WEEK-1

Design Principles And Patterns

(The implementation is done in VS CODE)

Exercise 1: Implementing the Singleton Pattern

```
Logger.java
public class Logger {
  private static Logger instance;
  private Logger() {
     System.out.println("Logger instance created.");
  public static Logger getInstance() {
     if (instance == null) {
       instance = new Logger();
     return instance;
  public void log(String message) {
     System.out.println("LOG: " + message);
Main.java
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Logger logger1 = Logger.getInstance();
     logger1.log("This is the first log message.");
     Logger logger2 = Logger.getInstance();
     logger2.log("This is the second log message.");
     if (logger1 == logger2) {
       System.out.println("Both logger1 and logger2 are the same instance.");
       System.out.println("Different instances exist. Singleton failed.");
  }
}
```

```
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```

The output is:

Logger instance created.

LOG: This is the first log message.

LOG: This is the second log message.

Both logger1 and logger2 are the same instance.

Exercise 2: Implementing the Factory Method Pattern

```
Document.java
public interface Document {
  void open();
}
WordDocument.java
public class WordDocument implements Document {
  public void open() {
    System.out.println("Opening Word Document.");
}
PdfDocument.java
public class PdfDocument implements Document {
  public void open() {
    System.out.println("Opening PDF Document.");
}
ExcelDocument.java
public class ExcelDocument implements Document {
  public void open() {
    System.out.println("Opening Excel Document.");
}
DocumentFactory.java
public abstract class DocumentFactory {
  public abstract Document createDocument();
WordDocumentFactory.java
public class WordDocumentFactory extends DocumentFactory {
  public Document createDocument() {
    return new WordDocument();
```

```
PdfDocumentFactory.java
public class PdfDocumentFactory extends DocumentFactory {
  public Document createDocument() {
    return new PdfDocument();
}
ExcelDocumentFactory.java
public class ExcelDocumentFactory extends DocumentFactory {
  public Document createDocument() {
    return new ExcelDocument();
}
Main.java
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    DocumentFactory wordFactory = new WordDocumentFactory();
    Document wordDoc = wordFactory.createDocument();
    wordDoc.open();
    DocumentFactory pdfFactory = new PdfDocumentFactory();
    Document pdfDoc = pdfFactory.createDocument();
    pdfDoc.open();
    DocumentFactory excelFactory = new ExcelDocumentFactory();
    Document excelDoc = excelFactory.createDocument();
    excelDoc.open();
}
```

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     J Document.class
                                        1 public class Main {
     J DocumentFactory.class
                                                   public static void main(String[] args) {
     J ExcelDocument.class
                                                        DocumentFactory wordFactory = new WordDocumentFactory();
     J ExcelDocumentFactory.class
                                                        Document wordDoc = wordFactory.createDocument();
                                                        wordDoc.open();
      Main.java
PdfDocument.class
      PdfDocument.java
                                                        DocumentFactory pdfFactory = new PdfDocumentFactory();
      PdfDocumentFactory.java
                                                        Document pdfDoc = pdfFactory.createDocument();
       WordDocument.java
                                                        pdfDoc.open();
      WordDocumentFactory.class
WordDocumentFactory.java
                                                        DocumentFactory excelFactory = new ExcelDocumentFactory();
                                                        Document excelDoc = excelFactory.createDocument();
                                                        excelDoc.open();
                                       15 }
                                    PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS MYBATISX
                                            ida@Akshithas-MacBook-Pro factory % javac *.java
ida@Akshithas-MacBook-Pro factory % java Main
rd Document.
- Document.
                                           F Document.
cel Document.
dda@Akshithas-MacBook-Pro factory % |
```

The output is:

Opening Word Document. Opening PDF Document. Opening Excel Document.

Data structures and Algorithms

(The implementation is done in VS CODE)

Exercise 2: E-commerce Platform Search Function

```
Product.java
public class Product {
  int productId;
  String productName;
  String category;

public Product(int productId, String productName, String category) {
    this.productId = productId;
    this.productName = productName;
    this.category = category;
  }
}
```

Search.java

```
public class Search {

// Linear Search
public static Product linearSearch(Product[] products, String name) {
    for (Product p : products) {
        if (p.productName.equalsIgnoreCase(name)) {
            return p;
        }
    }
    return null;
}

// Binary Search (array must be sorted)
public static Product binarySearch(Product[] products, String name) {
    int left = 0, right = products.length - 1;

while (left <= right) {
    int mid = (left + right) / 2;
}</pre>
```

```
int compare = products[mid].productName.compareToIgnoreCase(name);

if (compare == 0) return products[mid];
  else if (compare < 0) left = mid + 1;
  else right = mid - 1;
}

return null;
}</pre>
```

Main.java

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Comparator;
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Product[] products = {
       new Product(1, "Laptop", "Electronics"), new Product(2, "Phone", "Electronics"),
       new Product(3, "Shirt", "Clothing"),
       new Product(4, "Book", "Stationery")
     Product linearResult = Search.linearSearch(products, "Phone");
     System.out.println("Linear Search: " + (linearResult != null?
linearResult.productName : "Not found"));
     Arrays.sort(products, Comparator.comparing(p
->p.productName.toLowerCase()));
     Product binaryResult = Search.binarySearch(products, "Phone");
     System.out.println("Binary Search: " + (binaryResult != null?
binaryResult.productName : "Not found"));
}
```

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c)
    UNTITLED FOLDER
                                     1 import java.util.Arrays;
      Main.java
                                         import java.util.Comparator;
                                         public class Main {
                                              public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                    Product[] products = {
                                                         new Product(productId:1, productName:"Laptop", category:"Electronics"),
                                                         new Product(productId:2, productName:"Phone", category:"Electronics"),
new Product(productId:3, productName:"Shirt", category:"Clothing"),
                                                         new Product(productId:4, productName:"Book", category:"Stationery")
                                                    // 🔍 Linear Search Test
                                                    Product linearResult = Search.linearSearch(products, name:"Phone");
                                                    System.out.println("Linear Search: " + (linearResult != null ? linearResult.p
                                                                                                                                                   ∑zsh + ∨ [] iii ··· ^
                                akshitharodda@Akshithas-MacBook-Pro untitled folder % javac *.java
                                akshitharodda@Akshithas-MacBook-Pro untitled folder % java Main
                                 Linear Search: Phone
Binary Search: Phone
akshitharodda@Akshithas-MacBook-Pro untitled folder % ■
                                                                                                                                            Update Now Later Release Notes
```

The output is:

Linear Search: Phone Binary Search: Phone

Exercise 7: Financial Forecasting

```
Forecasting.java
public class Forecasting {
  public static double forecastValue(int years, double currentValue, double
growthRate) {
     if (years == 0) {
       return currentValue;
     return forecast Value (years - 1, current Value, growth Rate) * (1 +
growthRate);
}
Main.java
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter current value: ");
     double currentValue = sc.nextDouble();
     System.out.print("Enter annual growth rate (e.g., 0.08 for 8%): ");
     double growthRate = sc.nextDouble();
     System.out.print("Enter number of years: ");
     int years = sc.nextInt();
     double futureValue = Forecasting.forecastValue(years, currentValue,
growthRate);
     System.out.printf("Future Value after %d years: ₹%.2f\n", years,
futureValue);
}
```

```
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J Forecasting.class
                                      1 import java.util.Scanner;
J Main.class
                                          public class Main {
                                                 Run | Debug
                                                 public static void main(Stainer) ( double java.util.Scanner.nextDouble()
                                      4
                                                                                     Scans the next token of the input as a double. This method will throw
                                                        System.out.print( InputMismatchException if the next token cannot be translated into a valid
                                                        double currentVal double value. If the translation is successful, the scanner advances past the input that
                                                        System.out.print(If the next token matches the Float regular expression defined above then the token is
                                                        double growthRate = sc.nextDouble();
                                                        System.out.print(s:"Enter number of years: ");
                                                        int years = sc.nextInt();
                                                                                                                                                                  ⊗ Debug: Main + ∨ □ 箇 …
                                                          Pro untitled folder 2 % /usr/bin/env /Library/Java/JavaVirtuaUMachines/temurin-21.jdk/Contents/Home/bin/java -agentlib:jdwp=transport=dt_socket_server=n,suspend=y,iodeDetailsInExceptionMessages -cp /Users/akshitharodda/Library/Application\ Support/Code/User/workspaceStorage/993fc1283790b7e7c3d414315cf0fd19/redhat.java/jdt_ws/uu
```

The output is:

Enter current value: 1000

Enter annual growth rate (e.g., 0.08 for 8%): 0.08

Enter number of years: 5

Future Value after 5 years: ₹1469.33