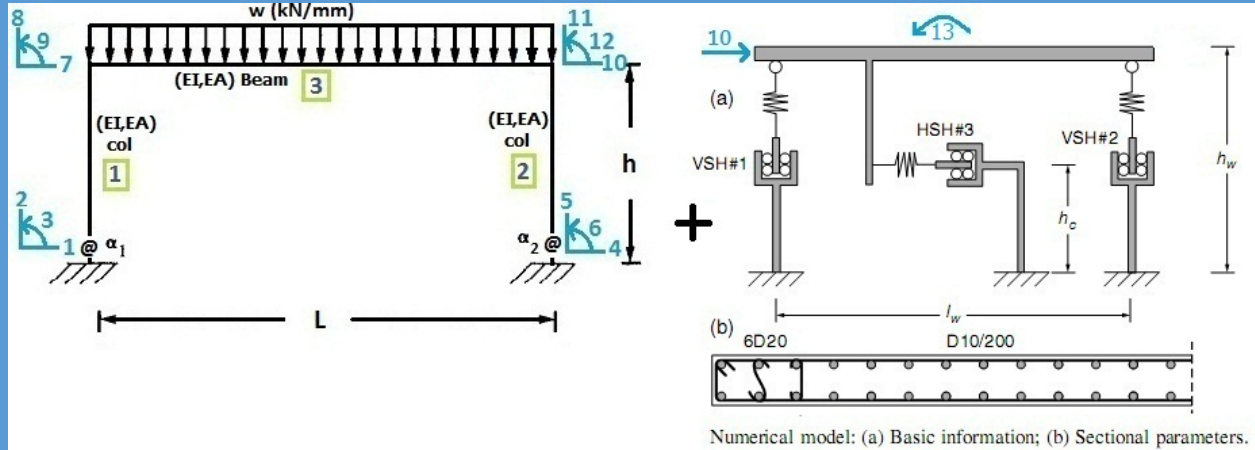
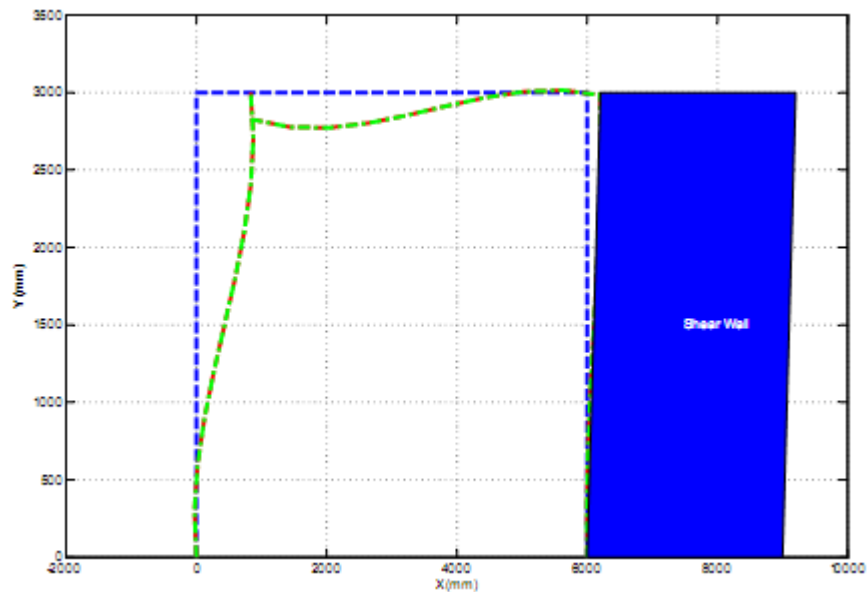


>> IN THE NAME OF GOD <<

Pushover 1st and 2nd order Analysis Interaction of Concrete Shear wall with Steel Frame Nonlinear Semi Rigid Conection Frame subjected to lateral load Small Deflection Theory (Force Control) in MATLAB



This program is written by Salar Delavar Ghashghaei – Date of Publication: March/26/2017
E-mail: salar.d.ghashghaei@gmail.com

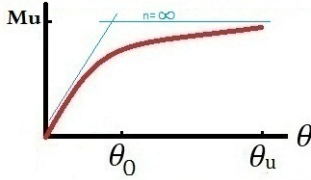


Figure(1) Deformed shape model in MATLAB

Semi-Rigid Connection Number 1

Elastic Perfect Plastic

Nonlinear Moment-Rotation Relation



$$M(\theta) = \frac{R_{ki}\theta}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{R_{ki}\theta}{M_u}\right)^n\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \quad \therefore R_{ki} = \frac{M_u}{\theta_0}$$

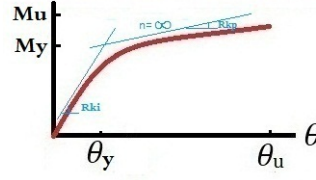
Nonlinear stiffness-Rotation Relation

$$K(\theta) = \frac{R_{ki}}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{R_{ki}\theta}{M_u}\right)^n\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}}$$

Semi-Rigid Connection Number 2

Elasto-plastic with hardening

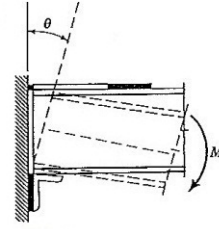
Nonlinear Moment-Rotation Relation



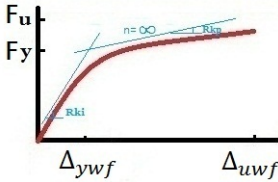
$$M(\theta) = \frac{(R_{ki} - R_{kp})\theta}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{R_{ki}\theta}{M_y}\right)^n\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}} + R_{kp}\theta \quad \therefore R_{ki} = \frac{M_y}{\theta_y} \quad \therefore R_{kp} = \frac{M_u - M_y}{\theta_u - \theta_y}$$

Nonlinear stiffness-Rotation Relation

$$K(\theta) = \frac{(R_{ki} - R_{kp})}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{R_{ki}\theta}{M_y}\right)^n\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}} + R_{kp}$$



Flexural Behavior of spring - shear wall

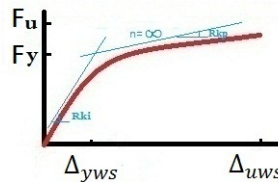


$$F(\theta) = \frac{(R_{ki} - R_{kp})\Delta}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{R_{ki}\Delta}{F_y}\right)^n\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}} + R_{kp}\Delta$$

Nonlinear stiffness-Displacement

$$K^f(\theta) = \frac{(R_{ki} - R_{kp})}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{R_{ki}\Delta}{F_y}\right)^n\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}} + R_{kp}$$

Shear Behavior of spring - shear wall



$$F(\theta) = \frac{(R_{ki} - R_{kp})\Delta}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{R_{ki}\Delta}{F_y}\right)^n\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}} + R_{kp}\Delta$$

Nonlinear stiffness-Displacement

$$K^s(\theta) = \frac{(R_{ki} - R_{kp})}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{R_{ki}\Delta}{F_y}\right)^n\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}} + R_{kp}$$

Global stiffness matrices of shear wall

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} K^s & -K^s(h_w - h_c) \\ -K^s(h_w - h_c) & K^s(h_w - h_c)^2 + K^f \frac{L_w^2}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \leftarrow \Delta \\ \leftarrow \theta \end{matrix}$$

Figure(2) Nonlinear behavior of columns connection and concrete shear wall

Define Parameters:

```
% Define Parameters in mm,kN
W=.005; % [kN/mm] % Distributed load Value (+ : Down)
h= 3000; % [mm] % column length
L = 6000; % [mm] % beam length
bw = 3000; % [mm] width of shear wall
Lw = 3000; % [mm] Length of shear wall
Ew = 200; % [kN/mm^2] modulus of elasticity of shear wall
EIc = 200*100^4/12; % [kN.mm^2] column
EAc = 200*10000; % [kN]
Eib = 200*50^4/12; % [kN.mm^2] beam
EAb = 200*(50)^2; % [kN]
m = 2000; % number of calculation (Load Steps)
itermax = 400; % maximum number of iterations
tolerance = 1e-9; % specified tolerance for convergence
u = zeros(9,1); % initial guess value
P3 =0; % [kN.mm] Moment [DOF (3)]
P6 =0; % [kN.mm] Moment [DOF (6)]
P7=50; % [kN] Horizontal Force [DOF (7)] Incremental Loading
P8=-.5*W*L; % [kN] Vertical Force [DOF (8)]
```

```

P9 = -(W*L^2)/12; % [kN.mm] Moment [DOF (9)]
P10=0; % [kN] Horizontal Force [DOF (10)]
P11=-.5*W*L; % [kN] Vertical Force [DOF (11)]
P12=+(W*L^2)/12; % [kN.mm] Moment [DOF (12)]
lanXc=0;lanYc=1;
lanXb=1;lanYb=0;
%% Nonlinear Rotational Spring of columns
tyc=.08; % Yield rotaion
Myc=40e+3; % Yield moment
tuc=.25; % Ultimate rotation
Muc=1.25*Myc; % Ultimate moment
nc = 5; % Moment-rotation shape parameter
Rkic=Myc/tyc;
Rkpc=(Muc-Myc)/(tuc-tyc);
%% Nonlinear Displacement Spring of Shear Wall - Flexural Behavior
hw=h;Iw= bw*(Lw^3)/12;As=(2*Iw)/Lw^2;aw=(2*Iw)/(bw*Lw^3);
dywf=15; % Yield displacement
Fywf=20e+3; % Yield Shear Force
duwf=30; % Ultimate displacement
Fuwf=25e+3; % Ultimate Shear Force
nwf = 5; % Shear Force-displacement shape parameter
Rkiwf=Fywf/dywf;
Rkpwf=(Fuwf-Fywf)/(duwf-dywf);
%% Nonlinear Displacement Spring of Shear Wall - Shear Behavior
hc = hw/3; % [mm]
dyws=5; % Yield displacement
Fyws=20e+3; % Yield Shear Force
duws=50; % Ultimate displacement
Fuws=30e+3; % Ultimate Shear Force
nws = 5; % Shear Force-displacement shape parameter
Rkiws=Fyws/dyws;
Rkpws=(Fuws-Fyws)/(duws-dyws);

```

Analysis Report:

```

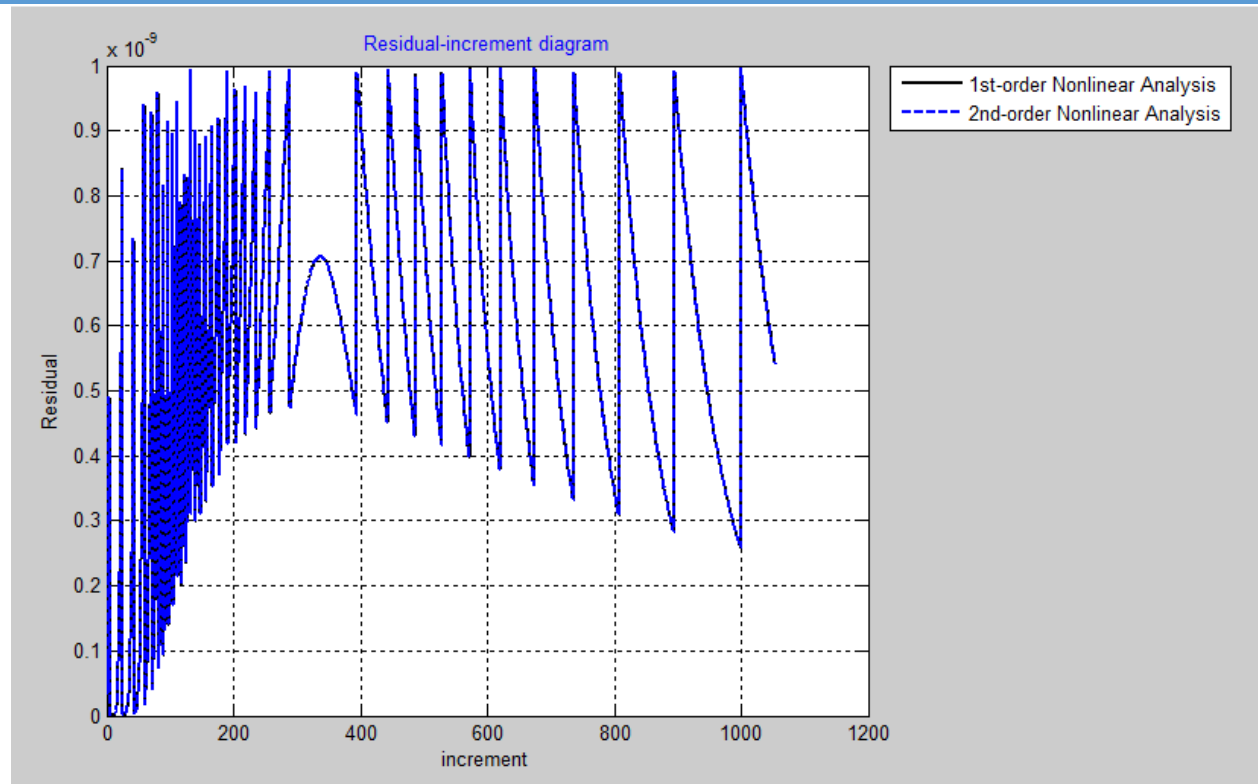
#####
# First-order Nonlinear Analysis #
#####
(+)It is converged in 2 iterations for increment 1
(+)It is converged in 2 iterations for increment 2
(+)It is converged in 2 iterations for increment 3
(+)It is converged in 2 iterations for increment 4
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 5
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 6
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 7
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 8
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 9
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 10
.
.
.
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1045
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1046
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1047
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1048
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1049
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1050
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1051
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1052
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1053
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1054
## spring at support reached to Ultimate Rotation ##

```

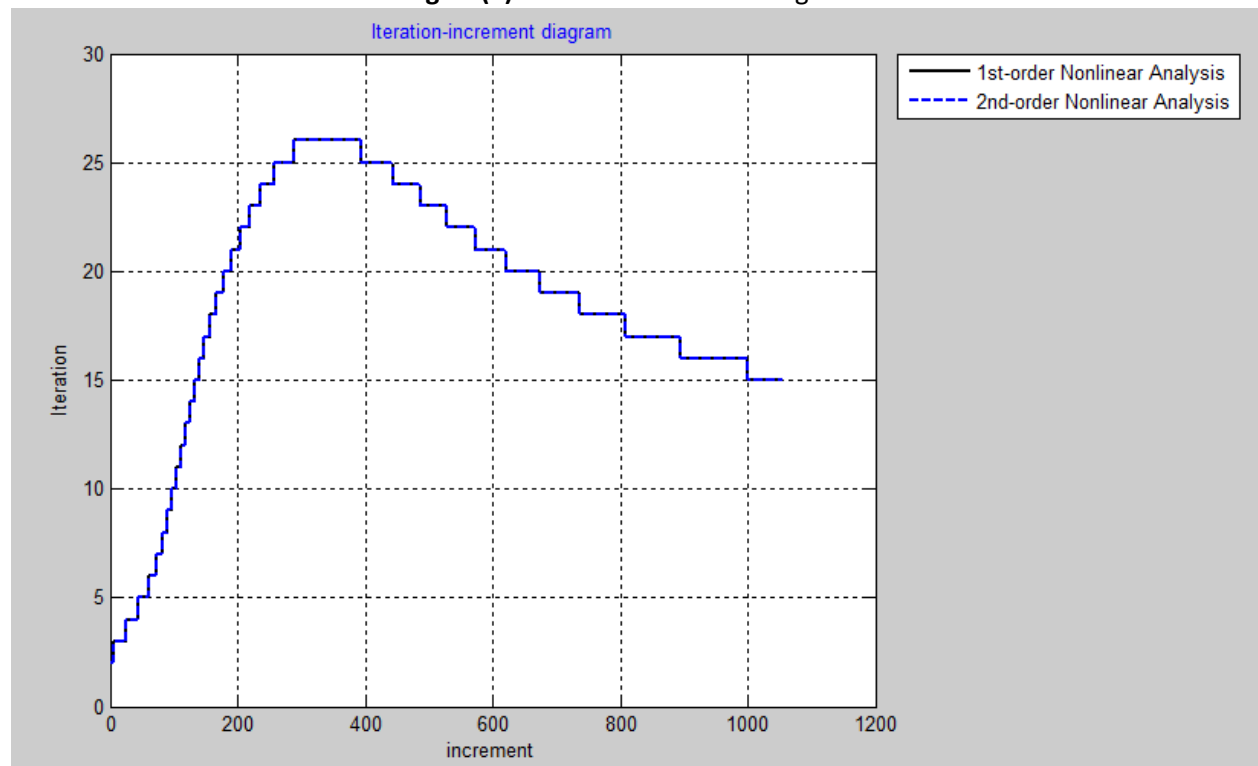
```
#####
# Second-order Nonlinear Analysis #
#####
(+)It is converged in 2 iterations for increment 1
(+)It is converged in 2 iterations for increment 2
(+)It is converged in 2 iterations for increment 3
(+)It is converged in 2 iterations for increment 4
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 5
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 6
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 7
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 8
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 9
(+)It is converged in 3 iterations for increment 10
.
.
.
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1045
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1046
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1047
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1048
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1049
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1050
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1051
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1052
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1053
(+)It is converged in 15 iterations for increment 1054
## spring at support reached to Ultimate Rotation ##
===== Result =====
=== 1st-order Nonlinear ===+=== 2nd-order Nonlinear =====
Disp.(D7) Base Shear(D1+D4) Disp.(D7) Base Shear(D1+D4)
=====
(mm) (kN) (mm) (kN)
-----
1.0e+004 *
0 0 0 0
0.0483 3.3045 0.0483 3.3046
0.0834 5.2700 0.0834 5.2700
=====

+-----+
Semi-Rigid Column Connection Ductility Rito is: 3.235
1st-order Nonlinear Ductility Rito is (Du/Dy): 1.727
2nd-order Nonlinear Ductility Rito is (Du/Dy): 1.727
1st-order Nonlinear Over Strength Ratio is (Fu/Fy): 1.595
2nd-order Nonlinear Over Strength Ratio is (Fu/Fy): 1.595
1st-order Nonlinear Initial Strucural stiffness is (Ke): 68.418 [kN/mm]
1st-order Nonlinear Tangent Strucural stiffness is (Kt): 55.986 [kN/mm]
2nd-order Nonlinear Initial Strucural stiffness is (Ke): 68.412 [kN/mm]
2nd-order Nonlinear Tangent Strucural stiffness is (Kt): 55.980 [kN/mm]
+-----+
```

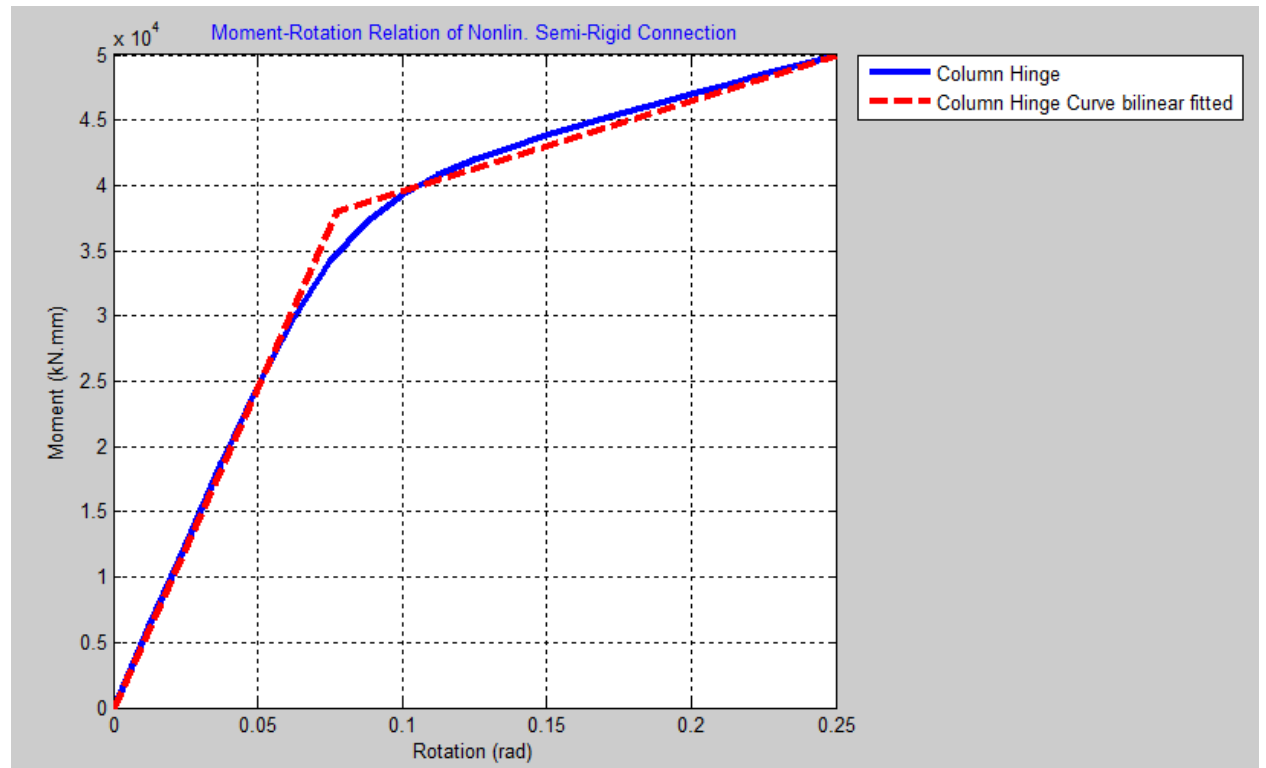
Plot:



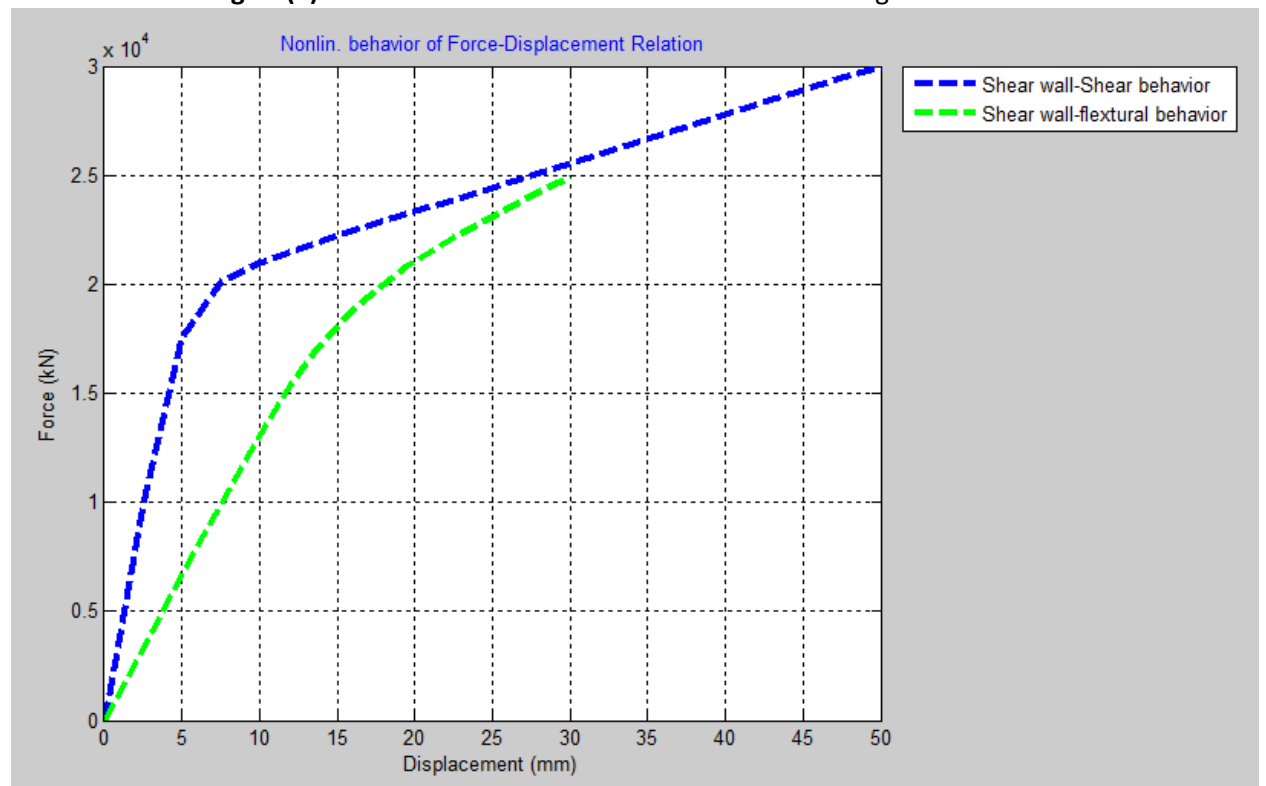
Figure(3) Residual-increment diagram



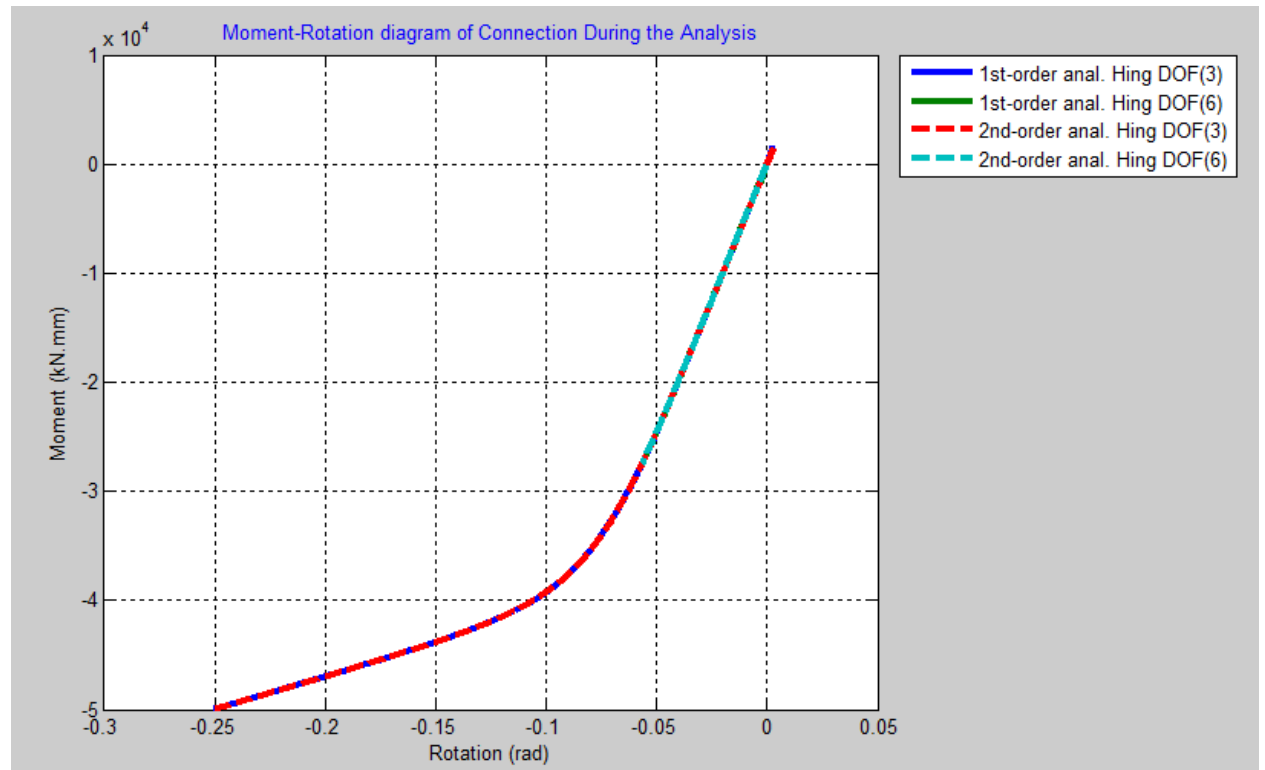
Figure(4) Iteration-increment diagram



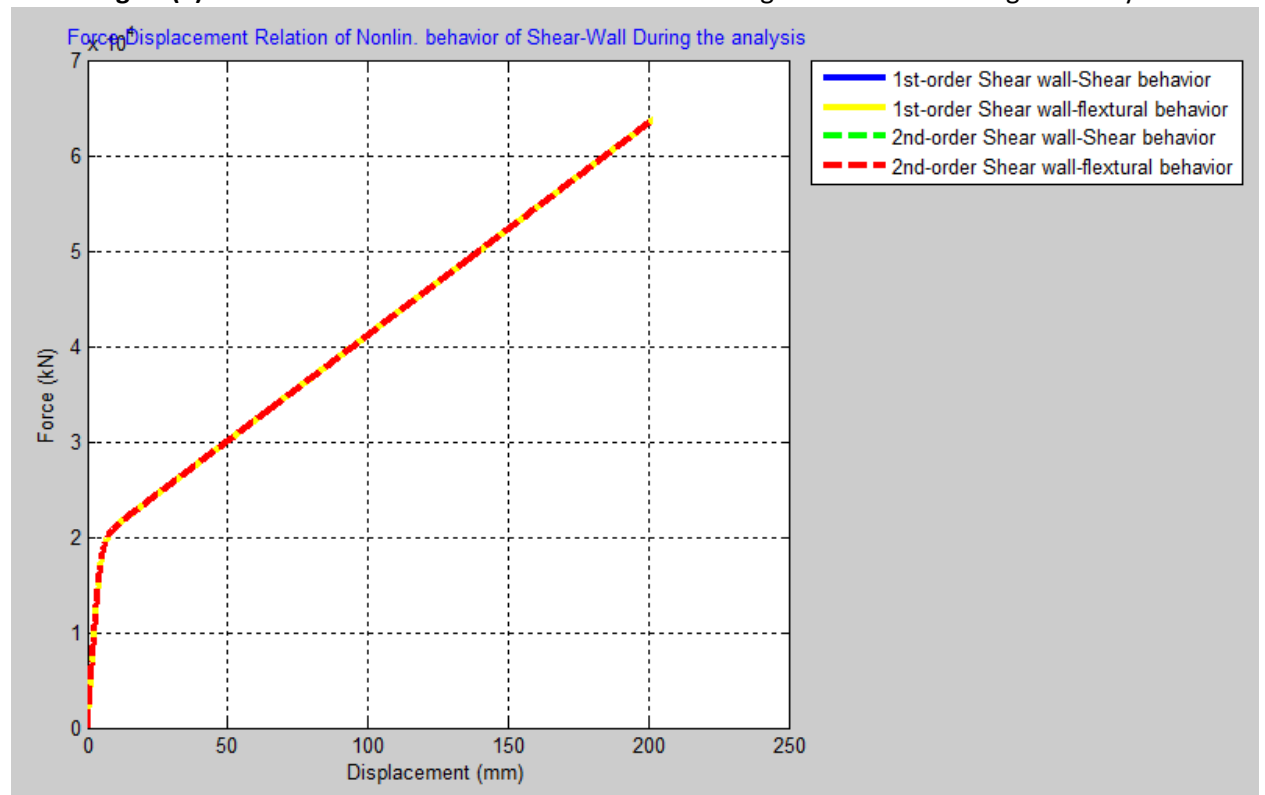
Figure(5) Moment-rotation relation of nonlinear semi-rigid connection



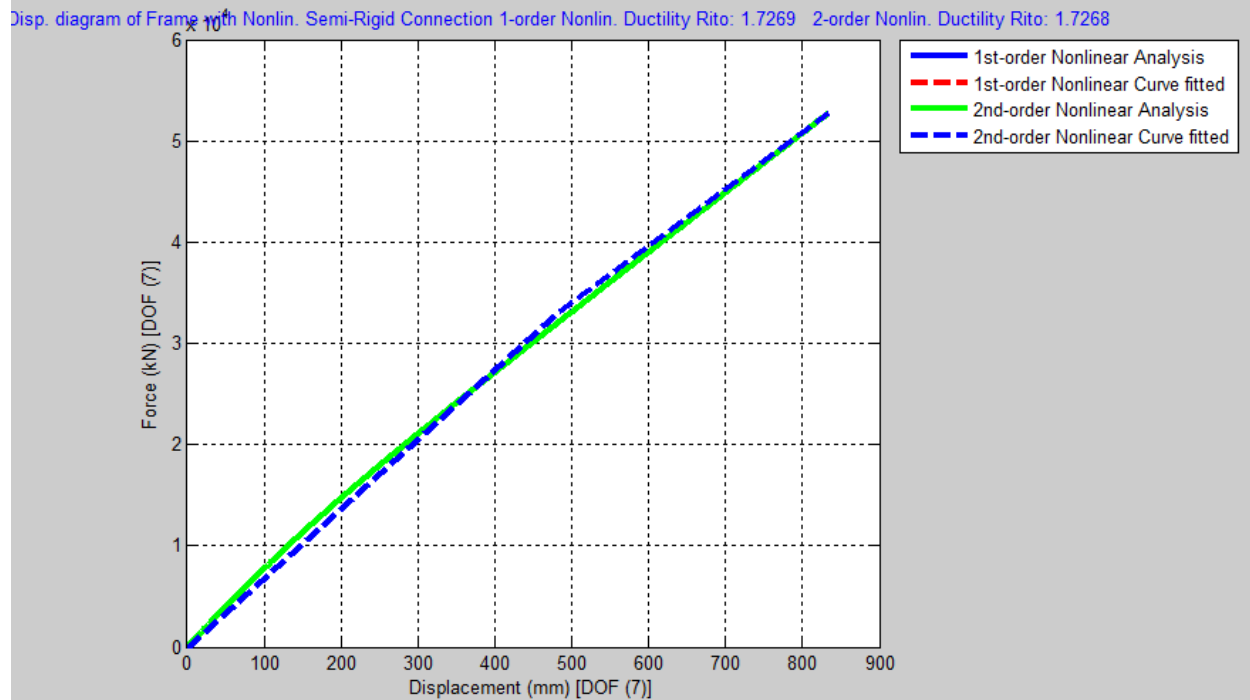
Figure(6) Force-displacement diagram of shear wall, shear and flextural behavior



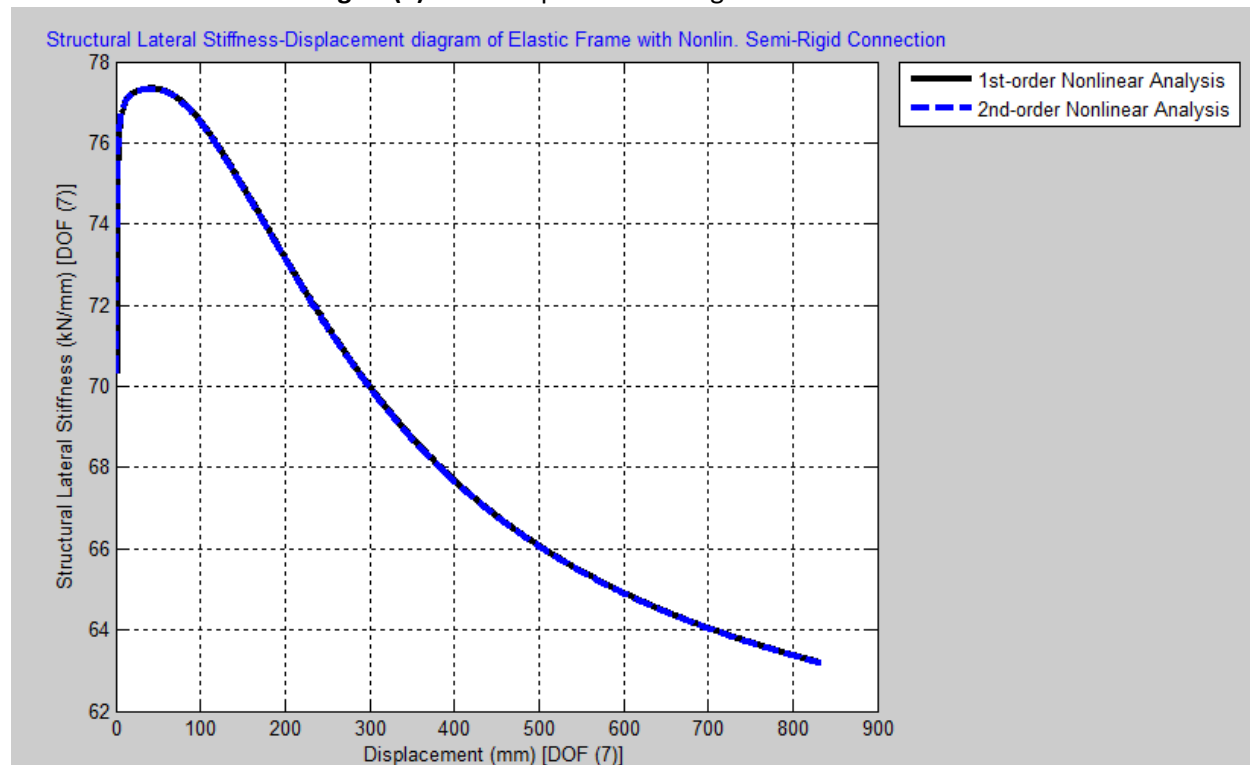
Figure(7) Moment-rotation relation of nonlinear semi-rigid connection during the analysis



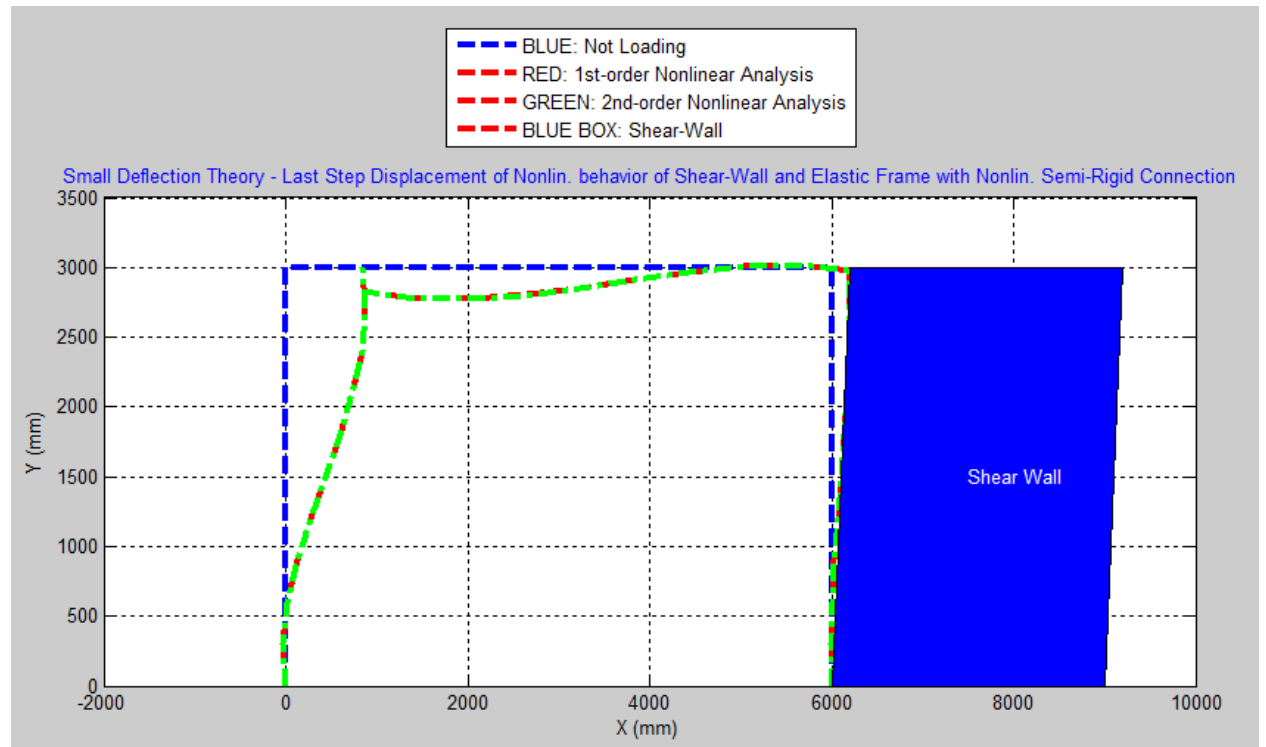
Figure(8) Force-displacement diagram of shear wall, shear and flextural behavior during the analysis



Figure(9) Force-displacement diagram of steel frame



Figure(10) Structural lateral stiffness-displacement diagram of steel frame



Figure(11) Last step deformation of steel frame and concrete shear wall