Automata Theory and Computability

Assignment 4 (Context-Free Grammars and PDAs)

(Total marks 70. Due on Thu 21st Mar 2024)

1. Construct a context-free grammar for the language (5)

 $\{xy \in \{0,1\}^* \mid |x| = |y| \text{ and } y \text{ contains a } 1\}.$

2. Convert the following context-free grammar to Chomsky Normal Form (CNF): (10)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S & \longrightarrow & AAA \mid B \\ A & \longrightarrow & aA \mid B \\ B & \longrightarrow & \epsilon \end{array}$$

- 3. Consider the language $L = \{a^n b^{n^2} \mid n \ge 0\}$. Use the Pumping Lemma for CFLs to show that L is not a CFL. (10)
- 4. Consider the CFG G below:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} S & \rightarrow & XC \mid AY \\ X & \rightarrow & aXb \mid ab \\ Y & \rightarrow & bYc \mid bc \\ A & \rightarrow & aA \mid a \\ C & \rightarrow & cC \mid c \end{array}$$

- (a) Describe the language accepted by G. (5)
- (b) Use the construction in Parikh's theorem to construct a semi-linear expression for $\psi(L(G))$. That is
 - i. Identify the basic pumps for G. (5)
 - ii. Identify the \leq -minimal parse trees. (5)
 - iii. Use these to obtain an expression for $\psi(L(G))$. (5)
- (c) Use the semi-linear expression obtained above to give a regular expression that is letter-equivalent to L(G). (5)
- 5. Give the transition diagram of a PDA for the language $L = \{a^lb^mc^n \mid l = m+n\}.$ (10)
- 6. Is the class of context-free languages closed under the prefix operation? Justify your answer. (10)