Day2_Java_Assignment1

1. Primitive Data Types

Task: Create a program that accepts age, height, and weight of a person and prints them with appropriate data types.

```
Sample Input:
 Age: 25
 Height: 5.9
 Weight: 68.5
 Sample Output:
Age: 25
Height: 5.9
Weight: 68.5
 Program:
package day_2_java_assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class prim_d_type {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
          Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
          System.out.print("Age:");
          int age=sc.nextInt();
          System.out.print("Height:");
          double height=sc.nextDouble();
          System.out.print("Weight:");
          double weight=sc.nextDouble();
          sc.close();
   }
}
```

2. Variables Task:

Declare and initialize different types of variables to store a student's information: ID, name, marks, and grade. Print them.

```
Sample Input:
 ID: 101
Name: Arun
Marks: 89.5
Grade: A
Sample Output:
Student ID: 101
Name: Arun
Marks: 89.5
Grade: A
Program:
package day_2_java_assignment;
public class variable_stu {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
            int id=101;
            String name="sahithi";
            double marks=89.5;
            char grade='A';
            System.out.println("Student id: "+id);
           System.out.println("name: "+name);
System.out.println("marks: "+marks);
System.out.println("grade: "+grade);
    }
}
```

3. Operators Task:

}

Accept two numbers and perform arithmetic, relational, and logical operations on them.

```
Sample Input:
Number1: 10
Number2: 20
Sample Output:
Addition: 30
Greater number: 20
Are both positive? True
Program:
  package day_2_java_assignment;
  public class operators_arl {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
             int a=10;
             int b=20;
             //arithmetic operators
             System.out.println("a+b = "+(a+b));
             System.out.println("a-b = "+(a-b));
             System.out.println("a*b = "+(a*b));
             System.out.println(a/b = +(a/b));
            System.out.println("a/b = +(a/b));

System.out.println("b%a = "+(b%a));

System.out.println("a++ = "+(a++));

System.out.println("a-- = "+(a--));

System.out.println("a = "+a);
             System.out.println("--b = "+(--b));
            System.out.println("++b = "+(++b));
             //Relational operators
             System.out.println("a == b = "+(a == b));
             System.out.println("a != b = "+(a != b));
             System.out.println("a > b = "+(a > b));
             System.out.println("a < b = "+(a < b));
             System.out.println("b >= a = "+(b >= a));
             System.out.println("b <= a = "+(b <= a));
             //logical operators
             boolean a1 =true;
             boolean b1 =false;
             System.out.println("a1 && b1 = "+(a1&&b1));
             System.out.println("a1 \mid \mid b1 = "+(a1\mid \midb1);
             System.out.println("!(a1 && b1) = "+!(a1 && b1));
     }
```

4. String Concatenation Task:

Create a greeting message using first name and last name entered by the user.

Sample Input: First Name: Ravi Last Name: Kumar

Sample Output: Hello, Ravi Kumar! Welcome to the system

Program:

5. StringBuilder Task:

Accept a sentence and reverse it using StringBuilder.

Sample Input:

Input: Hello Java Learners

Sample Output:

}

Original: Hello Java Learners Reversed: srenraeL avaJ olleH

```
package day_2_java_assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class strbuild_rev {

   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("original string: ");
        String os=sc.nextLine();
        StringBuilder sb=new StringBuilder(os);
        sb.reverse();
        System.out.println("Reversed string: "+sb.toString());
        sc.close();
}
```

6. String API Task:

Count how many times a specific character appears in a string.

Sample Input: String: banana Character: a

Sample Output: Character 'a' appears 3 times.

Program:

```
package day_2_java_assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class count {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
         Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
         String str=sc.next();
         char ch=sc.next().charAt(0);
         int count=0;
         for(int i=0;i<str.length();i++)</pre>
                if(str.charAt(i)==ch)
                {
                      count++;
                }
         System.out.println("character '"+ch+"' appears "+count+ " times.");
         sc.close();
  }
}
```

7. Date, Time, and Numeric Objects Task: Display the current date and format it as DD-MM-YYYY. Also, show a formatted currency value Sample Input: Date: [current system date] Amount: 12345.678 Sample Output: Current Date: 20-07-2025 Formatted Amount: ₹12,345.68 Program: package day_2_java_assignment; import java.text.DecimalFormat; import java.text.NumberFormat;
import java.time.LocalDate; import java.time.format.DateTimeFormatter; import java.util.Locale; public class date_time_numobj { public static void main(String[] args) { LocalDate date=LocalDate.now(); DateTimeFormatter = DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("dd-MMyyyy"); String formattedDate = date.format(formatter); System.out.println("Current Date: " + formattedDate); double amount = 12345.678; DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("#,##0.00"); String formattedAmount = df.format(amount); System.out.println("Formatted Amount: " + formattedAmount);

}

}

8. Flow Control Task:

}

Based on a number entered, print whether it's positive, negative, or zero.

```
Sample Input:
Number: -5
Sample Output:
The number is negative.
Program:
package day_2_java_assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class flow_control {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
         Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
         int num=sc.nextInt();
         if(num>0)
                System.out.println("The number is positive");
         else if(num<0)</pre>
                System.out.println("The number is negative");
                System.out.println("The number is zero");
         sc.close();
  }
```

9. Conditions Task:

}

Accept marks and display the grade using if-else.

```
Sample Input:
Marks: 76
Sample Output:
Grade: B
Program:
package day_2_java_assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class conditions_grade {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
         Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("enter marks: ");
         int marks=sc.nextInt();
         if(marks>=91)
         {
                System.out.println("A+");
         else if(marks>=81)
         {
                System.out.println("A");
         }
         else if(marks>=71)
                System.out.println("B");
         else if(marks>=61)
         {
                System.out.println("C");
         else if(marks>=51)
         {
                System.out.println("D");
         }
         else if(marks>=35)
                System.out.println("E");
         }
         else
         {
                System.out.println("F");
         sc.close();
  }
```

```
Build a simple calculator using switch to perform operations (+, -, *, /).
Sample Input:
Number1: 10
Number2: 5
Operation: *
Sample Output:
Result: 50
Program:
package day_2_java_assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class switch_operations {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
         Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
         int n1=10;
         int n2=5;
         System.out.println("Enter operator ('+','-','*','/'):");
         char operation=sc.next().charAt(0);
         switch(operation)
         {
         case '+':
                int add=n1+n2;
                System.out.println(add);
                break;
         case '-':
                int sub=n1-n2;
                System.out.println(sub);
                break;
         case '*':
                int mul=n1*n2;
                System.out.println(mul);
                break;
         case '/':
                int div=n1/n2;
                System.out.println(div);
                break;
         }
         sc.close();
  }
```

10. Switch Task:

}

11. Loops and Branching Task:

Print the first N even numbers using a loop.

```
Sample Input:
N = 5
Sample Output:
02468
Program:
package day_2_java_assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class loops {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
         Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("enter a number: ");
         int num=sc.nextInt();
         int count=0;
         for(int i=0;i<=10;i=i+2)</pre>
                System.out.print(i+" ");
                count++;
                if(count==num)
                {
                       break;
                }
         sc.close();
  }
}
```

12. Arrays Task:

Accept 5 numbers, store them in an array, and display their average.

```
Sample Input:
 Numbers: 10, 20, 30, 40, 50
Sample Output:
Average: 30.0
Program:
package day_2_java_assignment;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class arrayss {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
          Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
          int a[]=new int[5];
          int sum=0;
          double avg=0;
          for(int i=0;i<5;i++)</pre>
          {
                  a[i]=sc.nextInt();
          for(int i=0;i<5;i++)</pre>
          {
                 sum=sum+a[i];
          avg=sum/5;
          System.out.println("Average: "+avg);
          sc.close();
   }
}
```

13. Enum Task:

Create an enum for days of the week. Print a message depending on the day.

```
Sample Input:
Day: MONDAY
Sample Output:
Start of the work week!
Program:
package day_2_java_assignment;
public class enums {
          enum Day {
           MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, SUNDAY
       }
       public static void main(String[] args) {
           // Sample input
           Day today = Day.MONDAY;
           // Message depending on the day
           switch (today) {
               case MONDAY:
                   System.out.println("Start of the work week!");
               case TUESDAY:
                   System.out.println("Keep going!");
                   break;
               case WEDNESDAY:
                   System.out.println("Halfway through the week!");
               case THURSDAY:
                   System.out.println("Almost there!");
                   break;
               case FRIDAY:
                   System.out.println("Last work day!");
                   break;
               case SATURDAY:
                System.out.println("Enjoy the weekend!");
                   break;
               case SUNDAY:
                   System.out.println("Enjoy the weekend!");
                   break;
               default:
                   System.out.println("Invalid day");
           }
   }
}
```

14. OOPs Concepts Task:

Create a Student class with fields for name and marks. Create an object and display its data.

```
Sample Input:
Name: Riya
Marks: 87
Sample Output:
Student Name: Riya
Marks: 87
Program:
package day_2_java_assignment;
public class stu {
  public void display()
  String name="riya";
  int marks=87;
  System.out.println(name);
  System.out.println(marks);
}
package day_2_java_assignment;
public class obj_stu {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
         stu s1=new stu();
         s1.display();
  }
}
```

15. Inheritance Task:

Create a class Employee and a subclass Manager that extends Employee and adds department information.

```
Sample Input:
Name: Raj
Salary: 50000
Department: Sales
Sample Output:
Name: Raj
Salary: 50000
Department: Sales
Program:
package day_2_java_assignment;
public class employee {
  public void display()
         String name="raj";
         int salary=50000;
         System.out.println("name: "+name);
         System.out.println("salary: "+salary);
  }
}
package day_2_java_assignment;
public class manager extends employee{
  public void display()
         String department="sales";
         System.out.println("sales: "+department);
  }
}
package day_2_java_assignment;
public class emp_main extends manager{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
         employee e=new employee();
         e.display();
         manager m=new manager();
         m.display();
  }
}
```