021 - Introduction to Regression

EPIB 607

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Parameter-contrasts

Fitting the regression equation with our sample dataset

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Introduction to parameter-contrasts

• We started the course by talking about the case where there were no determinants, i.e., no subpopulations \rightarrow there was one global parameter (μ, π, λ) .

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Introduction to parameter-contrasts

- We started the course by talking about the case where there were no determinants, i.e., no subpopulations \rightarrow there was one global parameter (μ, π, λ) .
- Now we concern ourselves with determinants of the global parameter.
 For example:
 - \blacktriangleright μ_{north} VS. μ_{south}
 - \blacktriangleright π_{north} VS. π_{south}
 - $ightharpoonup \lambda_{north}$ vs. λ_{south}
- Today we introduce population parameter <u>contrasts</u> in a regression framework

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Why regression for parameter-contrasts?

- Why do we start in a regression framework (as opposed to two-sample inference in DVB)?
- Parameter contrasts are a special case of regression

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What is regression?

- How **parameters** relate to its determinants
- How to link the parameters between the different populations through generic equations, that looks like a regression equation.
- Then once you get data, you can actually fit or get your best estimates of those parameters

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Linear regression: The Concept

• A regression model is said to be **linear** when it is of the form

$$\mu = \mu_0 + \sum_{j=1}^p \beta_j X_j$$
$$= \mu_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_1 X_1 + \dots + \beta_p X_p$$

• Which means that the value of the mean (μ) is viewed as a linear combination of the parameters $\mu_0, \beta_1, \beta_2, \dots, \beta_p$, the coefficients of the linear combination being the realizations for the X's

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Linear regression: Example

- Consider the depths of the ocean example
- Here, μ designates the true mean depth of the ocean
- For this parameter, one might consider the determinant
 - ► *X* which is an indicator variable defined by

$$X = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if Southern hemisphere} \\ 0 & \text{if Northern hemisphere} \end{cases}$$

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Linear regression: Example

• The model might be taken as

$$\mu_X = \mu_0 + \beta_1 \cdot X$$

and provides the mean depth of the ocean given X

- The subscript *X* indicates that μ depends on the value of *x*
- The mean depth of the ocean μ_X is a linear combination of μ_0 and β_1
- If we had an infinite amount of data, the mean depth of the ocean would be determined by hemisphere:

$$\mu_X = \begin{cases} \mu_0 + \beta_1 & \text{if Southern hemisphere} \\ \mu_0 & \text{if Northern Hemisphere} \end{cases}$$

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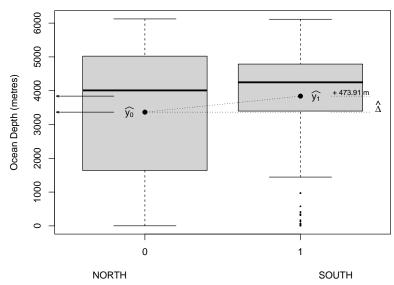
Parameter-contrasts

Fitting the regression equation with our sample data

Depths of the ocean: North vs. South Hemisphere

```
# load function to get depths
source("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/sahirbhatnagar/EPIB607/master/inst/labs/
        003-ocean-depths/automate_water_task.R")
# get 1000 depths
set.seed(222333444)
depths <- automate_water_task(index = sample(1:50000, 1000),
student id = 222333444, type = "depth")
# separate by north and south hemisphere
depths north <- depths[which(depths$lat>0).]
depths_south <- depths[which(depths$lat<0),]
# restrict sample to 200 (at random)
depths_north <- depths_north[sample(1:nrow(depths_north), 200), ]
depths_south <- depths_south[sample(1:nrow(depths_south), 200), ]
depths_north$South <- 0
depths_south$South <- 1
# combine data
depths <- rbind(depths_north, depths_south)
head(depths)
# calculate mean and sd by hemisphere
    mean.sd <- depths %>% group by(South) %>%
    summarise(means = mean(alt), sds = sd(alt))
    means <- mean.sd$means
    sds <- mean.sd$sds
```

Depths of the ocean: North vs. South Hemisphere



Standard error of the mean difference

To perform inference we first need to calculate the SE of the mean difference given by:

$$SE_{\bar{y_1}-\bar{y_0}} = \sqrt{\frac{s_0^2}{n_0} + \frac{s_1^2}{n_1}}$$
 (1)

Standard error of the mean difference

To perform inference we first need to calculate the SE of the mean difference given by:

$$SE_{\bar{y_1} - \bar{y_0}} = \sqrt{\frac{s_0^2}{n_0} + \frac{s_1^2}{n_1}} \tag{1}$$

```
n0 <- nrow(depths_north)
n1 <- nrow(depths_south)

mean0 <- mean(depths_north$alt)
mean1 <- mean(depths_south$alt)

var0 <- var(depths_north$alt)
var1 <- var(depths_south$alt)

(SEM <- sqrt(var0/n0 + var1/n1))
## [1] 171.4861</pre>
```

95% Confidence Interval for the Mean Difference

We can then calculate a 95% CI for the mean difference given by:

$$(\bar{y_1} - \bar{y_0}) \pm t^*_{(n_0 + n_1 - 2)} \times SE_{\bar{y_1} - \bar{y_0}}$$
 (2)

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 (2)

```
# assuming equal variances
(mean1 - mean0) + qt(c(0.025, 0.975), df = n0 + n1 - 2) * SEM
## [1] 136.7782 811.0418
# similar to z interval
qnorm(c(0.025, 0.975), mean = mean1 - mean0, sd = SEM)
## [1] 137.8034 810.0166
```

Parameter contrasts with regression

Using the 1m function in R:

```
# regression. lm assumes equal variances
fit <- lm(alt ~ South, data = depths)
summary(fit)

## Coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 3365.6 121.3 27.755 < 2e-16 ***
## South 473.9 171.5 2.764 0.00598 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1715 on 398 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01883,^TAdjusted R-squared: 0.01636
## F-statistic: 7.637 on 1 and 398 DF, p-value: 0.005983
```

Confidence interval from regression fit

```
confint(fit)
## 2.5 % 97.5 %
## (Intercept) 3127.2068 3603.9832
## South 136.7782 811.0418
```

Unequal variances using stats::t.test

stats::t.test assumes unequal variances by default:

```
stats::t.test(alt ~ South, data = depths, var.equal = FALSE)

## Welch Two Sample t-test with alt by South

## t = -2.7635, df = 356.262, p-value = 0.006015

## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group 0 and group 1 is not equ

## 95 percent confidence interval:

## -811.1623 -136.6577

## sample estimates:

## mean in group 0 mean in group 1

## 3365.595 3839.505

(mean0 - mean1) + qt(c(0.025, 0.975), df = 349.61783) * SEM

## [1] -811.1841 -136.6359
```

Equal variances using stats::t.test

We can specify equal variance assumption in stats::t.test:

```
stats::t.test(alt ~ South, data = depths, var.equal = TRUE)

## Two Sample t-test with alt by South
## t = -2.7635, df = 398, p-value = 0.005983

## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group 0 and group 1 is not equ
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -811.0418 -136.7782

## sample estimates:
## mean in group 0 mean in group 1
## 3365.595 3839.505

(mean0 - mean1) + qt(c(0.025, 0.975), df = n0 + n1 - 2) * SEM

## [1] -811.0418 -136.7782
```

Session Info

```
R version 4.1.1 (2021-08-10)
         Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
         Running under: Pop!_OS 21.04
         Matrix products: default
         BLAS: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/openblas-pthread/libblas.so.3
         LAPACK: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/openblas-pthread/libopenblasp-r0.3.13.so
         attached base packages:
                                 graphics grDevices utils
         [1] tools
                       stats
                                                                datasets methods
         [8] base
         other attached packages:
         [1] DT_0.16
                                mosaic 1.7.0
                                                   Matrix 1.3-2
                                                                     mosaicData 0.20.1
          [5] ggformula_0.9.4
                                ggstance 0.3.4
                                                   lattice 0.20-41
                                                                     kableExtra 1.2.1
          [9] socviz 1.2
                                gapminder_0.3.0
                                                   here 0.1
                                                                     NCStats 0.4.7
         [13] FSA_0.8.30
                                forcats 0.5.1
                                                   stringr_1.4.0
                                                                     dplyr_1.0.7
         [17] purrr_0.3.4
                                readr 1.4.0
                                                   tidvr 1.1.4
                                                                     tibble 3.1.5
         [21] ggplot2_3.3.5
                                tidyverse_1.3.0
                                                   knitr_1.36
         loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
          [1] fs 1.5.0
                                 lubridate 1.7.9
                                                     webshot 0.5.2
                                                                        httr 1.4.2
          [5] rprojroot_2.0.2
                                 backports 1.2.1
                                                     utf8 1.2.2
                                                                        R6 2.5.1
          [9] DBI 1.1.1
                                 colorspace 2.0-2
                                                     withr 2.4.2
                                                                         tidyselect 1.1.1
         [13] gridExtra_2.3
                                 leaflet 2.0.3
                                                     curl 4.3.2
                                                                         compiler_4.1.1
         [17] cli_3.0.1
                                 rvest_1.0.0
                                                     pacman_0.5.1
                                                                         xm12_1.3.2
         [21] ggdendro_0.1.22
                                 mosaicCore 0.8.0
                                                     scales_1.1.1
                                                                        digest_0.6.28
         [25] foreign_0.8-81
                                 rmarkdown 2.11.3
                                                     rio_0.5.16
                                                                         pkgconfig_2.0.3
         [29] htmltools 0.5.2
                                 highr 0.9
                                                     dbplvr 1.4.4
                                                                         fastmap 1.1.0
         [33] htmlwidgets_1.5.3
                                 rlang_0.4.12
                                                     readxl 1.3.1
                                                                         rstudioapi 0.13
         [37] farver 2.1.0
                                 generics 0.1.0
                                                     isonlite 1.7.2
                                                                        crosstalk 1.1.1
         [41] zip_2.2.0
                                 car 3.0-9
                                                     magrittr 2.0.1
                                                                        Rcpp_1.0.7
         [45] munsell_0.5.0
                                 fansi_0.5.0
                                                     abind_1.4-5
                                                                         lifecycle_1.0.1
         [49] stringi_1.7.5
                                 carData_3.0-4
                                                     MASS_7.3-53.1
                                                                        plyr_1.8.6
         [53] grid_4.1.1
                                 blob_1.2.1
                                                     ggrepel_0.8.2
                                                                        crayon_1.4.1
         [57] cowplot_1.1.0
                                 haven_2.3.1
                                                     splines_4.1.1
                                                                        hms_1.1.1
                                 reprex_0.3.0
         [61] pillar_1.6.4
                                                     glue_1.4.2
                                                                        evaluate_0.14
         [65] data.table_1.14.2
                                 modelr_0.1.8
                                                     vctrs_0.3.8
                                                                        tweenr_1.0.1
         [69] cellranger_1.1.0
                                 gtable_0.3.0
                                                                        assertthat_0.2.1
                                                     polyclip_1.10-0
Fitting the regression equation with our sample data
                                                                        openxlsx_4.1.5
                                                     ggforce_0.3.2
```

wiridielita 0 4 0 allineie 0 3 2