# Lab Assignment-10

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QUES 1: [1] Write a menu driven program to perform the following operations in a CIRCULAR QUEUE ADT (Using an Array) by using suitable user defined functions for each case.

- 1. Inserting an element into the queue [Define Isfull() function to check overflow]
- 2. Deleting an element from the queue [Define Isempty() function to check underflow]
- 3. Display the elements of queue.

#### SOLUTION:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define DEFNULL -1
#define MAXSIZE 100
typedef struct <u>Queue</u>
   int front;
    int rear;
    int data[MAXSIZE];
} Queue;
void enqueue(Queue *, int);
int dequeue(Queue *);
int isFull(Queue *);
int isEmpty(Queue *);
void show_queue(Queue *);
int main()
    Queue q1 = \{-1, -1\};
    int choice;
    {
        printf("1. Insertion\n2. Display\n3. Deletion\n4. Exit\n->: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        int val;
        printf("\n");
        switch (choice)
        {
            printf("Enter value to insert: ");
            scanf("%d", &val);
            enqueue(&q1, val);
            show_queue(&q1);
```

```
case 2:
           show_queue(&q1);
           break;
        case 3:
           printf("Deleted element: ");
           printf("%d\n", dequeue(&q1));
           show_queue(&q1);
           break;
           printf("Exiting...\n");
       printf("----\n");
    } while (choice >= 1 && choice <= 3);</pre>
    return 0;
}
void enqueue(Queue *que, int num)
{
    if (isFull(que))
    {
       printf("Overflow!\n");
       return;
    }
    else if (isEmpty(que))
       que->front = que->rear = 0;
       que->rear = (que->rear + 1) % MAXSIZE;
   que->data[que->rear] = num;
int dequeue(Queue *que)
{
    int retIndex = que->front;
   if (isEmpty(que))
    {
       printf("Underflow!\n");
       return DEFNULL;
   else if (que->front == que->rear)
       que->front = que->rear = -1;
       return que->data[retIndex];
    que->front = (que->front + 1) % MAXSIZE;
    return que->data[retIndex];
int isFull(Queue *que)
    if ((que->rear + 1) % MAXSIZE == que->front)
```

```
return 1;
return 0;
}

int isEmpty(Queue *que)
{
    if (que->front == -1)
        return 1;
    return 0;
}

void show_queue(Queue *que)
{
    Queue tempQue = {-1, -1};
    while (!isEmpty(que))
    {
        enqueue(&tempQue, que->data[que->front]);
        printf("%d->", dequeue(que));
    }
    while (!isEmpty(&tempQue))
    {
        enqueue(que, dequeue(&tempQue));
    }
    printf("\b\b \n");
}
```

```
1. Insertion
Display
3. Deletion
4. Exit
->: 1
Enter value to insert: 10
10 >
1. Insertion
Display
Deletion
4. Exit
Enter value to insert: 20
10->20 >
1. Insertion
Display
Deletion
4. Exit
```

```
Enter value to insert: 30
10->20->30 >
1. Insertion
Display
3. Deletion
4. Exit
10->20->30 >

    Insertion

Display
3. Deletion
4. Exit
Deleted element: 10
20->30 >
1. Insertion
2. Display
3. Deletion
4. Exit
->: 2
20->30 >
1. Insertion
2. Display
3. Deletion
4. Exit
Exiting...
```

QUES 2: [2] Write a program to implement QUEUE ADT (FIFO) using STACK ADT (LIFO). SOLUTION:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>

typedef struct Stack
{
   int data;
   struct Stack *link;
```

```
} Stack;
void push(Stack **, int);
int pop(Stack **);
int isEmpty(Stack *);
void display(Stack *);
void enqueue(Stack **, int);
int dequeue(Stack **);
int main()
    typedef Stack Queue;
    Queue *queue = NULL;
    int choice;
    {
        int val;
        printf("1) Insert in Stack\n2) display\n3) Delete top\n4) Exit\n->: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice)
        {
       case 1:
            printf("Enter value: ");
            scanf("%d", &val);
            enqueue(&queue, val);
            printf("\ntop->");
           display(queue);
           break;
        case 2:
            printf("\ntop->");
            display(queue);
            break;
            printf("\nDeleted element: %d\n", dequeue(&queue));
            break;
            printf("\nExiting...\n");
        }
        printf("-----\n");
    } while (choice >= 1 && choice <= 3);</pre>
    return 0;
void push(Stack **Stack_top, int num)
{
    Stack *temp = (Stack *)malloc(sizeof(Stack));
    temp->data = num;
    temp->link = *Stack_top;
    *Stack_top = temp;
```

```
int pop(Stack **Stack_top)
    if (isEmpty(*Stack_top))
    {
        printf("\nUnderflow!");
        return -9999999;
    Stack *temp = (*Stack_top);
    *Stack_top = (*Stack_top)->link;
    int val = temp->data;
    free(temp);
    return val;
int isEmpty(Stack *Stack_top)
    if (!Stack_top)
        return 1;
    return 0;
void display(Stack *Stack_top)
    if (isEmpty(Stack_top))
    {
        printf("\b\b \n");
        return;
    int temp = pop(&Stack_top);
    printf("%d->", temp);
    display(Stack_top);
    push(&Stack_top, temp);
void enqueue(Stack **Stack_top, int num)
    if (isEmpty(*Stack_top))
        push(Stack_top, num);
        return;
    int temp = pop(Stack_top);
    enqueue(Stack_top, num);
    push(Stack_top, temp);
int dequeue(Stack **Stack_top)
    return pop(Stack_top);
```

```
int dequeue(Stack **Stack_top)
{
    return pop(Stack_top);
}
1) Insert in Stack
2) display
Delete top
4) Exit
Enter value: 10
top->10 >
1) Insert in Stack
2) display
3) Delete top
4) Exit
Enter value: 20
top->10->20 >
1) Insert in Stack
display
3) Delete top
4) Exit
Enter value: 30
top->10->20->30 >
1) Insert in Stack
2) display
Delete top
4) Exit
top->10->20->30 >
1) Insert in Stack
2) display
3) Delete top
4) Exit
Deleted element: 10
```

QUES 3: [3] Write a program to implement STACK ADT (LIFO) using QUEUE ADT (FIFO). SOLUTION:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define DEFNULL -1
typedef struct Node
    int data;
    struct Node *link;
} Node;
typedef struct Queue
    Node *front;
    Node *rear;
} Queue;
void enqueue(Queue *, int);
int dequeue(Queue *);
int peek(Queue *);
int isEmpty(Queue *);
void display(Queue *);
void push(Queue *, int);
int pop(Queue *);
int main()
{
    typedef Queue Stack;
   Stack stack = {NULL, NULL};
```

```
int choice, val;
    {
        printf("1) Insert\n2) Delete\n3) Display\n4) Exit\n->: ");
       scanf("%d", &choice);
       printf("\n");
        switch (choice)
           printf("Enter value to insert: ");
           scanf("%d", &val);
           push(&stack, val);
           display(&stack);
           break;
       case 2:
            printf("Deleted element: ");
           printf("%d\n", pop(&stack));
           display(&stack);
           break;
       case 3:
           display(&stack);
           break;
           printf("Exiting...\n");
       }
       printf("----\n");
    } while (choice >= 1 && choice <= 3);</pre>
    return 0;
void enqueue(Queue *que, int num)
{
   Node *temp = (Node *)malloc(sizeof(Node));
   temp->data = num;
   temp->link = NULL;
    if (isEmpty(que))
    {
       que->front = que->rear = temp;
       return;
    que->rear->link = temp;
    que->rear = que->rear->link;
int dequeue(Queue *que)
   if (isEmpty(que))
       return DEFNULL;
   Node *temp = que->front;
   que->front = que->front->link;
```

```
if (que->front == NULL)
        que->rear = NULL;
    int n = temp->data;
    free(temp);
    return n;
int peek(Queue *que)
{
    if (isEmpty(que))
       return DEFNULL;
    return que->front->data;
int isEmpty(Queue *que)
    if (que->front == NULL)
       return 1;
    return 0;
void display(Queue *que)
    Queue temp = {NULL, NULL};
   while (!isEmpty(que))
        printf("%d->", peek(que));
        enqueue(&temp, dequeue(que));
    printf("\b\b \n");
    que->front = temp.front;
    que->rear = temp.rear;
void push(Queue *que, int num)
    Queue temp = {NULL, NULL};
   while (!isEmpty(que))
        enqueue(&temp, dequeue(que));
    enqueue(que, num);
    while (!isEmpty(&temp))
        enqueue(que, dequeue(&temp));
int pop(Queue *que)
    return dequeue(que);
```

```
1) Insert
2) Delete
Display
4) Exit
Enter value to insert: 10
10 >
1) Insert
2) Delete
3) Display
4) Exit->: 1
Enter value to insert: 20
20->10 >
1) Insert
2) Delete
Display
4) Exit
Enter value to insert: 30
30->20->10 >
1) Insert
2) Delete
3) Display
4) Exit
30->20->10 >
1) Insert
2) Delete
Display
4) Exit
Deleted element: 30
20->10 >
1) Insert
2) Delete
Display
4) Exit
20->10 >
```

```
1) Insert
2) Delete
3) Display
4) Exit
->: 4

Exiting...
```

QUES 4: [4] Write a program to implement a priority queue using an array.SOLUTION:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define DEFNULL -1
#define MAXSIZE 10
static int maxpriority = -1;
typedef struct Queue
    int front[MAXSIZE];
    int rear[MAXSIZE];
    int data[MAXSIZE][MAXSIZE];
} Queue;
Queue *create();
void enqueue(Queue **, int, int);
int dequeue(Queue **);
int peek(Queue *);
int isFull(Queue *, int);
int isEmpty(Queue *, int);
void show_queue(Queue *);
int main()
    Queue *q1 = create();
    int choice;
    {
        printf("1) Insertion\n2) Display\n3) Deletion\n4) Exit\n->: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        int val;
        printf("\n");
        switch (choice)
        case 1:
            printf("Enter value to insert: ");
            scanf("%d", &val);
```

```
printf("Enter priority: ");
            int pri;
            scanf("%d", &pri);
            enqueue(&q1, val, pri);
            show_queue(q1);
           break;
            show_queue(q1);
           break;
        case 3:
           printf("Deleted element: ");
            printf("%d\n", dequeue(&q1));
            show_queue(q1);
           break;
            printf("Exiting...\n");
        printf("-----\n");
    } while (choice >= 1 && choice <= 3);</pre>
    return 0;
}
Queue *create()
   Queue *queue = (Queue *)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
   for (int i = 0; i < MAXSIZE; i++)</pre>
        queue->front[i] = queue->rear[i] = -1;
    return queue;
void enqueue(Queue **que, int num, int priority)
   if (priority > MAXSIZE || priority < 0)</pre>
        printf("Invalid Priority\n");
       return;
   if (isFull(*que, priority))
        printf("Overflow!\n");
       return;
   else if (isEmpty(*que, priority))
        (*que)->front[priority] = (*que)->rear[priority] = 0;
        (*que)->rear[priority] =
            ((*que)->rear[priority] + 1) % MAXSIZE;
    if (priority > maxpriority)
```

```
maxpriority = priority;
    (*que)->data[priority][(*que)->rear[priority]] = num;
int dequeue(Queue **que)
    for (int i = maxpriority; i >= 0; i--)
        int retIndex = (*que)->front[i];
        if (!isEmpty(*que, i) && (*que)->front[i] ==
                                              (*que)->rear[i])
        {
            (*que)->front[i] = (*que)->rear[i] = -1;
            return (*que)->data[i][retIndex];
        else if (!isEmpty(*que, i))
            (*que)->front[i] =
                ((*que)->front[i] + 1) % MAXSIZE;
            return (*que)->data[i][retIndex];
        }
    return DEFNULL;
}
int peek(Queue *que)
    for (int i = maxpriority; i >= 0; i++)
    {
        if (!isEmpty(que, i))
            return que->data[i][que->front[i]];
    return DEFNULL;
int isFull(Queue *que, int priority)
    if ((que->rear[priority] + 1) % MAXSIZE ==
        que->front[priority])
        return 1;
    return 0;
int isEmpty(Queue *que, int priority)
    if (que->front[priority] == -1)
        return 1;
    return 0;
```

```
void show_queue(Queue *que)
{
    for (int i = maxpriority; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        int start = que->front[i];
        while (start != que->rear[i])
        {
            printf("%d->", que->data[i][start]);
            start = (start + 1) % MAXSIZE;
        }
        if (!isEmpty(que, i))
            printf("%d->", que->data[i][start]);
    }
    printf("\b\b \n");
}
```

```
1) Insertion
Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
->: 1
Enter value to insert: 10
Enter priority: 2
10 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
->: 1
Enter value to insert: 20
Enter priority: 3
20->10 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
Enter value to insert: 5
Enter priority: 1
20->10->5 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
```

```
3) Deletion
4) Exit
Enter value to insert: 89
Enter priority: 8
89->20->10->5 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
Deletion
4) Exit
89->20->10->5 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
Deleted element: 89
20->10->5 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
20->10->5 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
Exiting...
```

QUES 5: [5] Write a program to implement a priority queue using linked list.

## **SOLUTION:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define DEFNULL -1
```

```
typedef struct Node
    int data;
    int priority;
    struct Node *link;
} Node;
typedef struct Queue
    Node *front;
    Node *rear;
} Queue;
void enqueue(Queue *, int, int);
int dequeue(Queue *);
int peek(Queue *);
int isEmpty(Queue *);
void show_queue(Queue *);
int main()
{
    Queue que = {NULL, NULL};
    int choice;
    {
        printf("1) Insertion\n2) Display\n3) Deletion\n4) Exit\n->: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        int val;
        printf("\n");
        switch (choice)
        {
        case 1:
            printf("Enter value to insert: ");
            scanf("%d", &val);
            printf("Enter priority: ");
            int pri;
            scanf("%d", &pri);
            enqueue(&que, val, pri);
            show_queue(&que);
            break;
        case 2:
            show_queue(&que);
            break;
            printf("Deleted element: ");
            printf("%d\n", dequeue(&que));
            show_queue(&que);
            break;
```

```
printf("Exiting...\n");
       printf("-----\n");
    } while (choice >= 1 && choice <= 3);</pre>
    return 0;
void enqueue(Queue *que, int num, int priority)
{
   Node *temp = (Node *)malloc(sizeof(Node));
   temp->data = num;
   temp->priority = priority;
   temp->link = NULL;
   if (isEmpty(que))
   {
       que->front = que->rear = temp;
       return;
    }
   Node *tempPrev = NULL;
   Node *tempFront = que->front;
   while (tempFront && priority <= tempFront->priority)
    {
       tempPrev = tempFront;
       tempFront = tempFront->link;
   if (!tempPrev)
       temp->link = que->front;
       que->front = temp;
       return;
    temp->link = tempFront;
    tempPrev->link = temp;
int dequeue(Queue *que)
   if (isEmpty(que))
       return DEFNULL;
   Node *temp = que->front;
   que->front = que->front->link;
   if (que->front == NULL)
       que->rear = NULL;
    int n = temp->data;
    free(temp);
    return n;
int peek(Queue *que)
```

```
if (isEmpty(que))
        return DEFNULL;
    return que->front->data;
int isEmpty(Queue *que)
    if (que->front == NULL)
       return 1;
    return 0;
void show_queue(Queue *que)
{
    Queue temp = {NULL, NULL};
    while (!isEmpty(que))
        printf("%d->", peek(que));
        int pri = que->front->priority;
        enqueue(&temp, dequeue(que), pri);
    printf("\b\b \n");
    que->front = temp.front;
    que->rear = temp.rear;
```

```
1) Insertion
2) Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
->: 1
Enter value to insert: 10
Enter priority: 4
10 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
Enter value to insert: 20
Enter priority: 3
10->20 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
```

```
Enter value to insert: 50
Enter priority: 1
10->20->50 >
1) Insertion
Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
Enter value to insert: 100
Enter priority: 8
100->10->20->50 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
100->10->20->50 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
3) Deletion
4) Exit
Deleted element: 100
10->20->50 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
Deletion
4) Exit
10->20->50 >
1) Insertion
2) Display
Deletion
4) Exit
Exiting...
```