

DigitRecognition-dataload

January 26, 2020

1 Digit Recognition - Load new testdata!

Sample code given below to show how to load a test image dataset from outside.

```
In [30]: # TensorFlow and tf.keras
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
import sys
import os
from PIL import Image, ImageOps

# Helper libraries
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import random
print(tf.__version__)
```

2.1.0

```
In [35]: # To load images to features and labels
def load_images_to_data(image_label, image_directory, features_data, label_data):
    list_of_files = os.listdir(image_directory)
    for file in list_of_files:
        full_path = image_directory
        image_file_name = os.path.join(full_path, file)
        if ".png" in image_file_name:
            img = Image.open(image_file_name)
            #.convert("L")
            img = img.resize((28,28))
            img = ImageOps.invert(img)
            im2arr = np.array(img)
            im2arr = im2arr[:, :, 0]
            print ("-----")
            print(im2arr.shape)
            print("-----")
            im2arr = im2arr.reshape(1,28,28)
```

```

        features_data = np.append(features_data, im2arr, axis=0)
        label_data = np.append(label_data, [image_label], axis=0)
    return features_data, label_data

```

In [36]: *# Keras provides a handy API to download the MNIST dataset, and split them into # "train" dataset and "test" dataset.*

```

mnist = keras.datasets.mnist
(train_images, train_labels), (test_images,
                                test_labels) = mnist.load_data()

```

```

print (test_labels.shape)
print(test_images.shape)
print (type(train_images))
print (type(test_labels))

```

```

(10000,)
(10000, 28, 28)
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>

```

1.0.1 Load the new test data

Please find code below that will load each test user one by one separately.

```

In [43]: user1_data = np.zeros(28*28).reshape(1,28,28)
        user1_label = np.zeros(1)
        DATA_IMG_PATH = "data_images/User1/"

        for path in os.listdir(DATA_IMG_PATH):
            full_path = os.path.join(DATA_IMG_PATH, path)
            user1_data, user1_label = load_images_to_data(
                int(path), full_path, user1_data, user1_label)
        user1_data = np.delete(user1_data, 0, axis=0)
        user1_label = np.delete(user1_label, 0, axis= 0)
        print ("+++++")
        print(user1_data.shape)
        print (user1_label.shape)
        print ("+++++")

```

```

-----
(28, 28)
-----
-----
(28, 28)
-----
-----
(28, 28)
-----

```



```

user2_label = np.delete(user2_label, 0, axis= 0)
print ("+++++")
print(user2_data.shape)
print (user2_label.shape)
print ("+++++")

-----
(28, 28)
-----
(28, 28)
-----
(28, 28)
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(28, 28)
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(28, 28)
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(28, 28)
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(28, 28)
-----
(28, 28)
-----
(28, 28)
-----
(28, 28)
-----
+++++
(8, 28, 28)
(8,)
+++++

In [45]: user3_data = np.zeros(28*28).reshape(1,28,28)
user3_label = np.zeros(1)
DATA_IMG_PATH = "data_images/User3/"

for path in os.listdir(DATA_IMG_PATH):
    full_path = os.path.join(DATA_IMG_PATH, path)
    user3_data, user3_label = load_images_to_data(
        int(path), full_path, user3_data, user3_label)
user3_data = np.delete(user3_data, 0, axis=0)
user3_label = np.delete(user3_label, 0, axis= 0)
print ("+++++")
print(user3_data.shape)

```

[illegible]


```
8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.
3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.]
User2:
[0. 0. 7. 6. 1. 8. 8. 3.]
User2:
[9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 6. 6. 6. 1. 1. 1. 1. 8. 8. 8. 4. 4. 4. 4.
4. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 5. 5.]
```

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In [ ]:
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In [ ]:
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In [ ]:
```