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RDD Exercise
[54] # Initialize SparkSession
    spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("SalesDataAnalysis").getOrCreate()
[55] sales_data = [
        ("ProductA", 100),
        ("ProductB", 150),
        ("ProductA", 200),
        ("ProductC", 300),
        ("ProductB", 250),
        ("ProductC", 100)
    # step 1 -> spark context
    sc = spark.sparkContext
    # task 1 -> creating RDD of sales_data and Printing the first few elements of the RDD
    sales_rdd = sc.parallelize(sales_data)
    print(sales_rdd.take(3))
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🥉 [79] # step 3 -> Grouping and Aggregating Data
        grouped_sales_rdd = sales_rdd.groupByKey()
        print("Grouped data:")
        for k,v in grouped sales rdd.collect():
          print(k,list(v))
        # taks 3 -> Calculate total sales by product
        total sales by product = sales rdd.reduceByKey(lambda x, y: x + y)
        print("Total sales by product:")
        print(total_sales_by_product.collect())
        sorted products = total sales by product.sortBy(lambda x: x[1], ascending=False)
        print("Sorted products by total sales:")
        print(sorted products.collect())
   → Grouped data:
        ProductA [100, 200]
       ProductB [150, 250]
ProductC [300, 100]
        Total sales by product:
        [('ProductA', 300), ('ProductB', 400), ('ProductC', 400)]
        Sorted products by total sales:
        [('ProductB', 400), ('ProductC', 400), ('ProductA', 300)]
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[58] #step 4 -> Additional transformations
      # taks 5 -> Filter products with high sales
      high sales products = total sales by product.filter(lambda x: x[1] > 300)
      print("Products with high sales:")
      print(high sales products.collect())
      # task 6 -> Combine Regional Sales Data
      # regional sales data RDD
      regional sales data = [
          ("ProductA", 50),
          ("ProductC", 150)
      regional sales rdd = sc.parallelize(regional sales data)
      # Combining the two RDDs
      combined sales rdd = sales rdd.union(regional sales rdd)
      # Calculating new total sales
      new total sales by product = combined sales rdd.reduceByKey(lambda x, y: x + y)
      print("Combined sales data:")
      print(new total sales by product.collect())
 → Products with high sales:
      [('ProductB', 400), ('ProductC', 400)]
      Combined sales data:
      [('ProductA', 350), ('ProductC', 550), ('ProductB', 400)]
[69] # step 5 -> Perform Actions on the RDD
       # task 7 -> Count the number of distinct products
       distinct_products_count = sales_rdd.map(lambda x: x[0]).distinct().count()
       print("Count of distinct products:", distinct products count)
       # task 8 -> Identify the product with maximum sales
       max_sales = total_sales_by_product.max()[1]
       max sales products = total sales by product.filter(lambda x: x[1] == max sales)
       print("Products with maximum sales:", max_sales_products.map(lambda x: x[0]).collect())
   Try Count of distinct products: 3
       Products with maximum sales: ['ProductB', 'ProductC']
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[84] # challenge -> Calculate the Average Sales per Product for k,v in grouped_sales_rdd.collect():
    print(k,sum(list(v))/len(list(v)))

ProductA 150.0
ProductB 200.0
ProductC 200.0
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