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EE5609: Matrix Theory Assignment-4

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1 Problem

Trace the parabola and find its focus.

$$144y^2 - 120xy + 25x^2 + 619x - 272y + 663 = 0$$
(1.0.1)

2 Solution

The general second degree equation can be expressed as follows,

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{2.0.1}$$

where,

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 144 & -60 \\ -60 & 25 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{619}{2} \\ -136 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$f = 663 (2.0.4)$$

1) Expanding the determinant of V we observe,

$$\begin{vmatrix} 144 & -60 \\ -60 & 25 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \tag{2.0.5}$$

Also

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{V} & \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u}^T & f \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 144 & -60 & \frac{619}{2} \\ -60 & 25 & -136 \\ \frac{619}{2} & -136 & 663 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (2.0.6)

Hence from (2.0.5) and (2.0.7) we conclude that given equation is an parabola. The characteristic equation of V is given as follows,

$$\begin{vmatrix} \lambda \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{V} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} \lambda - 144 & 60 \\ 60 & \lambda - 25 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$\implies \lambda^2 - 169\lambda = 0 \quad (2.0.9)$$

Hence the characteristic equation of V is given by (2.0.9). The roots of (2.0.9) i.e the eigenvalues are given by

$$\lambda_1 = 0, \lambda_2 = 169 \tag{2.0.10}$$

2) For $\lambda_1 = 0$, the eigen vector **p** is given by

$$\mathbf{Vp} = 0 \tag{2.0.11}$$

Row reducing V yields

$$\implies \begin{pmatrix} -144 & 60 \\ 60 & -25 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_2=R_2+5R_1]{} \begin{pmatrix} -12 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.12)

$$\implies \mathbf{p}_1 = \frac{1}{13} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.13)

Similarly,

$$\mathbf{p}_2 = \frac{1}{13} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.14}$$

Thus, the eigenvector rotation matrix and the eigenvalue matrix are

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{p_1} & \mathbf{p_2} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{13} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 12 \\ 12 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.15)

$$\mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 169 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.16}$$

The focal length of the parabola is given by

$$\frac{\left|2\mathbf{u}^{T}\mathbf{p}_{1}\right|}{\lambda_{2}} = \frac{13}{169} = \frac{1}{13} \tag{2.0.17}$$

and its equation is

$$\mathbf{y}^{\mathbf{T}}\mathbf{D}\mathbf{y} = -\eta \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{y} \tag{2.0.18}$$

where

$$\eta = 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{p_1} = -13 \tag{2.0.19}$$

and the vertex c is given by

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{u}^{\mathrm{T}} + \frac{\eta}{2} \mathbf{p}_{1}^{\mathrm{T}} \\ \mathbf{V} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} -f \\ \frac{\eta}{2} \mathbf{p}_{1} - \mathbf{u} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.20)

using equations (2.0.3),(2.0.4) and (2.0.13)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 307 & -142 \\ 144 & -60 \\ -60 & 25 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} -663 \\ -312 \\ 130 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.21)

Forming the augmented matrix and row reducing it:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
307 & -142 & -663 \\
144 & -60 & -312 \\
-60 & 25 & 130
\end{pmatrix} (2.0.22)$$

$$R_2 \leftrightarrow \frac{R_2}{12}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
307 & -142 & -663 \\
12 & -5 & -26 \\
-60 & 25 & 130
\end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.23)

$$R_3 \leftrightarrow R_3 + 5R_2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
307 & -142 & -663 \\
12 & -5 & -26 \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.24)

$$R_1 \leftrightarrow \frac{R_1}{307}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & \frac{-142}{307} & \frac{-663}{307} \\
0 & \frac{169}{307} & \frac{-26}{307} \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix} (2.0.25)$$

$$R_2 \leftrightarrow R_2 - 12R_1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & \frac{-142}{307} & \frac{-663}{307} \\
0 & 1 & \frac{-26}{307} \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.26)

$$R_1 \leftrightarrow R_1 + (142/307)R_2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -29/13 \\ 0 & 1 & -2/13 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.27)

Thus the vertex \mathbf{c} is:

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} -29/13 \\ -2/13 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.28}$$

The direction vector of axis of symmetry is

given by:

$$m = Vc + u \qquad (2.0.29)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 144 & -60 \\ -60 & 25 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{29}{13} \\ -\frac{2}{13} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \frac{619}{2} \\ -\frac{272}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.30)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{5}{2} \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (2.0.31)$$

$$||m|| = \frac{13}{2} \qquad (2.0.32)$$

$$\implies \frac{m}{\|m\|} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{5}{13} \\ \frac{12}{13} \end{pmatrix} \qquad (2.0.33)$$

The focus is given by:

$$F = c - (\frac{m}{\|m\|} \times a)$$
 (2.0.34)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{29}{13} \\ -\frac{2}{13} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{5}{13} \\ -\frac{12}{13} \end{pmatrix} \times \frac{1}{52}$$
 (2.0.35)

$$= \left(-\frac{1503}{676}, -\frac{23}{169}\right) \tag{2.0.36}$$

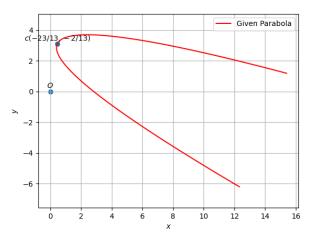


Fig. 2: Traced parabola