### **Outline**

### Fact types

- Template
- Placeholders
- Duplicates

### Entity types

Identifying fact type

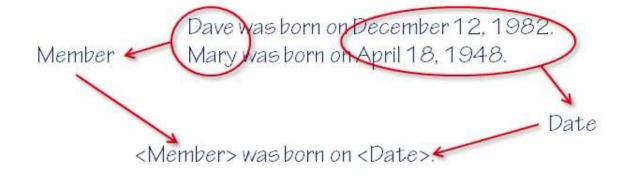
### Drawing the diagram

- Entity types
- Attributes
- Relationships
- Artificial entity types



## **Generalizing fact types**

- To a higher abstraction layer
  - From individual facts
  - $\Box$  To fact types.



The match played between Katie and Jim on October 3, 2012 ended with 2 frames won by the first player. The match played between Dave and Mary on March 7, 2013 ended with 0 frames won by the first player.

Match

Number of frames

<Match> ended with <Number of frames> won by the first player.



### **Generalizing fact types**

- To a higher abstraction layer
  - From individual facts
  - □ To fact types.
- Templates can have any number of placeholders

```
<Member> was born on <Date>.
```

<Match> ended with <Number of frames> won by the first player.

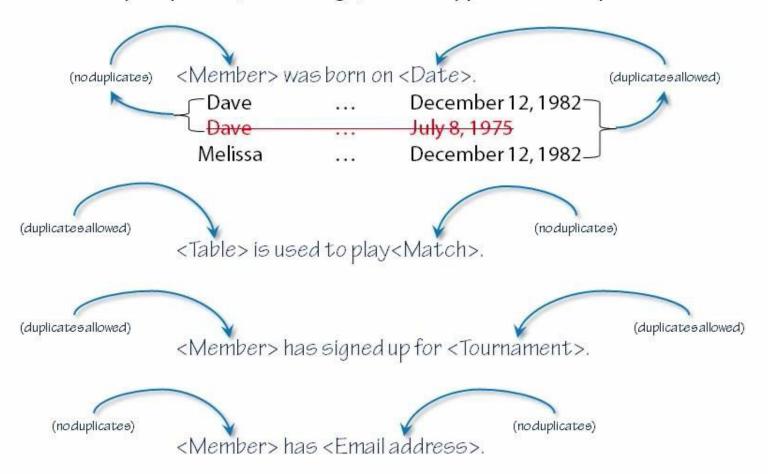
<Member> smokes.

<Pluralsight member> watched < course> on < device>.



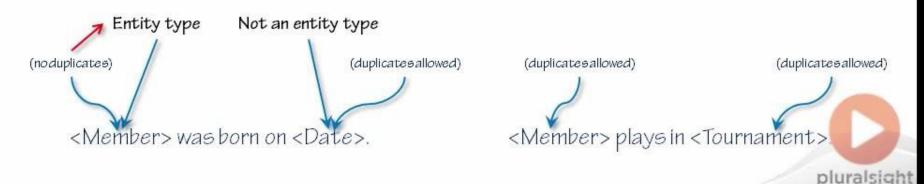
### **Generalizing fact types**

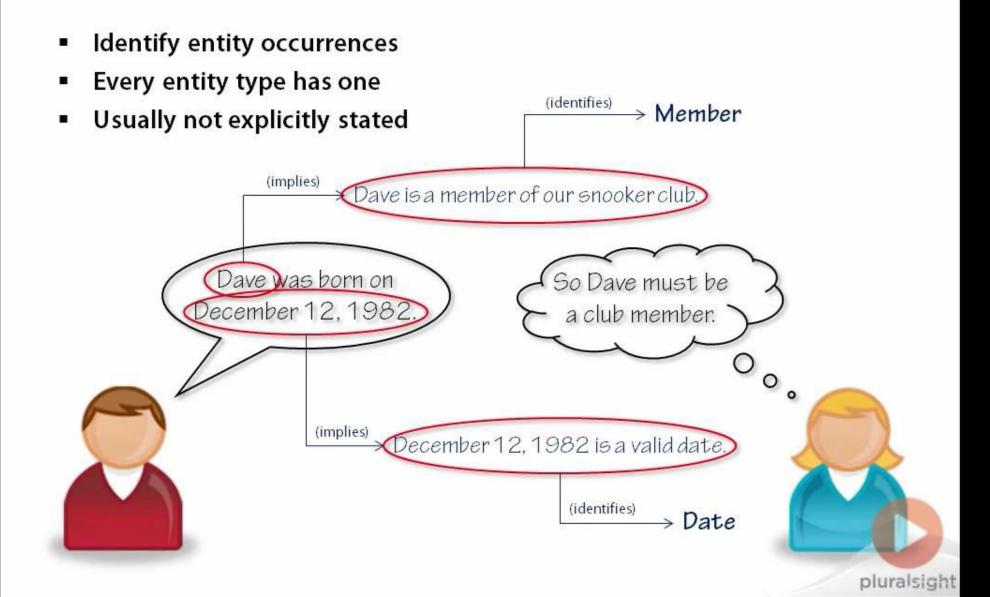
- Finding where duplicates are allowed
  - Only required (at this stage) for fact types with two placeholders



# Finding entity types

- Representation of fact types
  - Attribute of an entity type
  - Relationship between entity types
- Indications for entity types
  - Used in many fact types
    - Probably an entity type
  - Fact type with duplicates allowed in one placeholder, not allowed in other
    - Placeholder without duplicates definitely an entity type
    - No conclusive information from other fact types
  - Word order in fact type templates is **NOT** an indication!





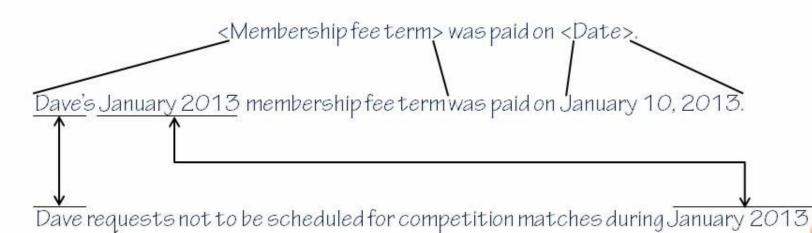
- Identify entity occurrences
- Every entity type has one
- Usually not explicitly stated
  - Unless...
    - Someone wants to state it explicitly
    - Nothing other than existence of occurrence is known



- Recognizing identifying fact types
  - One placeholder
    - Check meaning of facts
    - ✓ <Name> is a member of our snooker club.
    - <Member>smokes.



- Recognizing identifying fact types
  - One placeholder
    - Check meaning of facts
  - Two placeholders
    - Only if duplicates allowed for both
    - Placeholders must match identification of entity type
    - Check meaning of facts



- Recognizing identifying fact types
  - One placeholder
    - Check meaning of facts
  - Two placeholders
    - Only if duplicates allowed for both
    - Placeholders must match identification of entity type
    - Check meaning of facts
  - Three or more placeholders
    - Placeholders must match identification of entity type
    - Check meaning of facts
- Non-identifying fact types always reference at least one entity type



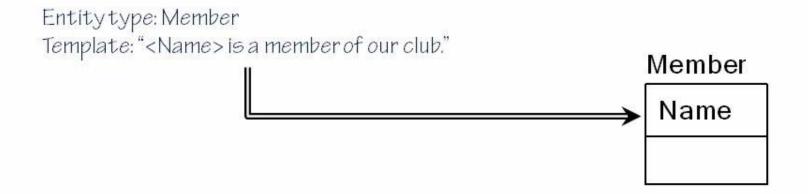
- Identifying fact types not explicitly stated
  - (Optionally) add them with your own reading
  - (Definitely) analyze their structure



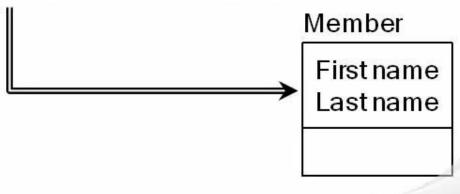
- Diagram
  - Layout may change
- Check all entity types
  - □ Identifying fact type references one or more other entity types? → Weak
  - □ Identifying fact type does not reference other entity types? → Strong



- Strong entity types
  - All placeholders become key attributes



Template: "<First name> <Last name> is a member of our club."



- Strong entity types
  - All placeholders become key attributes
- Weak entity types
  - Placeholders referencing entity type
- □ Copy key attributes as foreign key
  □ Add relationship
  □ Other placeholders become key attributes

  Entity type: Membership fee payment

  Template: "<Member> has to pay membership fee for Month (Year)."

Name (FK)
Month
Year

Membership fee payment

pays /
is payment for

### Strong entity types

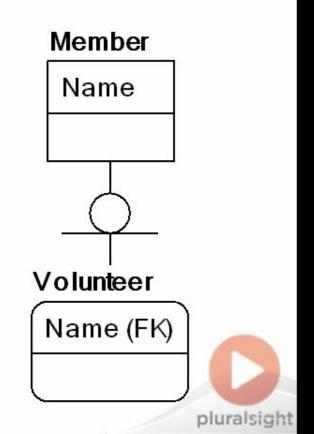
All placeholders become key attributes

### Weak entity types

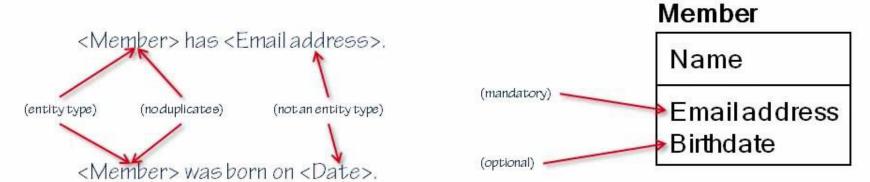
- Placeholders referencing entity type
  - Copy key attributes as foreign key
  - Add relationship
- Other placeholders become key attributes

### Subtypes

- Weak entity types with single placeholder
- Identifying relationship is one to zero or one
- Multiple subtypes -> mutual relationship
  - Nested subtypes
  - □ Mutually exclusive → complete or incomplete?
  - Independent



- Fact types with two placeholders in template
  - One referencing entity type and not allowing duplicates
  - Other one <u>not</u> referencing entity type
- Optionality:
  - Mandatory fact must be known for each instance
  - Optional fact may be missing for some instances





- Fact types with two placeholders in template
  - One referencing entity type and not allowing duplicates
  - Other one <u>not</u> referencing entity type
- Optionality:
  - Mandatory fact must be known for each instance
  - Optional fact may be missing for some instances
  - Not represented in IDEF1X, still important!
    - Homebrew notation

#### Member

Name

**●**Emailaddress

ΦBirthdate



(mandatory)

7 (optional)

- Fact types with two placeholders in template
  - One referencing entity type and not allowing duplicates
  - Other one <u>not</u> referencing entity type
- Optionality:
  - Mandatory fact must be known for each instance
  - Optional fact may be missing for some instances
  - □ Not represented in IDEF1X, still important!
    - Homebrew notation
    - Separate accompanying document
    - Standardize across company!

Membership card

Name: Dave

Email: Imdave@itsme.fake

Birthdate:

#### Member

Name

Emailaddress Birthdate



- Fact types with one placeholder in template
  - Except identifying fact types
- Pure form
  - Optional attribute
  - Only "true" allowed

#### Alternative

Angie

□ Mandatory attribute
□ "True" or "false" We know that Dave smokes

Name Email address Birthdate Smoker

Dave Imdave@itsme.fake True

False

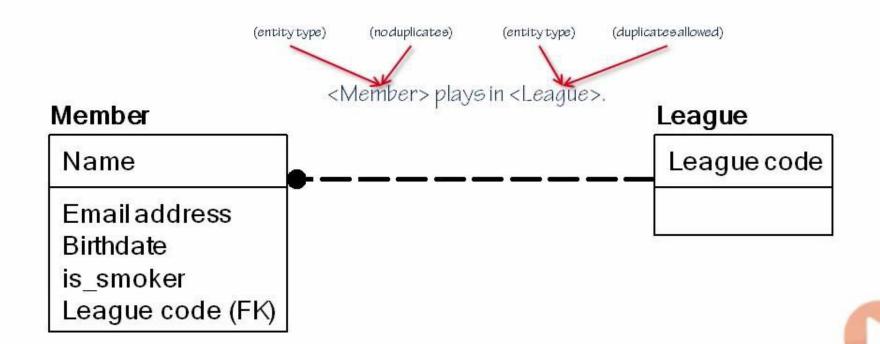
Angie@nowhere.not 7/3/1957

### Member

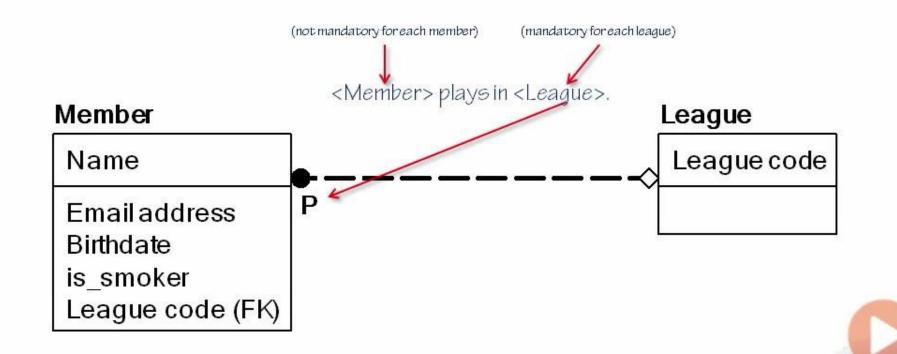
Name
Emailaddress
Birthdate
is\_smoker



- Fact types with two placeholders in template
  - Both referencing an entity type
  - One-to-many, many-to-many, one-to-one: based on duplicates in facts



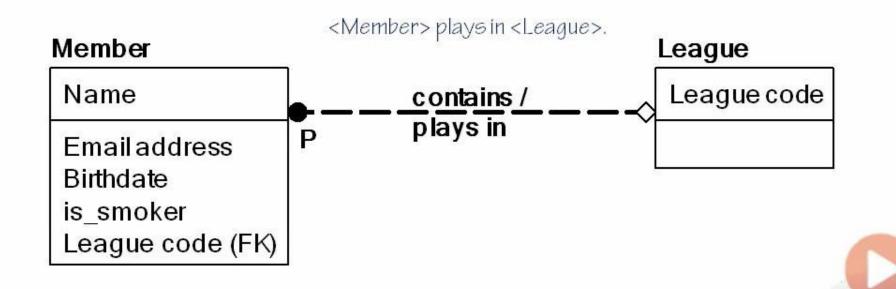
- Fact types with two placeholders in template
  - Both referencing an entity type
  - One-to-many, many-to-many, one-to-one: based on duplicates in facts



- Fact types with two placeholders in template
  - Both referencing an entity type
  - One-to-many, many-to-many, one-to-one: based on duplicates in facts
  - First relationship reading from template

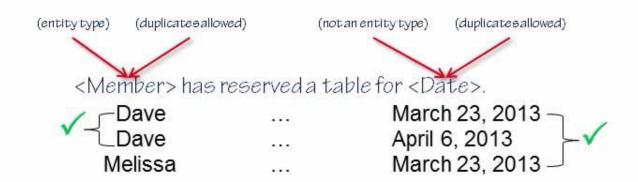


- Fact types with two placeholders in template
  - Both referencing an entity type
  - One-to-many, many-to-many, one-to-one: based on duplicates in facts
  - First relationship reading from template
  - Second relationship reading: DIY or consult subject matter expert



## **Artificial entity types**

- Fact types not yet represented in the diagram
  - Three or more placeholders
- **─**
- Two placeholders
  - One referencing entity type and allowing duplicates
  - Other one <u>not</u> referencing entity type
- Multi-valued attribute
  - Not supported in IDEF1X diagrams
  - Workaround: nominalize
    - Make entity type out of fact type



#### Member

Name

Emailaddress
Birthdate
is\_smoker
League code (FK)

made / is for

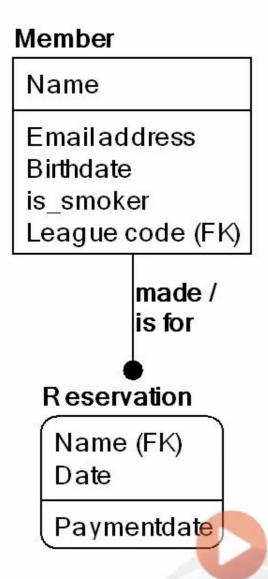
Reservation

Name (FK) Date

# **Artificial entity types**

- Artificial or not artificial?
  - Depends...

<Reservation> was paid on <Date>.



### **Artificial entity types**

- Fact types not yet represented in the diagram
  - Two placeholders
    - One referencing entity type and allowing duplicates
    - Other one <u>not</u> referencing entity type



- Three or more placeholders
  - Relationship between more than two entity types
  - Relationship with its own attribute
  - Composite multivalued attribute
- Not supported in IDEF1X diagrams
  - Workaround: nominalize

