

# Ineuron Python Screening Assignment

**1) Create a function in python to read the text file and replace specific content of the file.**

```
In [11]: def replace(file_name,replace_str,replace_with):
    with open(file_name,'r') as f:
        data=f.read()
    with open(file_name,'w') as f:
        f.write(data.replace(replace_str,replace_with))

def read(file_name):
    with open(file_name,'r') as f:
        data=f.read()
    return(data)
file_name = 'example.txt'
print("Original text : ",read(file_name))

replace_str = 'placement'
replace_with = 'screening'
replace(file_name,replace_str,replace_with)
print("Replaced text : ",read(file_name))
```

Original text : This is a placement assignment  
Replaced text : This is a screening assignment

In [ ]:

## Demonstrate use of abstract class, multiple inheritance and decorator in python using examples.

Multiple inheritance in python

multiple inheritance is a concept in which one class inheriting multiple classes.

```
In [7]: class Father:  
    def genes_father(self):  
        print('Father genes')  
  
class Mother:  
    def genes_mother(self):  
        print('Mother genes')  
  
class Son(Father,Mother):  
    def Son_g(self):  
        print("son")  
  
s=Son()  
s.Son_g()  
s.genes_mother()  
s.genes_father()
```

```
son  
Mother genes  
Father genes
```

In [ ]:

## Abstract class in Python

We can use an abstract class to define a set of methods that can be used by any child class. Abstract class have declaration but dosent have implementation. The abstract class can be used as a template for other classes.

```
In [17]: from abc import ABC,abstractmethod

class Programmer(ABC):
    @abstractmethod
    def Programming(self):
        pass

class Cpp(Programmer):
    def Programming(self):
        print("I code in c++")

class Python(Programmer):
    def Programming(self):
        print("I code in Python")

class Java(Programmer):
    def Programming(self):
        print("I code in Java")

cpp = Cpp()
cpp.Programming()

python = Python()
python.Programming()

java = Java()
java.Programming()
```

```
I code in c++
I code in Python
I code in Java
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```

In [ ]:

## Decorator in Python

Decorator is used to add additional functionality to any object without modifying its structure.

```
In [22]: def decorator(fun):
    def additional_func():
        print("This is additional function")
        fun()
    return additional_func

@decorator
def Actual_function():
    print("This is actual function")

Actual_function()
```

```
This is additional function
This is actual function
```

In the above example the decorator function contains additional function which we have to add to the actual function without disturbing the structure of Actual\_function.

In [ ]: