

Series BVM

Code No. 28

Roll No.

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Candidates must write the Code on the title page of the answer-book.

- Please check that this question paper contains **11** printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains **9** questions.
- **Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.**
- 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

ENGLISH (Elective) – (N)

Time allowed : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 100

General Instructions :

- (i) Question Nos. 1 – 4 are **compulsory**.
- (ii) Attempt either question no. 8 or 9.
- (iii) Your answers should be to the point. Stick to the given word limit.

1. (A) Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow : 10

1 Mano Majra is a tiny place. It has only three brick buildings, one of which is the home of the money-lender, Lala Ram Lal. The other two are the Sikh temple and the mosque. The three brick buildings enclose a triangular area with a large peepul tree in the middle. The rest of the village is a group of flat-roofed mud huts and low-walled courtyards, which open into narrow lanes that spread out from the centre. Soon the lanes turn into footpaths and get lost in the surrounding fields. At the western end of the village there is a pond ringed round by *keekar* trees. There are only about seventy families in Mano Majra, and Lala Ram Lal's is the only Hindu family. The others are Sikhs or Muslims, about equal in number. The Sikhs own all the land around the village; the Muslims are tenants and share the tilling with the owners. There are a few families of sweepers whose religion is uncertain. But there is one object that all Mano Majrans — even Lal Ram Lal — worship. This is a three-foot slab of sandstone that stands upright under a *keekar* tree beside the pond. It is the local deity, the 'deo' which all the villagers — Hindu, Sikh, Muslim or pseudo-Christian — visit secretly, whenever they are in special need of blessing.

- 2 Although Mano Majra is said to be on the banks of the Sutlej River, it is actually half a mile away from it. In India villages cannot afford to be too close to the banks of rivers. Rivers change their moods with seasons and later their course without warning. The Sutlej is the largest river in the Punjab. After the monsoon its waters rise and spread across its vast sandy bed, touching high up the mud embankments on either side. It becomes an expanse of muddy turbulence more than a mile in breadth. When the flood subsides, the river breaks up into a thousand shallow streams that wind sluggishly between little marshy islands. About a mile north of Mano Majra the Sutlej is spanned by a railroad bridge. On the eastern end the embankment extends all the way to the village railroad station.
- 3 Mano Majra has always been known for its railway station. Since the bridge has only one track, the station has several sidings where less important trains can wait, to make way for the more important ones.
- 4 A small colony of shopkeepers and hawkers has grown up around the station to supply travellers with food, betel leaves, cigarettes, tea, biscuits and sweetmeats. This gives the station an appearance of constant activity and its staff a somewhat exaggerated sense of importance. Actually the station-master himself sells tickets through the pigeon-hole in

his office, collects them at the exit besides the door, and sends and receives messages over the telegraph ticker on his table. When there are people to notice him, he comes out on the platform and waves a green flag for trains which do not stop. His only assistant manipulates the levers in the glass cabin on the platform, which control the signals on either side and helps shunting engines by changing hand points on the tracks to get them on to the sidings. In the evenings, he lights the long line of lamps, on the platform. He takes heavy aluminium lamps to the signals and sticks them in the clamps behind the red and green glass. In the mornings, he brings them back and puts out the lights on the platform.

- 5 Not many trains stops at Mano Majra. Express trains do not stop at all. Of the many slow passenger trains, only two, one from Delhi to Lahore in the mornings and the other from Lahore to Delhi in the evenings, are scheduled to stop for a few minutes. The others stop only when they are held up. The only regular customers are the goods trains. Although Mano Majra seldom has any goods to send or receive, its station sidings are usually occupied by long rows of wagons. Each passing goods train spends hours shedding wagons and collecting others. After dark, when the countryside is steeped in silence, the whistling and puffing of engines, the banging of buffers, and the clanking of iron couplings can be heard all through the night.

(slightly adapted)

- (a) Name any two brick buildings in Mano Majra. 1
- (b) Where are the *keekar* trees growing ? 1
- (c) What type of trains stop at Mano Majra ? 1
- (d) Which common object of worship is visited by all the villagers ? 1
- (e) Why did people not build their houses on the banks of the rivers ? 1
- (f) What do the shopkeepers around the railways station sell to the travellers ? 1
- (g) What additional job did the station master perform in addition to selling tickets and sending and receiving messages over the telegraph ticker ? 1
- (h) What breaks the silence of the village at night ? 1
- (i) Find the word from the passage which means the opposite of 'broad' (para 1). 1
- (j) Find the word from the passage which means the same as 'lazily' (para 2). 1
- (B) Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow : 10

(From "The Passing of Arthur"; Alfred Lord Tennyson)

And slowly answer'd Arthur from the barge:

'The old order changeth, yielding place to new,

And God fulfils Himself in many ways,

Lest one good custom should corrupt the world.

5 Comfort thyself: what comfort is in me ?

I have lived my life, and that which I have done

May He within himself make pure ! but thou,

If thou shouldst never see my face again,

Pray for my soul, More things are wrought by prayer

10 Than this world dreams of. Wherefore, let thy voice

Rise like a fountain for me night and day.

For what are men better than sheep or goats

That nourish a blind life within the brain,

If, knowing God, they lift not hands of prayer

15 Both for themselves and those who call them friend ?

For so the whole round earth is every way

Bound by gold chains about the feet of God.

18 But now farewell.

- (a) What does the expression 'The old order changeth, yielding place to new' signify ? 2
- (b) What does the speaker ask the listener to do if he fails to return ? 2
- (c) Identify and name the figure of speech in lines 10 – 13. 2
- (d) What makes human beings different from animals ? 2
- (e) (i) Which word in the extract means the same as 'giving' ? 1
- (ii) Which word in the extract means the opposite of 'foe' ? 1

Creative Writing

2. (a) It is said that 'well begun is half done'. Applying this to 'Swachh Bharat Mission' we can safely assume that praiseworthy success has been achieved under this Mission. But much more remains to be done yet. Write a speech in 80 – 100 words on the need to intensify this drive. You are Raunaq/Asmeeta, Secretary, Environment Conservation Club in your school. 5
- (b) Trees are the biggest source of oxygen. They help us control pollution. We should not only not cut the trees but we should also plant more and more trees in our neighbourhoods. Write an article in 80 – 100 words on the topic, 'Plant more Trees' for your school magazine. You are Promila/Primal. 5
3. You are Amrit/Amrita. You are participating in a debate. Write either *for* or *against* the topic 'In today's world only wealthy people can afford to be healthy.' (150 – 200 words) 10

OR

One of the biggest problems of our society is frequent cases of missing small children. Write an article on the topic, 'The Rising Crime of Child Lifting' for a newspaper. You are Ankul/Avantika. (150 – 200 words)

Applied Grammar

4. (a) Read the following sentences carefully and then rewrite them as per instructions given in the brackets : 1×5=5
- (i) The teacher said, "The Earth rotates round the Sun."
(Change the narration)
- (ii) Who broke the table ? (Change the voice)
- (iii) As soon as I entered the room the alarm went off.
(No sooner ... than)
- (iv) What a sweet voice ! (Assertive sentence)
- (v) If you do not work hard, you will not clear the exam.
(Use lest ...)

- (b) Read the conversation given below and complete the paragraph that follows : 1×5=5

Ram : Hello Shyam, where are you going ?

Shyam : To meet my uncle.

Ram : Where does your uncle live ?

Shyam : At Elgin Road.

Ram : You seem to be very excited.

Shyam : Yes, my uncle returned from the U.S. and he has brought a few gifts for me.

Ram greeted Shyam and asked him (i) _____ going. Shyam replied that he was going to meet his uncle. At this Ram wanted to know (ii) _____. Shyam's answer was that he lived at Elgin Road. Ram observed that Shyam (iii) _____ excited. Shyam agreed and said that (iv) _____ the U.S. and that (v) _____ for him.

SECTION C — (Literature Textbook : Kaleidoscope)

30

5. Choose **any two** of the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow in 50 – 60 words each : 4×2=8

- (a) ... Tao Ying takes out her own tape measure and insists on measuring him again.

'I don't want to ! Everybody says I am tall enough except you. It's because you don't want to buy me a ticket, don't think I don't know. If you measure me I am bound to get shorter again. I don't trust you ! I don't trust you !'

The yellow tape in Tao Ying's hands has turned into a poisonous viper.

- (i) What prompts Tao Ying to measure the height of her son ? 2
- (ii) What makes the son feel that the yellow tape in Tao Ying's hand has turned into a poisonous viper ? 2

- (b) Her name meant nothing to me when I read it in the newspaper, but I was intrigued by the snake ring and its emerald eyes. I could not find out, however, on which finger she wore it.
- (i) Who is the woman being talked about ? Where and how had the writer met her ? 2
- (ii) What is special about the ring she wore ? 2
- (c) Pity would be no more
If we did not make somebody Poor;
And Mercy no more could be
If all were as happy as we.
- (i) What is the relationship between Pity and Poverty ? 2
- (ii) What kind of society does the poet visualize in these lines ? 2
6. Answer **any two** of the following questions in 80 – 100 words each : $5 \times 2 = 10$
- (a) Who was Raizel and how was she connected to Dr. Margolin ? Where did she meet Dr. Margolin and in what form ?
- (b) What are the ways in which individual freedom gets restricted ?
- (c) What aspects of Indian society and history get highlighted in the poem “Blood” by Kamala Das ?
7. Answer **any two** of the following questions in 120 – 150 words each : $6 \times 2 = 12$
- (a) Does Amartya Sen see argumentation as a positive or a negative value ? Give a reasoned answer.
- (b) What is the role of Mother in Prakriti’s self-realisation ?
- (c) Describe the conflict of emotions felt by Eveline on the day she had decided to elope with Frank.

Note : Attempt either question no. 8 or 9.

8. (a) Answer **any two** of the following questions in 80 – 100 words each :

5×2=10

- (i) Why did the villagers begin to guard their cattle ? Which official did they approach for help ?
- (ii) How did Captain learn how to run a circus ?
- (iii) How did the Swamiji (Master) convince the crowd about his plan to bring down the Headmaster from the loft ?

(b) Answer **any one** of the following questions in 150 – 200 words :

10

- (i) How did Raja's life change after he was captured ?
- (ii) What was the reaction of the crowd when the Master emerged from the school gate with the Tiger ?
- (iii) What do you know about the previous life of the Master (Swamiji) before he became a sanyasi ?

9. (a) Answer **any two** of the following questions in 80 – 100 words each :

5×2=10

- (i) Under what circumstances did Margayya meet Dr. Pal ?
- (ii) What takes Margayya to the Madman's House at Madras ? Describe his interview with him.
- (iii) What is Margayya's dream about his son ? What steps did he take to realise it ?

(b) Answer ***any one*** of the following questions in 150 – 200 words : 10

- (i) Margayya is certainly guilty of employing unfair means to become rich. Comment.
- (ii) Who was responsible for Margayya's ruin — Margayya himself or/and Dr. Pal ?
- (iii) Write a note on the character and the role of Margayya's wife, Meenakshi in the novel, "The Financial Expert".

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ENGLISH (Elective) — (C)

Time allowed : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 100

The Question paper is divided into three sections :

<i>Section A — Reading</i>	<i>20 marks</i>
<i>Section B — Writing and Grammar</i>	<i>40 marks</i>
<i>Section C — Literature</i>	<i>40 marks</i>

General Instructions :

- All the questions are **compulsory**.*
- You may attempt any section at a time.*
- All questions of that particular section must be attempted in the correct order.*

SECTION A**(Reading)****20**

1. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :

10**Space Tourism**

- 1 Space tourism is the term used to describe space travel for recreational or leisure purposes. What was once only a dream — described in books such as Arthur C. Clarke's *2001 : A Space Odyssey* — is now becoming a reality.
- 2 Futurologists are scientists who attempt to make predictions of what life will be like in the future. After the first man landed on the moon in 1969, they thought that hotels would be built on the moon by the year 2000. Futurologists also considered the possibility that, in the 21st century, families might go for a holiday on the moon. Neither of these predictions have come true yet — but the rapid development of technology may mean these predictions are a possibility in the years to come.
- 3 Space Adventures is currently the only company to have succeeded in sending paying passengers into space. Space Adventures worked with the Federal Space Agency of the Russian Federation and Rocket and Space Corporation Energia to facilitate flights for the world's first private space explorers. Each person paid over \$20 million for their 10-day trip to the International Space Station.
- 4 The first space tourist, in April 2001, was American businessman Dennis Tito. He was followed almost exactly a year later by South African businessman Mark Shuttle; by another American businessman Greg Olsen in October 2005; by the first female space tourist, an Iranian-American engineer Anousheh Ansari in September 2006; and by a Hungarian-American software architect, Dr. Charles Simonyi, in April 2007.
- 5 Following several successful explorations into space, several companies are now considering the possibility of enabling tourists to visit space. At present, spaceports are being constructed in numerous locations in the USA, as well as in Sweden and the United Arab Emirates.

- 6 In order to make it more affordable, suborbital space travel is being considered by many companies, including Virgin Galactic. Passengers would be transported to a height of between 100 and 160 km above the Earth, experience 3 – 6 minutes of weightlessness and a view of the stars before being taken back down to Earth. This is expected to cost around \$200,000 per person.
- 7 Whilst it could be an enriching experience, there are some disadvantages to space tourism. While it is all set to progress by leaps and bounds over the next few decades, not everyone takes kindly to it. Many critics have commented that a huge growth in the spaceflight industry could drastically speed up the process of global warming. The ozone layer would be damaged further and the polar regions would suffer. In addition, space travel is only really a possibility for the super-rich. Although Virgin Galactic claims to be ‘opening space to the rest of us’, there are still millions of people worldwide who wouldn’t be able to afford it.

1.1 On the basis of your understanding of the above passage, answer the following questions very briefly :

1×6=6

- (a) What is Space Tourism ?
- (b) What did the futurologists think after the first man landed on the moon ?
- (c) Which is the company that has successfully sent passengers into space ?
- (d) Who was the first space tourist ?
- (e) Mention two developments in the field of space travel that have taken place following various successful space explorations.
- (f) List the disadvantages of space tourism.

1.2 Choose the meanings of the words given below from the given options : 1×4=4

- (a) leisure (para 1)
 - (i) happiness
 - (ii) relaxation
 - (iii) development
 - (iv) deliberation
- (b) considered (para 2)
 - (i) reasoned
 - (ii) segmented
 - (iii) regulated
 - (iv) constructed
- (c) facilitate (para 3)
 - (i) obstruct
 - (ii) compel
 - (iii) grow
 - (iv) assist
- (d) process (para 7)
 - (i) atmosphere
 - (ii) course
 - (iii) thought
 - (iv) extension

2. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow : 10

- 1 High blood pressure, or hypertension, occurs when your blood pressure increases to unhealthy levels. Your blood pressure measurement takes into account how much blood is passing through your blood vessels and the amount of resistance the blood meets while the heart is pumping. Narrow arteries increase resistance. The narrower your arteries are, the higher your blood pressure will be. Over the long term, increased pressure can cause health issues, including heart disease. Hypertension is quite common.

- 2 Hypertension is generally a silent condition. Even then, these symptoms may be attributed to other issues. Symptoms of severe hypertension can include headache, shortness of breath, nosebleeds, chest pain, dizziness, etc. They don't occur in everyone with hypertension, but waiting for a symptom of this condition to appear could be fatal. For example, if you have a family history of heart disease or have risk factors for developing the condition, your doctor may recommend that you have your blood pressure checked twice a year. This helps you and your doctor stay on top of any possible issues before they become problematic.
- 3 Hypertension is of two types — primary and secondary hypertension. Primary hypertension is also called essential hypertension which develops over time with no identifiable cause. Most people have this type of high blood pressure. The factors which play a major role include genes, physical changes and environment. Secondary hypertension often occurs quickly and can become more severe than primary hypertension. Several conditions that may cause secondary hypertension include side effects of medications, consumption of some drugs and alcohol, adrenal gland problems, etc.
- 4 Diagnosing hypertension is as simple as taking a blood pressure reading. Most doctors' offices check blood pressure as part of a routine visit. If your blood pressure is elevated, your doctor may request you to have more readings over the course of a few days or weeks. That's because your environment can contribute to increased blood pressure, such as the stress you may feel by being at the doctor's office. If your blood pressure remains high, your doctor will likely conduct more tests to rule out underlying conditions. These tests can include urine test, cholesterol screening and other blood tests, ECG (electrocardiogram) test and ultrasound of your heart and kidney. These tests can help your doctor identify any secondary issues causing your elevated blood pressure. They can also look at the effects high blood pressure may have had on your organs. During this time, your doctor may begin treating your hypertension. Early treatment may reduce your risk of lasting damage.

- 5 Complications of the hypertension may result in damaging of arteries, heart (cardiac arrest, heart failure, arrhythmias, etc.) and brain.
- 6 Healthy lifestyle changes can help you control the factors that cause hypertension. A heart-healthy diet is vital for helping to reduce high blood pressure. It's also important for managing hypertension that is under control and reducing the risk of complications. A heart-healthy diet emphasizes foods that include fruits, vegetables, whole grains and lean sources of proteins, also reducing dietary sodium, eating more veggies and cut back on sweets. Reaching a healthy weight should include being physically more active. In addition, exercise can help reduce stress, lower blood pressure naturally, and strengthen your cardiovascular system. Other activities can also be helpful. These include meditation, deep breathing, and yoga or tai chi. These are all proven stress-reducing techniques. Getting adequate sleep can also help reduce stress levels.
- (a) On the basis of your reading of the above passage, make notes on it using recognizable abbreviations (minimum four), wherever necessary. Use a format you consider suitable. Give it a suitable title also. 6
- (b) Write a summary of the above passage in about 80 words. 4

SECTION B

(Writing and Grammar)

40

3. You are Aditya Kumar, a renowned singer. You have received an invitation from the Principal of Shining Light Public School to judge their Inter School Talent Search Competition which is to be held on 2nd April, 2019 in the school auditorium from 9:00 a.m. – 3:00 p.m. Write a reply in about 50 words declining the offer, giving a valid reason. 4

OR

As the Administrative Officer of Diamond Gym, draft a notice in about 50 words informing the members of the increase in membership fee with effect from 1st May, 2019 and the change in the timings. Invent necessary details. You are Vishnu/Vaishnavi.

4. You see a classified advertisement in the newspaper inviting applications for the post of Marketing Representative in a reputed company. Write a letter with biodata in 120 – 150 words to the HR Manager, Neo Technologies, New Delhi, applying for the post advertised. You are Priyanka/Priyank of 121 Green Park, New Delhi, a fresh graduate in Sales and Marketing from the University of Delhi.

6

OR

Events like marathons, promoting Go Green, ‘Save the girl child’, etc. have now become a yearly phenomenon to spread awareness of social and health issues. Response to such events is huge with celebrities adding a touch of glamour to the events resulting in large unmanageable crowds. Media also plays a role by hyping the event, thus diluting the actual cause.

As a concerned youth, discuss the issue in a letter to the Editor of ‘The Times’, in 120 – 150 words, stating what your opinion is on whether such events are successful in spreading awareness. Give suggestions to make such initiatives work. You are Bharat/Bharti.

5. You are Anand/Anandita, Prefect, Divine Public School, Delhi. Your school celebrated Book Week from January 12th – 18th, in collaboration with Reading Rockets Publications. Various activities like book mark making, book exchanges, favourite character portrayal, newspaper designing, book exhibition, etc. were organized. A few famous authors were also invited to interact with the students. Write a report on the same for your school magazine in 150 – 200 words.

10

OR

The Internet has become a useful resource for everyone and offers many helpful opportunities. With the introduction of new technologies, devices including smart phones/tablets and innovative applications on such devices, the usage of Internet has increased dramatically. However, with increasing penetration and use of the Internet, cyber crime is emerging as a major challenge. Write a speech in 150 – 200 words to be delivered sharing your concerns regarding cyber crimes and suggest tips to safeguard oneself from it. You are Amay/Amaya.

6. It is said that 'Cleanliness is next to godliness'. A clean India would be the best tribute Indians could pay to the nation. As Manas/Manasi, write an article in 150 – 200 words for your school magazine highlighting the issue of lack of cleanliness in our country. Also give suggestions to improve it. 10

OR

The newspaper has a very important role in shaping public opinion and raising awareness of social and public issues. It is believed that the information provided in the newspaper is authentic, objective and reliable. Write an article in 150 – 200 words expressing your views on the role of newspapers and journalists. You are Raj/Raji.

7. (a) Rearrange the following words and phrases into meaningful sentences : 1×3=3
- (i) speedometer / she / glanced / at / the
 - (ii) put / the accelerator / suddenly / her / foot / down / she / on
 - (iii) sixty / responded / reached / the car / the needle / and
- (b) You are Shreya/Shreyas and are set to meet an expert Dr. Ansari to interview him on the topic 'Saving Tigers in the Wild' on the occasion of Endangered Species Day. 1×3=3

Based on the input given below, construct a dialogue between the two of you. Make three sets of exchanges. The first one has been done for you as an example.

Shreya/Shreyas : Good morning, Sir.

Dr. Ansari : Good morning

Hints :

- Threat
- Population, poaching, deforestation
- Save them
- Protect habitat, safeguard from poachers
- Common man's role
- Awareness, products made of tiger skin and body parts

- (c) The following paragraph has not been edited. There is one error in each line. Write the error and the correction in your answer book against the correct blank number. 1×4=4

	<i>Error</i>	<i>Correction</i>
After a few hours the road become	(i) _____	_____
rough and walking was much difficult.	(ii) _____	_____
My foot get cut as	(iii) _____	_____
I stumbling along the way.	(iv) _____	_____

SECTION C (Literature)

40

8. Choose **any two** of the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow : 10

- (a) The land's sharp features seemed to be

The Century's corpse outleant,
His crypt the cloudy canopy,
The wind his death-lament.
The ancient pulse of germ and birth
Was shrunken hard and dry,
And every spirit upon earth
Seemed fervourless as I.

- | | |
|---|---|
| (i) Name the poem and the poet. | 1 |
| (ii) What does the landscape look like, to the poet ? | 1 |
| (iii) What, according to the poet, is the wind doing ? | 1 |
| (iv) What is the mood of the poet ? | 1 |
| (v) Identify and name the figure of speech used in lines 1 – 2. | 1 |

- (b) No doubt they'll soon get well; the shock and strain
Have caused their stammering, disconnected talk.
Of course they're 'longing to go out again,' –
These boys with old, scared faces, learning to walk.
They'll soon forget their haunted nights; their cowed
Subjection to the ghosts of friends who died,' –
... ..

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| (i) | Who is the poet talking about ? | 1 |
| (ii) | Bring out the contradiction in lines 1 – 3. | 1 |
| (iii) | Why does the poet refer to them as boys ? | 1 |
| (iv) | What has caused the haunted nights ? | 1 |
| (v) | Name the poem and the poet. | 1 |

- (c) Steady thy laden head across a brook,
Or by a cider-press, with patient look;
Thou watchest the last oozings hours by hours.
Where are the songs of Spring ? Ay, where are they ?
Think not of them, thou hast thy music too, –

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| (i) | Who does 'thy' refer to ? | 1 |
| (ii) | What is 'thou' doing by the cider-press ? | 1 |
| (iii) | Why does the poet ask for the songs of Spring ? | 1 |
| (iv) | What does he soon realize ? | 1 |
| (v) | Name the poem and poet. | 1 |

9. Answer **any one** of the following questions in 50 – 60 words : 4

- (i) How do we know that Herbert did not believe in the paw's magical powers ?
- (ii) "I don't know, my Lord. A man came with it and said it was important that you should have it today." What was Roger talking about and what does Lord Weston think it was ? What does Lord Weston do with it ?
- (iii) What did the fakir want to prove when he put a spell on the paw ? Did it help anyone ? Explain.

10. (a) Answer **any two** of the following questions in 80 – 100 words each : 2×5=10

- (i) How does Dr. Rakesh show his filial devotion ? (A Devoted Son)
- (ii) The past cannot be viewed by the present standards. Why ? (The Last Letter)
- (iii) How according to Einstein can ambition be both constructive and destructive ? (On Education)
- (iv) What is the beggar's definition of a dream ? What was his final advice to the boy ? (What's Your Dream ?)

(b) Answer **any one** of the following questions in 120 – 150 words : 6

- (i) Why must the winner distinguish himself in a solemn part in 'The Judgement of Paris' ? How does Quinquart win the competition ?
- (ii) How does Robert Lynd take the reader from the childhood's happy memories to the harsh realities of adulthood ?
- (iii) Why didn't Anne want Marian to play with other children ?

11. Answer **any one** of the following questions in 150 – 200 words : 10

- (i) Why does Silas have to leave Lantern Yard ?
- (ii) True happiness doesn't lie in possession of materialistic things. Justify this on the basis of the experiences of Silas and Cass.
- (iii) How does Griffin use science to wreck havoc on humanity in 'The Invisible Man' ?
- (iv) Griffin, in spite of being a negative character, is the protagonist of H.G. Wells' novel, 'The Invisible Man'. Justify.