# Exp:8

Aim: Create a Jenkins CICD Pipeline with SonarQube / GitLab Integration to perform a static analysis of the code to detect bugs, code smells, and security vulnerabilities on a sample Web / Java / Python application.

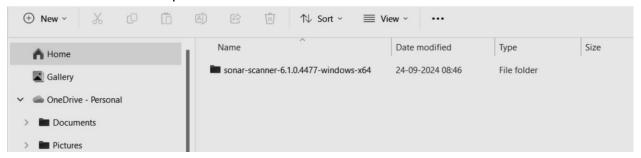
#### Step 1: Download sonar scanner

https://docs.sonarsource.com/sonarqube/latest/analyzing-source-code/scanners/sonarscanner/



Visit this link and download the sonarqube scanner CLI.

Extract the downloaded zip file in a folder.



## 1. Install sonarqube image

Command: docker pull sonarqube

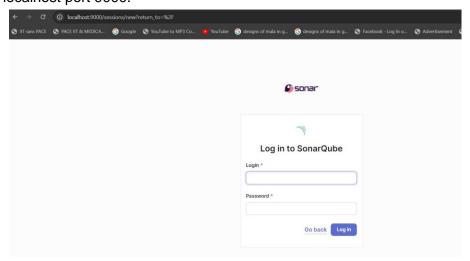
```
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\sem5\advdevops8>docker pull sonarqube
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/sonarqube
Digest: sha256:72e9feec71242af83faf65f95a40d5e3bb2822a6c3b2cda8568790f3d31aecde
Status: Image is up to date for sonarqube:latest
docker.io/library/sonarqube:latest

What's next:
    View a summary of image vulnerabilities and recommendations \(\rightarrow\) docker scout quickview sonarqube

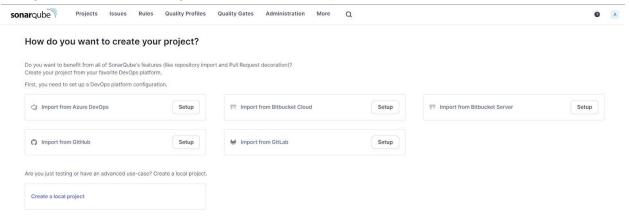
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\sem5\advdevops8>|

C:\Users\HP\Desktop\sem5\advdevops8>docker run -d --name sonarqube -e SONAR_ES_BOOTSTRAP_CHECKS_DISABLE=true -p 9000:900
0 sonarqube:latest
a57154161e14bed00ec141b755fa197a52321bf5c0688b825ff4dfbeaf712099
```

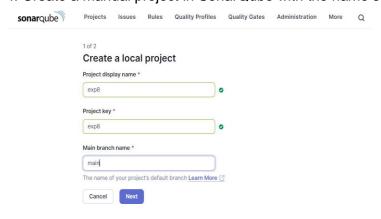
2. Once the container is up and running, you can check the status of SonarQube at localhost port 9000.

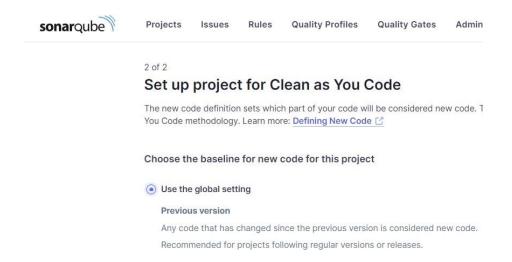


3. Login to SonarQube using username admin and password admin.

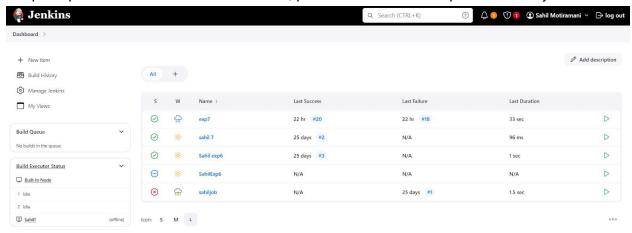


4. Create a manual project in SonarQube with the name sonarqube

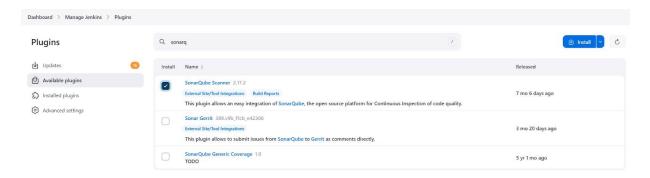




5. Open up Jenkins Dashboard on localhost, port 8090 or whichever port it is at for you.



6. Go to Manage Jenkins and search for SonarQube Scanner for Jenkins and install it.

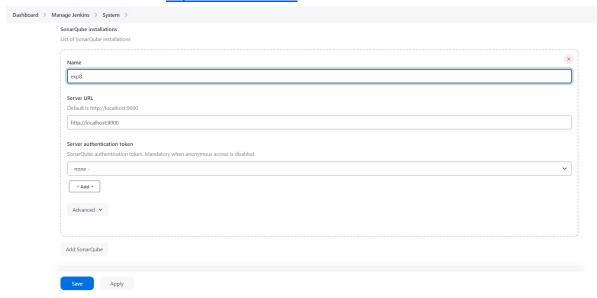


7. Under Jenkins 'Manage Jenkins' then go to 'system', scroll and look for SonarQube Servers and enter the details.

Enter the Server Authentication token if needed.

In SonarQube installations: Under Name add <project name of sonarqube> for me adv\_devops\_7\_sonarqube

In Server URL Default is <a href="http://localhost:9000">http://localhost:9000</a>

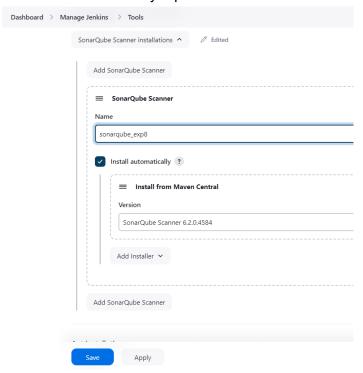


8. Search for SonarQube Scanner under Global Tool Configuration. Choose the latest configuration and choose Install automatically.

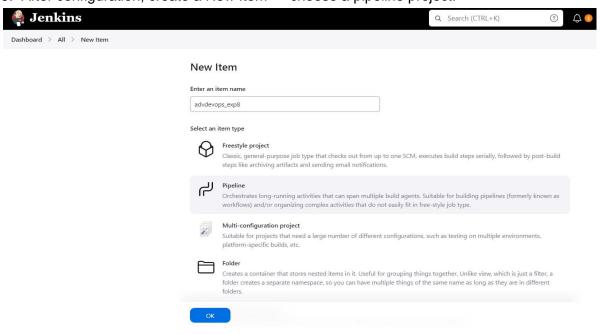
Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Tools

Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Tools	
	Add Git ✓
	Gradle installations
	Add Gradle
	SonarScanner for MSBuild installations
	Add SonarScanner for MSBuild
	SonarQube Scanner installations
	SonarQube Scanner installations ▼
	Ant installations
	Add Ant
	Save Apply

Check the "Install automatically" option.  $\rightarrow$  Under name any name as identifier  $\rightarrow$  Check the "Install automatically" option.



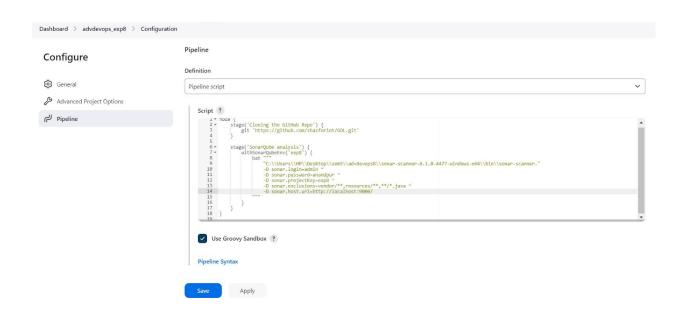
9. After configuration, create a New Item → choose a pipeline project.

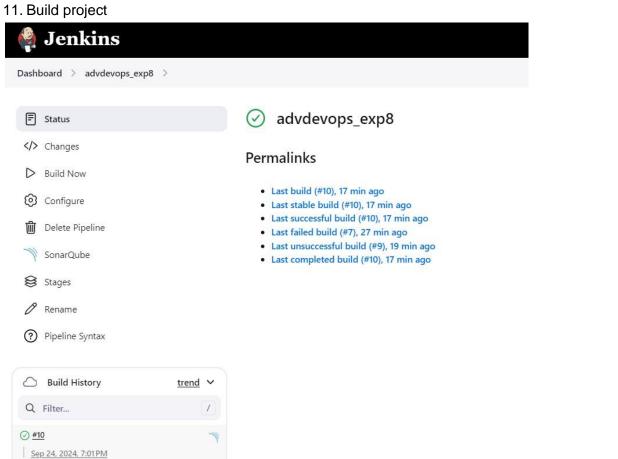


10. Under Pipeline script, enter the following:

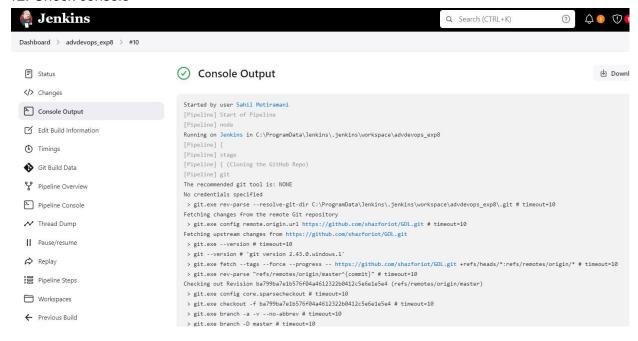
```
node {
  stage('Cloning the GitHub Repo') {
    git 'https://github.com/shazforiot/GOL.git'
  }
  stage('SonarQube analysis') {
    withSonarQubeEnv('<Name_of_SonarQube_environment_on_Jenkins>') {
      sh """
         <PATH TO SONARQUBE SCANNER FOLDER>/bin/sonar-scanner \
         -D sonar.login=<SonarQube_USERNAME> \
         -D sonar.password=<SonarQube_PASSWORD> \
         -D sonar.projectKey=<Project_KEY>\
         -D sonar.exclusions=vendor/**,resources/**,**/*.java \
         -D sonar.host.url=<SonarQube_URL>(default: http://localhost:9000/)
    }
  }
}
```

It is a java sample project which has a lot of repetitions and issues that will be detected by SonarQube.

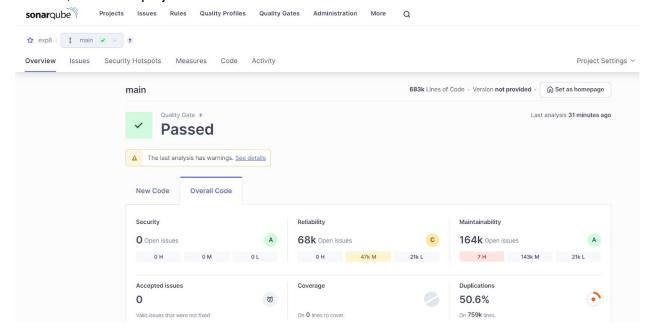




## 12. Check console

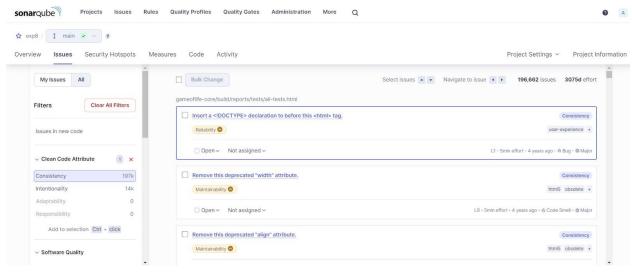


## 13. Now, check the project in SonarQube

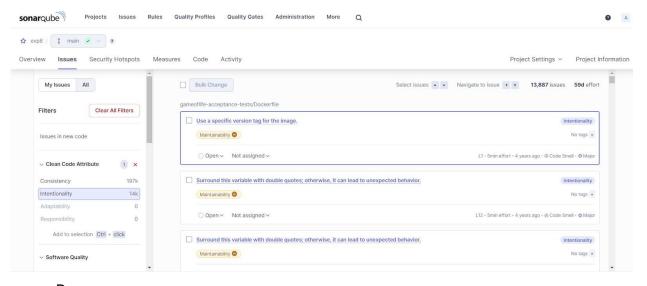


# 14. Code Problems

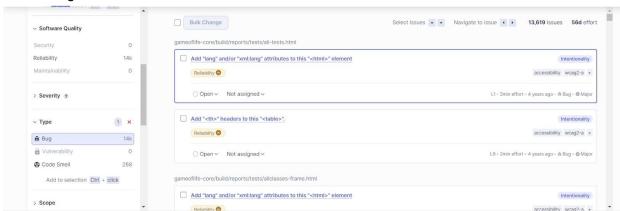
Consistency



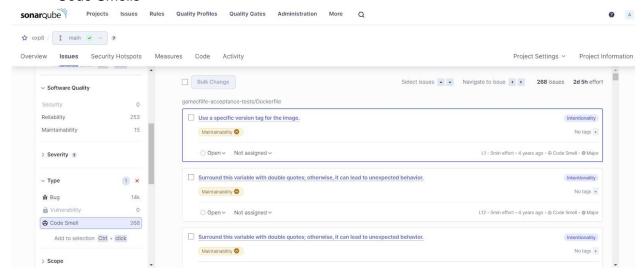
## Intentionality



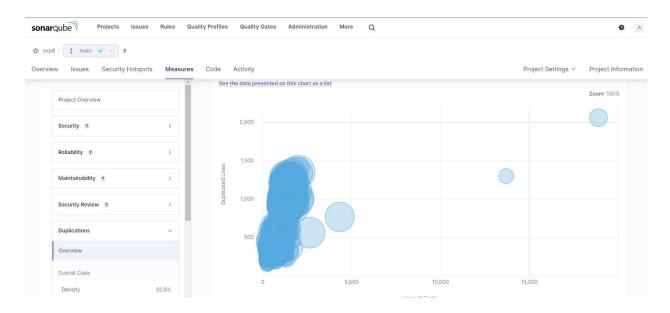
#### Bugs



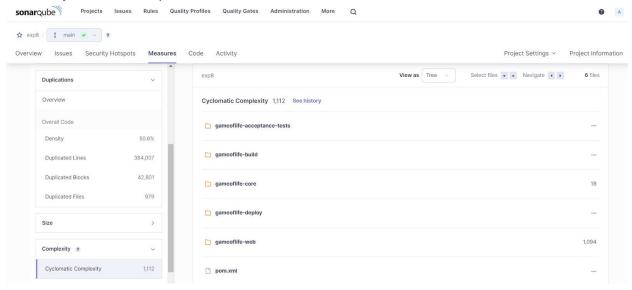
## Code Smells



# Duplications



Cyclomatic Complexities



In this way, we have integrated Jenkins with SonarQube for SAST.

#### Conclusion:

In this experiment, we integrated Jenkins with SonarQube to enable automated code quality checks within our CI/CD pipeline. We started by deploying SonarQube using Docker, setting up a project, and configuring it to analyze code quality. Next, we configured Jenkins by installing the SonarQube Scanner plugin, adding SonarQube server details, and setting up the scanner tool. We then developed a Jenkins pipeline to automate the process of cloning a GitHub repository and running SonarQube analysis on the code. This integration helps ensure continuous monitoring of code quality, detecting issues such as bugs, code smells, and security vulnerabilities throughout the development process.