

# Yummy Pizza

Where Every Slice is a Taste of Perfection

presented by  
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## Unveiling Insights from Pizza sales



# About Pizza

## OBJECTIVE:

This Project aims to leverage the power of SQL Queries to unlock valuable insights from the Pizza Sales dataset. By crafting intricate joins and utilizing advanced analytical techniques, we will provide the necessary information to make informed strategic decisions across various aspects of the business.

# Key Questions :

- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
- Identify the highest-priced pizza with name.
- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.
  
- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- Join relevant tables to find the category wise distribution of pizzas.
  
- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.



# Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_ord  
FROM  
    orders;
```

total_ord
250

# Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

SELECT

```
ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
2) AS total_sales
```

FROM

```
order_details
```

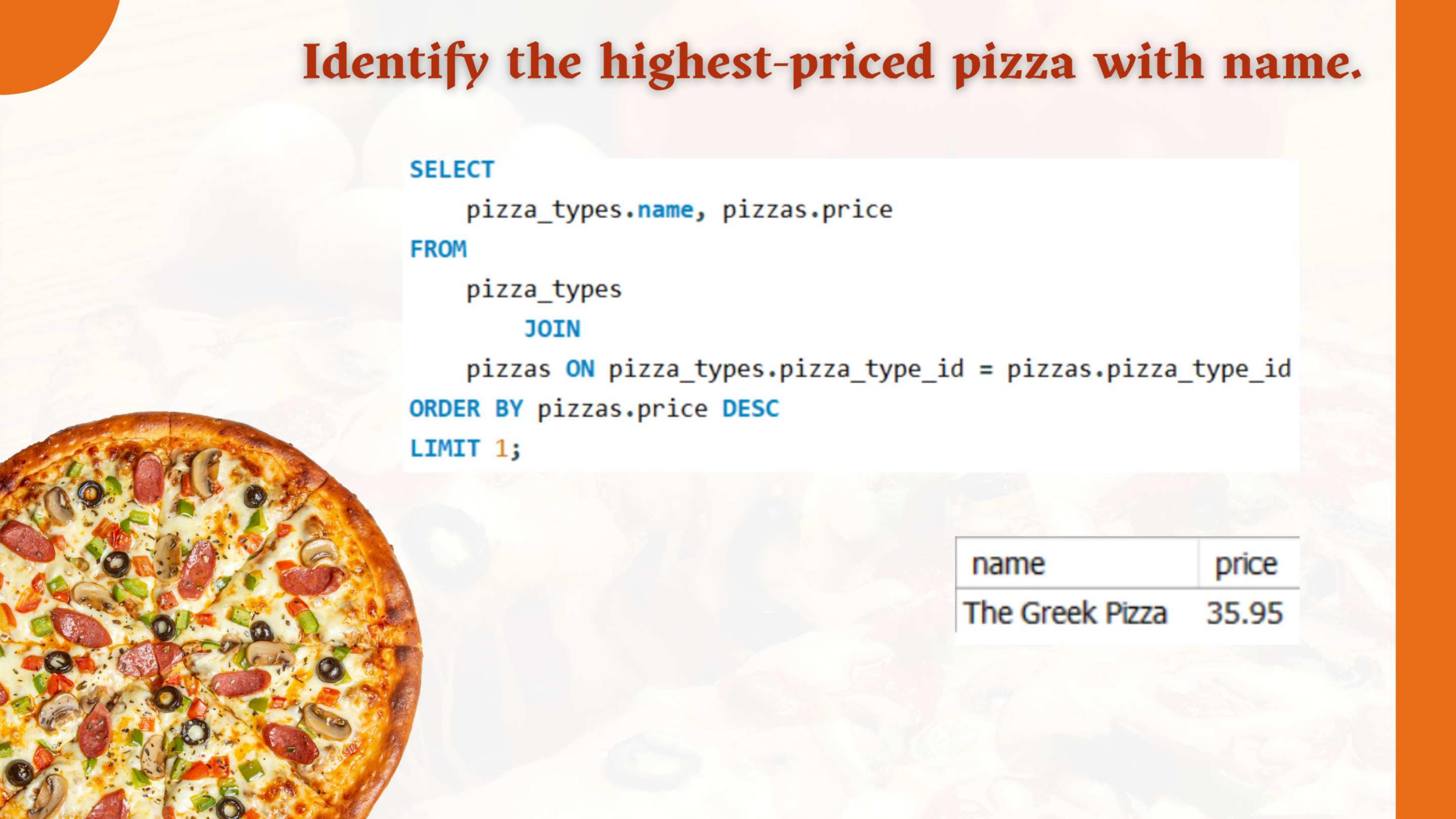
JOIN

```
pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id;
```

total\_sales

9744.55





# Identify the highest-priced pizza with name.

```
SELECT  
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
        JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC  
LIMIT 1;
```

name	price
The Greek Pizza	35.95

# Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
select pizzas.size,  
       count(pizza_types.pizza_type_id) as order_count  
  from pizzas join pizza_types  
  on pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id  
 group by pizzas.size order by order_count desc;
```



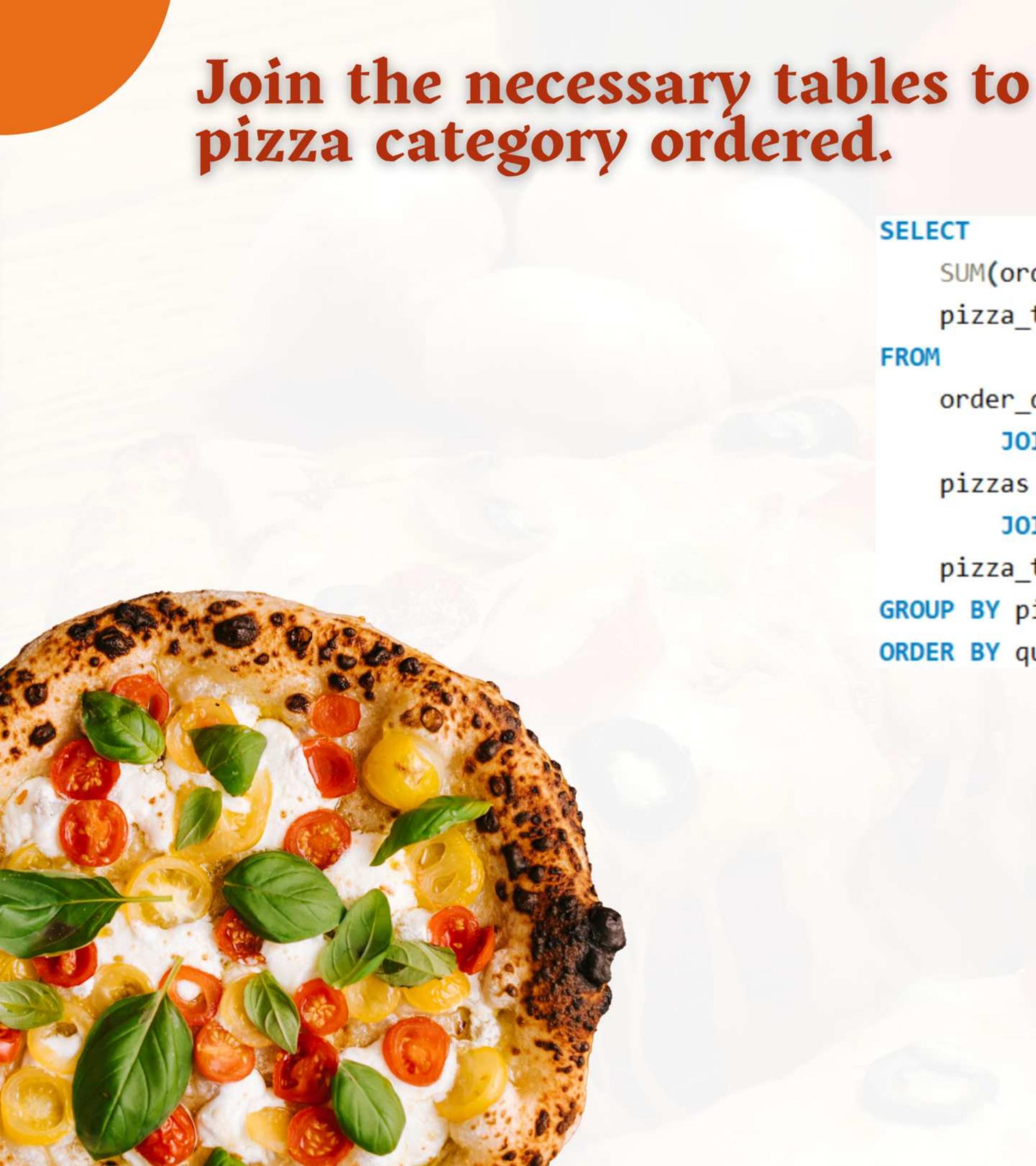
size	order_count
S	32
M	31
L	31
XL	1
XXL	1

# List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT  
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
    JOIN  
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.name  
ORDER BY quantity DESC  
LIMIT 5;
```



name	quantity
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	37
The Italian Supreme Pizza	32
The Thai Chicken Pizza	32
The Pepperoni Pizza	30
The Hawaiian Pizza	26



Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT  
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity,  
    pizza_types.category  
FROM  
    order_details  
        JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id  
        JOIN  
    pizza_types ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.category  
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

quantity	category
176	Classic
141	Supreme
137	Chicken
131	Veggie

# Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
select hour(time) as hour, count(order_id)as order_count  
from orders group by hour(time);
```



hour	order_count
11	13
12	23
13	22
14	19
15	23
16	19
17	28
18	32
19	21
20	25
21	14
22	11

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
select category, count(name)as count  
from pizza_types group by category;
```



category	count
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9

**Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.**

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS avg_no_pizzas  
FROM  
    (SELECT  
        orders.date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity  
    FROM  
        orders  
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
    GROUP BY orders.date) AS order_quantity;
```



avg_no_pizzas
146

# Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

SELECT

    pizza\_types.name,  
    SUM(order\_details.quantity \* pizzas.price) AS revenue

FROM

    pizza\_types

    JOIN

    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza\_type\_id = pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id

    JOIN

    order\_details ON order\_details.pizza\_id = pizzas.pizza\_id

GROUP BY pizza\_types.name

ORDER BY revenue DESC

LIMIT 3;



name	revenue
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	667.75
The Thai Chicken Pizza	588
The Italian Supreme Pizza	571.5

# Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select date,sum(revenue) over(order by date)as cum_rev from (select orders.date,  
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)as revenue  
from order_details join pizzas  
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
join orders on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
group by orders.date)as sales;
```



date	cum_rev
01-01-2015	2713.8500
02-01-2015	5445.75
03-01-2015	8108.15
04-01-2015	9744.55

# Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
select name,revenue from  
(select category,name,revenue, rank()over(partition by category order by revenue desc)as rnk from  
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,  
sum((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue  
from pizza_types join pizzas on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
join order_details on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
group by pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name)as a)as b where rnk<=3;
```



name	revenue
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	667.75
The Thai Chicken Pizza	588
The California Chicken Pizza	475.5
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	407.5
The Greek Pizza	389
The Pepperoni Pizza	377.75
The Italian Supreme Pizza	571.5
The Spicy Italian Pizza	493.5
The Sicilian Pizza	329
The Five Cheese Pizza	370
The Mexicana Pizza	342.75
The Four Cheese Pizza	333.39...

Pizza Sales Presentation

**THANK YOU  
FOR ATTENTION**