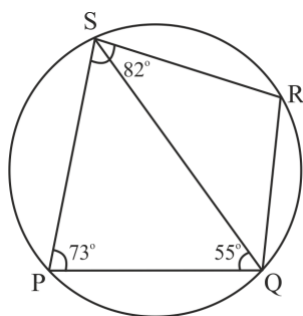


# Assignment 1

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2.(c)



PQRS is a cyclic quadrilateral. Given  $\angle QPS = 73^\circ$ ,  $\angle PQS = 55^\circ$  and  $\angle PSR = 82^\circ$ , calculate:

- (i)  $\angle QRS$
- (ii)  $\angle RQS$
- (iii)  $\angle PRQ$

**Solution:**

(i) We know that, In a Cyclic quadrilateral, sum of a pair of opposite angles results in  $180^\circ$ . Hence,

$$\begin{aligned}\angle QPS + \angle QRS &= 180^\circ \\ \rightarrow 73^\circ + \angle QRS &= 180^\circ \\ \Rightarrow \angle QRS &= 107^\circ\end{aligned}\quad (1)$$

(ii) Again, from the fact that sum of a pair of opposite angles is  $180^\circ$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}\angle PSR + \angle PQR &= 180^\circ \\ \rightarrow 82^\circ + \angle PQS + \angle RQS &= 180^\circ \\ \rightarrow 82^\circ + 55^\circ + \angle RQS &= 180^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \angle RQS = 43^\circ \quad (2)$$

(iii) We know that in a circle, a chord always subtends equal angles at all the points on a particular arc. Consider the chord "PQ",

$$\rightarrow \angle PSQ = \angle PRQ \quad (3)$$

We know that the sum of angles in a triangle equals to  $180^\circ$ , Consider the triangle  $\triangle PQS$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}\rightarrow \angle PSQ + \angle SPQ + \angle PQS &= 180^\circ \\ \rightarrow \angle PSQ + 73^\circ + 55^\circ &= 180^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow \angle PSQ = 52^\circ$$

Substituting this result in the equation (3),

$$\Rightarrow \angle PRQ = 52^\circ \quad (4)$$